

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representation of
The original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,
please do not report the images to the
Image Problem Mailbox.**

PCTWORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 7 : C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, C12Q 1/68, A61K 39/395, G01N 33/68, 33/574, C07K 16/30, C12N 15/62, 5/02 // A61P 35/00		A2	(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/04149 (43) International Publication Date: 27 January 2000 (27.01.00)																					
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838 (22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99) (30) Priority Data: <table border="0"><tr><td>09/115,453</td><td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/116,134</td><td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/159,822</td><td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/159,812</td><td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/232,880</td><td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/232,149</td><td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/288,946</td><td>9 April 1999 (09.04.99)</td><td>US</td></tr></table> (71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). (72) Inventors: DILLON, Davin, Clifford; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). HARLOCKER, Susan, Louise; 6203 20th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98107 (US). YUQIU, Jiang; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). XU, Jiangchun; 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). MITCHAM, Jennifer, Lynn; 16677 Northeast 88th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (US).		09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US	(74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>	
09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US																						
09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US																						
09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US																						
09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US																						
09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US																						
09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US																						
09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US																						
(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER																								
(57) Abstract Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.																								

BG

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present

invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8
SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30
SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39
SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for P42
SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for P47
SEQ ID NO: 54 is the determined cDNA sequence for P49
SEQ ID NO: 55 is the determined cDNA sequence for P50
SEQ ID NO: 56 is the determined cDNA sequence for P53
SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for P55
SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for P60
SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for P64
SEQ ID NO: 60 is the determined cDNA sequence for P65
SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for P73
SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for P75
SEQ ID NO: 63 is the determined cDNA sequence for P76
SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for P79
SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84
SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for P68
SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for P80
SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for P82
SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3064
SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3065
SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3692
SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1A-3905
SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686
SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330
SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

SEQ ID NO: 77 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4736
SEQ ID NO: 78 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4738
SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4741
SEQ ID NO: 80 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4744
SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4734
SEQ ID NO: 82 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4774
SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4781
SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876
SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4884
SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4896
SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
SEQ ID NO: 97 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 98 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4772
SEQ ID NO: 99 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4297
SEQ ID NO: 100 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4309
SEQ ID NO: 101 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278
SEQ ID NO: 102 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4288
SEQ ID NO: 103 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4283
SEQ ID NO: 104 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
SEQ ID NO: 105 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4296
SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S)
SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17

SEQ ID NO: 113 is the predicted amino acid sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 114 is the predicted amino acid sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 115 is the determined cDNA sequence for P89
SEQ ID NO: 116 is the determined cDNA sequence for P90
SEQ ID NO: 117 is the determined cDNA sequence for P92
SEQ ID NO: 118 is the determined cDNA sequence for P95
SEQ ID NO: 119 is the determined cDNA sequence for P98
SEQ ID NO: 120 is the determined cDNA sequence for P102
SEQ ID NO: 121 is the determined cDNA sequence for P110
SEQ ID NO: 122 is the determined cDNA sequence for P111
SEQ ID NO: 123 is the determined cDNA sequence for P114
SEQ ID NO: 124 is the determined cDNA sequence for P115
SEQ ID NO: 125 is the determined cDNA sequence for P116
SEQ ID NO: 126 is the determined cDNA sequence for P124
SEQ ID NO: 127 is the determined cDNA sequence for P126
SEQ ID NO: 128 is the determined cDNA sequence for P130
SEQ ID NO: 129 is the determined cDNA sequence for P133
SEQ ID NO: 130 is the determined cDNA sequence for P138
SEQ ID NO: 131 is the determined cDNA sequence for P143
SEQ ID NO: 132 is the determined cDNA sequence for P151
SEQ ID NO: 133 is the determined cDNA sequence for P156
SEQ ID NO: 134 is the determined cDNA sequence for P157
SEQ ID NO: 135 is the determined cDNA sequence for P166
SEQ ID NO: 136 is the determined cDNA sequence for P176
SEQ ID NO: 137 is the determined cDNA sequence for P178
SEQ ID NO: 138 is the determined cDNA sequence for P179
SEQ ID NO: 139 is the determined cDNA sequence for P185
SEQ ID NO: 140 is the determined cDNA sequence for P192
SEQ ID NO: 141 is the determined cDNA sequence for P201
SEQ ID NO: 142 is the determined cDNA sequence for P204
SEQ ID NO: 143 is the determined cDNA sequence for P208
SEQ ID NO: 144 is the determined cDNA sequence for P211
SEQ ID NO: 145 is the determined cDNA sequence for P213
SEQ ID NO: 146 is the determined cDNA sequence for P219
SEQ ID NO: 147 is the determined cDNA sequence for P237
SEQ ID NO: 148 is the determined cDNA sequence for P239
SEQ ID NO: 149 is the determined cDNA sequence for P248

SEQ ID NO: 150 is the determined cDNA sequence for P251
SEQ ID NO: 151 is the determined cDNA sequence for P255
SEQ ID NO: 152 is the determined cDNA sequence for P256
SEQ ID NO: 153 is the determined cDNA sequence for P259
SEQ ID NO: 154 is the determined cDNA sequence for P260
SEQ ID NO: 155 is the determined cDNA sequence for P263
SEQ ID NO: 156 is the determined cDNA sequence for P264
SEQ ID NO: 157 is the determined cDNA sequence for P266
SEQ ID NO: 158 is the determined cDNA sequence for P270
SEQ ID NO: 159 is the determined cDNA sequence for P272
SEQ ID NO: 160 is the determined cDNA sequence for P278
SEQ ID NO: 161 is the determined cDNA sequence for P105
SEQ ID NO: 162 is the determined cDNA sequence for P107
SEQ ID NO: 163 is the determined cDNA sequence for P137
SEQ ID NO: 164 is the determined cDNA sequence for P194
SEQ ID NO: 165 is the determined cDNA sequence for P195
SEQ ID NO: 166 is the determined cDNA sequence for P196
SEQ ID NO: 167 is the determined cDNA sequence for P220
SEQ ID NO: 168 is the determined cDNA sequence for P234
SEQ ID NO: 169 is the determined cDNA sequence for P235
SEQ ID NO: 170 is the determined cDNA sequence for P243
SEQ ID NO: 171 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE1
SEQ ID NO: 172 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE1
SEQ ID NO: 173 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE2
SEQ ID NO: 174 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE6
SEQ ID NO: 175 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE13
SEQ ID NO: 176 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE13
SEQ ID NO: 177 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE14
SEQ ID NO: 178 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE14
SEQ ID NO: 179 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4736
SEQ ID NO: 180 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4738
SEQ ID NO: 181 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4741
SEQ ID NO: 182 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4744
SEQ ID NO: 183 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4774
SEQ ID NO: 184 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4781
SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4787

SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
SEQ ID NO: 189 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
SEQ ID NO: 191 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1J-4876
SEQ ID NO: 192 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4884
SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4896
SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
SEQ ID NO: 198 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 199 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4772
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4309
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4288
SEQ ID NO: 203 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4283
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4296
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-d8fwd
SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-H10con
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11-C8rev
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6rev
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd
SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5rev
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.

SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) *Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenesis* pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the "percentage of sequence identity" is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (e.g., promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl- methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (e.g., avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (i.e., an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.

Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are

E. coli, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see, for example, Stoute et al. New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (see *Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats*). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest*). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, Shigella toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (e.g., covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (e.g., via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (e.g., a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience

(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998,

and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 μ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding

agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see, for example, Mullis et al., Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol., 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., PCR Technology, Stockton Press, NY, 1989*).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 µg) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 µl of

H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 μ l (100 μ g) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 μ l) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 μ l H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 μ g prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 μ l H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 μ l H₂O, mixed with 8 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human

autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted

amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney). The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.

Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.

Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100 μ g of P2S#12 and 120 μ g of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 μ g/ml dextran sulfate and 25 μ g/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 µg/ml were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5µg of P1S #10 and 120µg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2μ g/ml P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (*see* Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10^4 fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8⁺ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and

priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μ g of p5 peptide together with 140 μ g of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis

with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (^{51}Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see* above and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P

403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;
- (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and
- (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or
 - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
 - (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
 - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

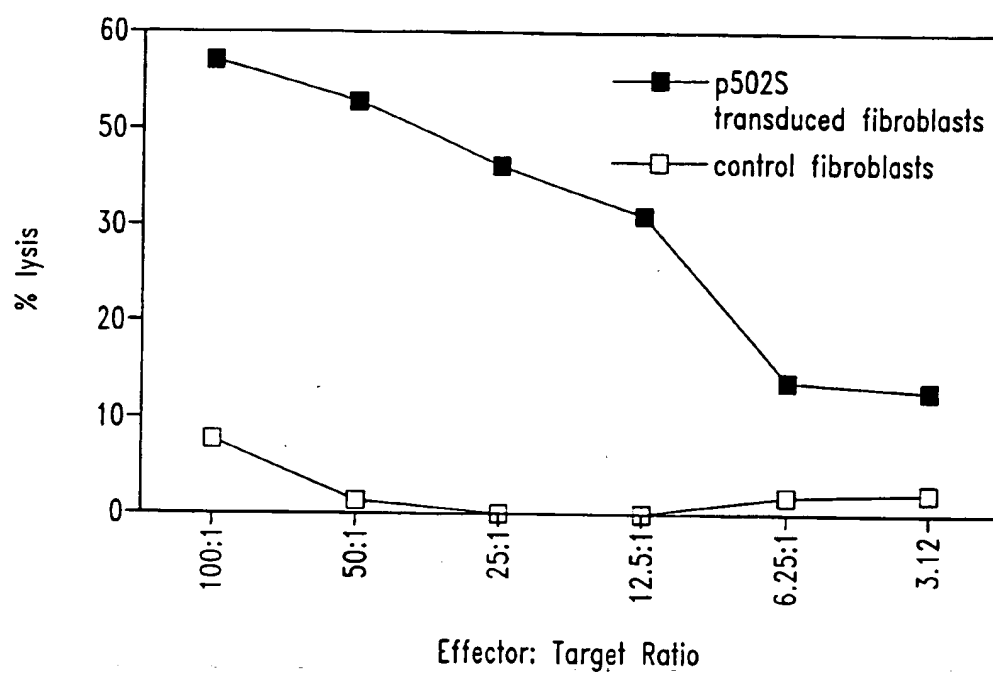
77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

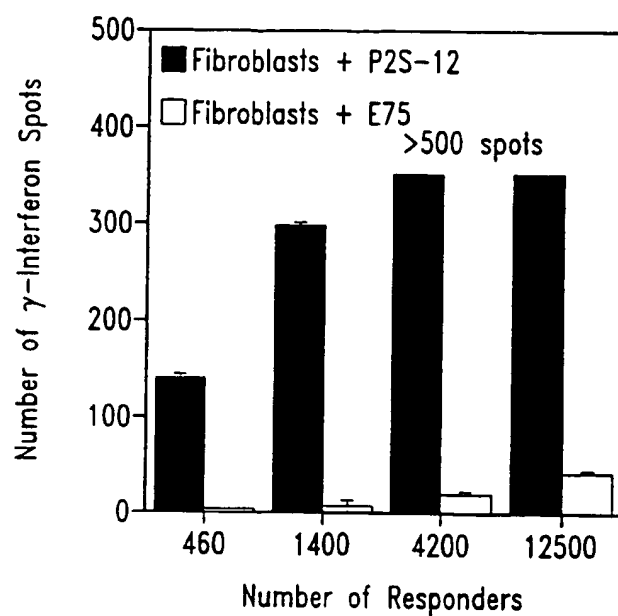
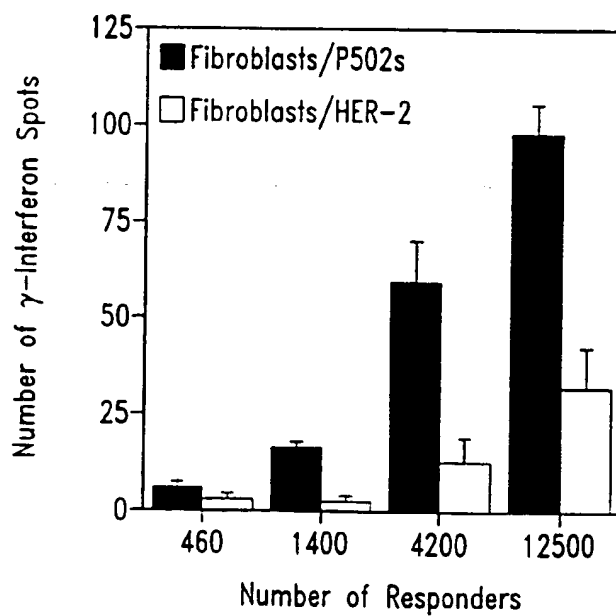
79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

1/5

*Fig. 1*

2/5

*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

3/5

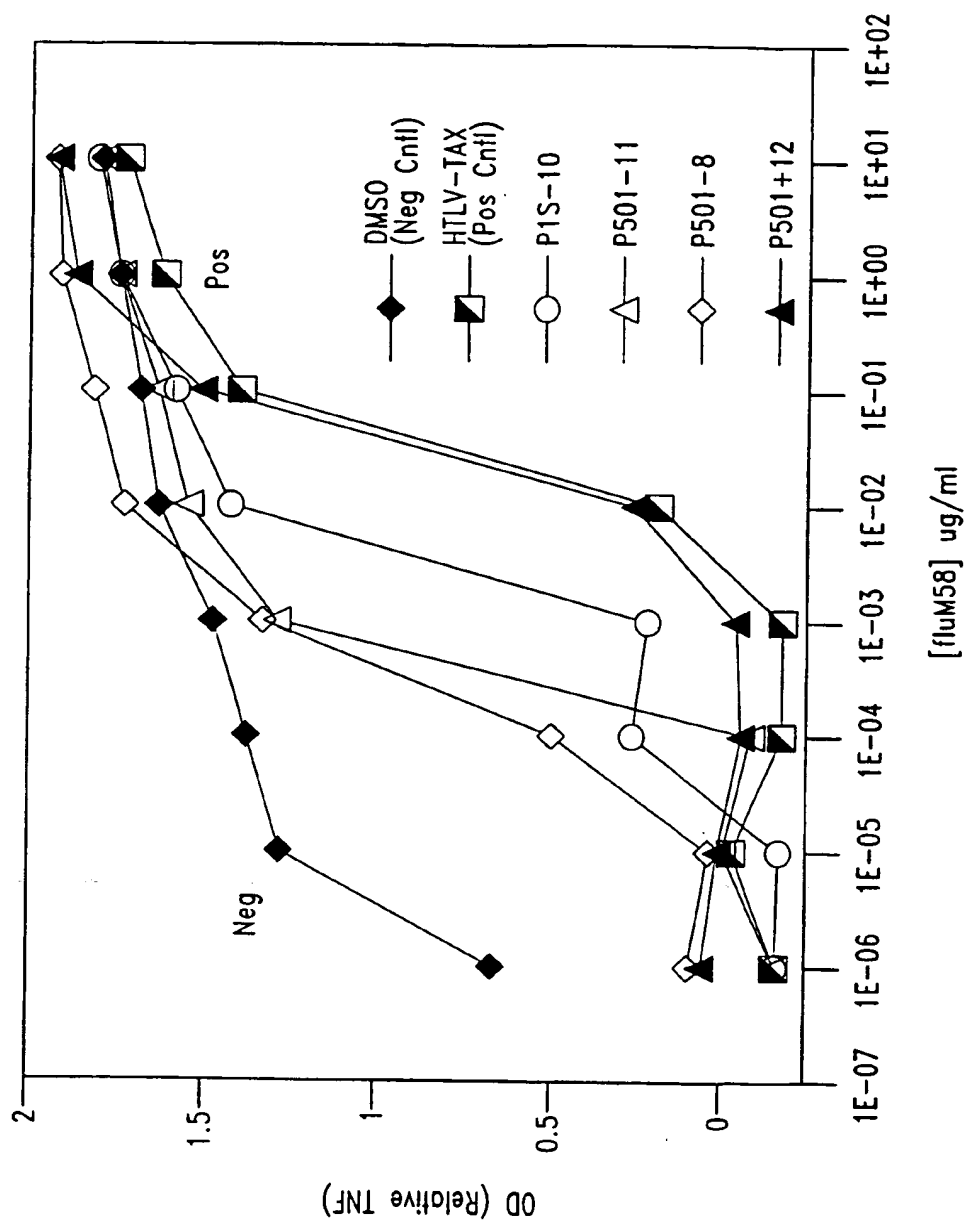
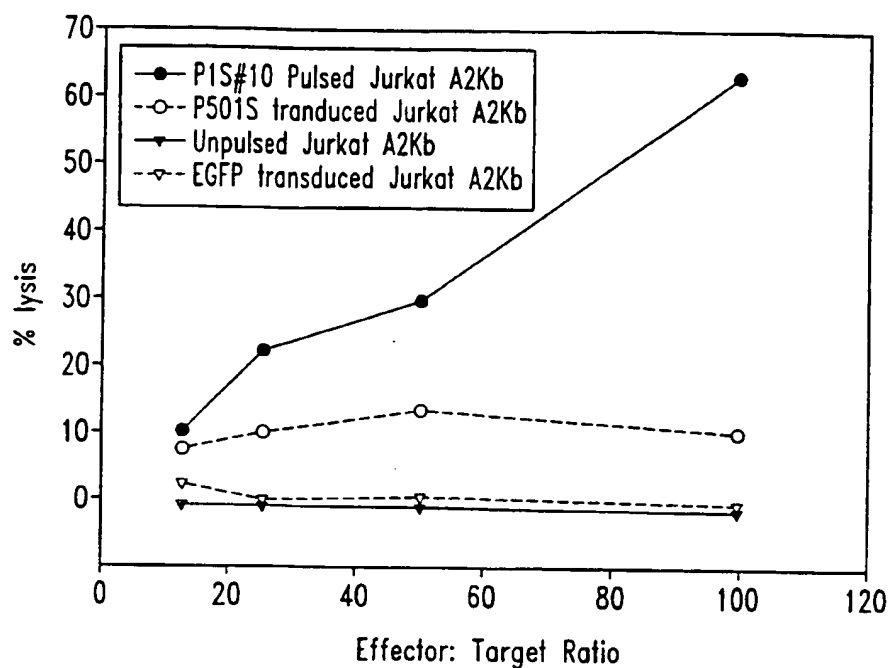
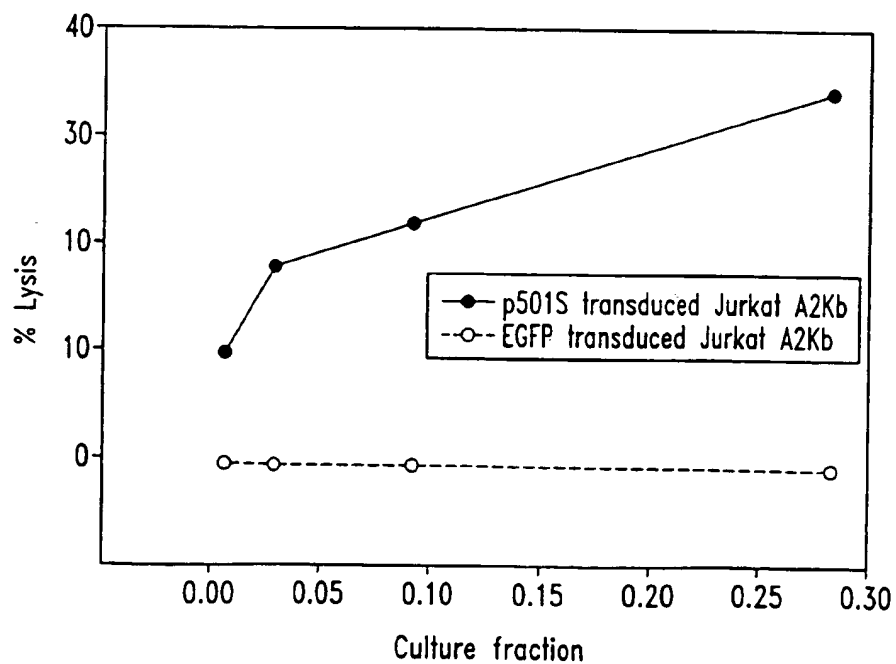
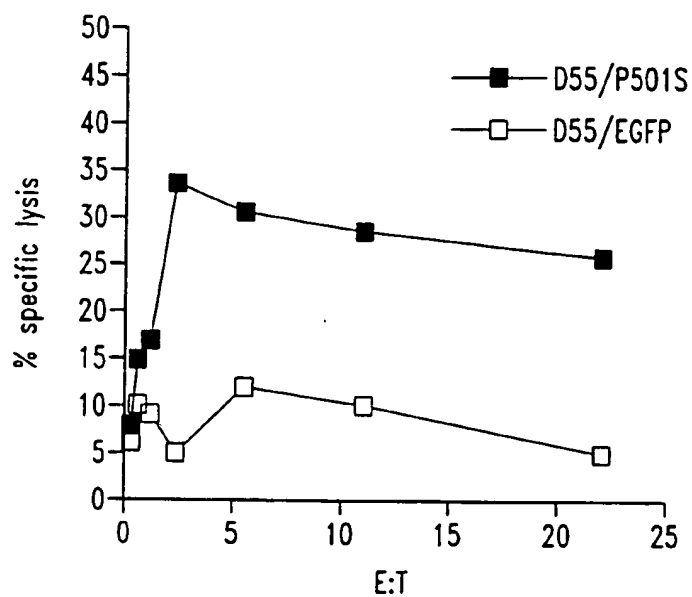
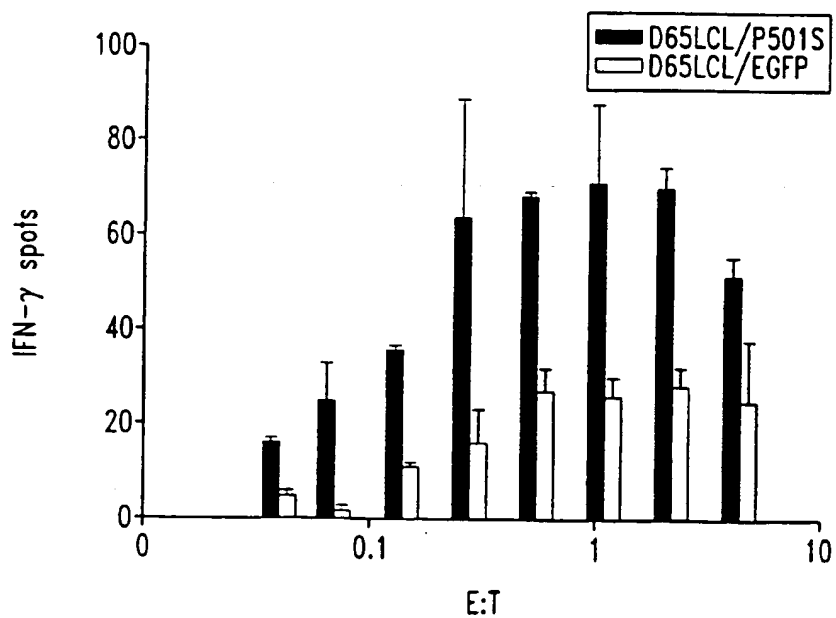


Fig. 3

4/5

*Fig. 4**Fig. 5*

5/5

*Fig. 6**Fig. 7*

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Corixa Corporation

<120> COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS
OF PROSTATE CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

<130> 210121.42701PC

<140> PCT

<141> 1999-07-08

<160> 472

<170> FastSEQ for Windows Version 3.0

<210> 1

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(814)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 1

tttttttttt	tttttcacag	tataacagct	ctttatttct	gtgagttcta	ctaggaaatc	60
atcaaatctg	agggttgtct	ggaggacttc	aatacacctc	cccccatagt	gaatcagctt	120
ccaggggggc	cagtccctct	ccttacttca	tccccatccc	atgccaaagg	aagaccctcc	180
ctccttggct	cacagccttc	tctaggcttc	ccagtgcctc	caggacagag	tgggttatgt	240
tttcagctcc	atccttgcctg	tgagtgtctg	gtgcgttctg	cctccagctt	ctgctcagtg	300
cttcatggac	agtgtccagc	acatgtcact	ctccactctc	tcagtgtgga	tccactagtt	360
ctagagcggc	cgccaccgcg	gtggagctcc	agcttttgtt	cccttttagtg	agggttaatt	420
gcgcgcttgg	cgtaatcatg	gtcataactg	tttcctgtgt	gaaattgtta	tccgctcaca	480
attccacaca	acatacgagc	cggaagcata	aagtgtaaaag	cctgggggtgc	ctaatagagt	540
anctaactca	cattaattgc	gttgcgctca	ctgnccgctt	tccagtcngg	aaaactgtcg	600
tgccagctgc	attaatgaat	cggccaacgc	ncggggaaaa	gcggtttgcg	ttttgggggc	660
tcttcgcgtt	ctcgctcact	nantcctgcg	ctcggtcctt	cggctgcggg	gaacggtatc	720
actcctcaaa	ggnggtatta	cggttatccn	naaatcnggg	gatacccngg	aaaaaanttt	780
aacaaaaggg	cancaaaggg	cngaaacgta	aaaa			814

<210> 2

<211> 816

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(816)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 2

acagaaatgt	tggatggtgg	agcacctttc	tatacgactt	acaggacagc	agatggggaa	60
ttcatggctg	ttggagcaat	agaaccccag	ttctacgagc	tgctgatcaa	aggactrgga	120

```

ctaaagtctg atgaacttcc caatcagatg agcatggatg attggccaga aatgaagaag      180
aagtttgcag atgtatttgc aaagaagacg aaggcagagt ggtgtcaa atttgacggc      240
acagatgcct gtgtgactcc gggtctgact tttgaggagg ttgttcatca tgatcacaac      300
aaggaacggg gctcgtttat caccagttag gagcaggacg tgagcccccg ccctgcacct      360
ctgctgttaa acaccccagc catcccttct ttcaaaaggg atccactagt tctagaagcg      420
gccgccaccg cgggtggagct ccagcttttg ttcccttttag tgaggggttaa ttgcgcgctt      480
ggcgtaataca tggtcatagc tgtttcctgt gtgaaattgt tatccgctca caattccccc      540
aacatacgag ccggaacata aagtgttaag cctgggggtgc ctaatgantg agctaactcn      600
cattaattgc gttgcgctca ctgcccgtt tccagtcggg aaaactgtcg tgccactgcn      660
ttantgaatc ngccaccccc cgggaaaagg cgggtgcntt ttgggcctct tccgctttcc      720
tcgctcattg atcctngcnc ccggtcttcg gctgcggnga acggttcact cctcaaaggg      780
ggtntnccgg ttatccccaa acnggggata cccnga                                816

```

<210> 3

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(773)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 3

```

cttttgaaag aagggatggc tgggggtgtt aacagcagag gtgcagggcg ggggctcacg      60
tcttgctcct cactgggat aaacgagccc cgttccttgt tgtgatcatg atgaacaacc      120
tcttcaaaag tcagaaccgg agtcacacag gcatctgtgc cgtcaaagat ttgacaccac      180
tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca      240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagttcatca gactttagtc canntccttt gatcagcagc      300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgctccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgtcctgtaa      360
gtcgatataga aagggtgctc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctcgaggggg ggcccgttac      420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgtcggt ttacaacgtc      480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgctt tgcagcacat cccctcttcg      540
ccagctgggc gtaatanaga aaaggcccg accgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct      600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttaccg cgcattnaac ccccgcnagg tttngttgtt      660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgcca gcgccttanc gcccgtcccc tttcnccttt      720
cttcccttcc tttcncncn ctttcccccg ggggttcccc cntcaaacc cna                                773

```

<210> 4

<211> 828

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(828)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

```

cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggctgc taggaaaagg      60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtctctcct      120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag      180
acgtgggtga ccatgttgtt tgtgggggtg agagatggga ggggtgbbgc ccaccctgga      240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc      300
acaatgcata aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct      360

```

```

gnngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagcanaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt      420
ctanagcggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc ancttttggt cccttttagtg aggggttaatt      480
gcgcgcttg chtaatacatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca      540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaacata aantgtaaac ctgggggtgcc taatgantga      600
ctaactcaca ttaattgctg tgcgctcact gcccgccttc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg      660
ccncttgcat tnatgaatcn gccaaacccc ggggaaaagc gtttgctgtt tgggcgctct      720
tccgcttcct cncctantta ntccctncnc tcggtcattc cggctgcngc aaaccgggtc      780
accnctcca aaggggggtat tccggtttcc ccnaatccgg gganancc                      828

```

<210> 5

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

```

tttttttttt tttttactga tagatggaat ttattaagct tttcacatgt gatagcacat      60
agttttaatt gcatccaaag tactaacaaa aactctagca atcaagaatg gcagcatggt      120
attttataac aatcaacacc tgtggccttt aaaatttggg tttcataaga taattttatac      180
tgaagtaaat ctagccatgc ttttaaaaaa tgctttaggt cactccaagc ttggcagtta      240
acatttgcca taaacaataa taaaacaatc acaatttaat aaataacaaa tacaacattg      300
taggccataa tcatatacag tataaggaaa aggtggtagt gttgagtaag cagttattag      360
aatagaatac cttggcctct atgcaaatat gtctagacac tttgattcac tcagccctga      420
cattcagttt tcaaagtagg agacagggtc tacagtatca ttttacagtt tccaacacat      480
tgaaaaaaca tagaaaatga tgagttgatt ttattaatg cattacatcc tcaagagtta      540
tcaccaaccc ctcaattata aaaaattttc aagttatatt agtcatataa cttggtgtgc      600
ttattttaaa ttagtgctaa atggattaag tgaagacaac aatggtcccc taatgtgatt      660
gatattgggc atttttacca gcttctaaat ctnaactttc aggcctttga actggaacat      720
tgnatnacag tgttccanag ttncaaccta ctggaacatt acagtgtgct tgattcaaaa      780
tgttattttg ttaaaaatta aattttaacc tgggtggaaa ataatttgaa atna                      834

```

<210> 6

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt aagaccctca tcaatagatg gagacatata gaaatagtca      60
aaccacatct acaaaatgcc agtatcaggc ggcggcttcg aagccaaagt gatgtttgga      120
tgtaaagtga aatattagtt ggcggatgaa gcagatagtg aggaaagttg agccaataat      180
gacgtgaagt ccgtggaagc ctgtggctac aaaaaatgtt gagccgtaga tgccgtcgga      240
aatgggtgaag ggagactcga agtactctga ggcttgtagg agggtaaaat agagaccag      300
taaaattgta ataagcagtg cttgaattat ttggtttcgg ttggttttcta ttagactatg      360
gtgagctcag gtgattgata ctctgatgc gagtaatacg gatgtgttta ggagtgggac      420
ttctagggga tttagcgggg tgatgcctgt tggggggccag tgccctccta gttggggggg      480
aggggctagg ctggagtggg aaaaggctca gaaaaatcct gcgaagaaaa aaacttctga      540

```

```

ggtaataaat aggattatcc cgtatcgaag gccttttttg acaggtggtg tgtggtggcc      600
ttggtatgtg ctttctcgtg ttacatcgcg ccatcattgg tatatgggta gtgtgttggg      660
ttantanggc ctantatgaa gaacttttgg antggaatta aatcaatngc ttggccggaa      720
gtcattanga nggctnaaaa ggccctgtta ngggtctggg ctnggtttta ccnaccat      780
ggaatncnc ccccggaacna ntgnatccct attcttaa      818

```

<210> 7

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt tggctctaga gggggtagag ggggtgctat agggtaaata      60
cggggccctat ttcaaagatt tttaggggaa ttaattctag gacgatgggt atgaaactgt      120
ggtttgctcc acagatttca gaggattgac cgtagtatac ccccggtcgt gtagcgggta      180
aagtggtttg gtttagacgt ccgggaattg catctgtttt taagcctaata gtggggacag      240
ctcatgagtg caagacgtct tgtgatgtaa ttattatacn aatgggggct tcaatcgga      300
gtactactcg attgtcaacg tcaaggagtc gcaggtcgcc tggttctagg aataatgggg      360
gaagtatgta ggaattgaag attaatccgc cgtagtcggt gttctcctag gttcaatacc      420
attggtggcc aattgatttg atggtaaggg gagggatcgt tgaactcgtc tgttatgtaa      480
aggatncctt ngggatggga aggcnatnaa ggactangga tnaatggcgg gcangatatt      540
tcaaacngtc tctanttcct gaaacgtctg aaatgttaat aanaattaaan tttngttatt      600
gaatnttnng gaaaagggct tacaggacta gaaaccaaata angaaaanta atnntaangg      660
cnttatcntn aaaggnata accnctccta tnatccacc caatngnatt cccacncnn      720
acnattggat nccccanttc canaaanggc cccccccgg tgnannccnc ctttgttcc      780
cttnantgan ggttattcnc ccctngcntt atcance      818

```

<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

```

catttccggg tttactttct aaggaaagcc gagcgggaagc tgctaacgtg ggaatcgggt      60
cataaggaga actttctgct ggcacgcgct agggacaagc gggagagcga ctccgagcgt      120
ctgaagcgca cgtcccagaa ggtggacttg gcactgaaac agctgggaca catccgcgag      180
tacgaacagc gcctgaaagt gctggagcgg gaggtccagc agtgtagccg cgtcctgggg      240
tgggtggccg angcctganc cgctctgcct tgctgcccc angtgggccg ccacccctg      300
acctgcctgg gtccaaacac tgagccctgc tggcggactt caagganaac cccacangg      360
ggattttgct cctanantaa ggctcatctg ggctcggcc cccccacctg gttggccttg      420
tctttgamt gagccccatg tccatctggg ccactgtcng gaccacctt ngggagtgt      480
ctccttacaa ccacannatg cccggctcct cccggaaacc antccancc tngnaaggat      540
caagnccctn atccactnnt nctanaaccg gccnccnccg cngtggaaac cncctntgt      600
tccttttcnt tnagggttaa tnnccgcttg gccttnccan ngtcctncnc ntttccnnt      660
gttnaaattg ttangcncnc nccnntcccn cncnncnanc cccgaccenn annttnnann      720

```

ncctgggggt nccnnngat tgaccenncc nccctntant tgcnttnggg ncnntgccc 780
ctttccctct nggganncg 799

<210> 9

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

acgccttgat cctcccaggc tgggactggt tctgggagga gccgggcatg ctgtgggttg	60
taangatgac actcccaaag gtggtcctga cagtggccca gatggacatg gggctcacct	120
caaggacaag gccaccaggc gcggggggcg aagcccacat gatccttact ctatgagcaa	180
aatccctgt gggggcttct ccttgaagtc cgccancagg gctcagtctt tggaccang	240
caggtcatgg ggttgtngnc caactggggg ccncaacgca aaanggcncg gggcctcngn	300
caccatccc angacgcggc tacactnctg gacctccnc tccaccaett tcatgcgtg	360
ttcntaccgc cgnatntgtc ccantgttt cngtgccnac tccancttct nggacgtg	420
ctacatacgc ccggantcnc nctcccgtt tgtccctatc cagtnccan caacaaattt	480
cncntantg caccnattec cacttttnc agntttccnc nncngcttc cttntaaaag	540
ggttganccc cggaaaatnc cccaaagggg gggggccngg tacccaaactn cccctnata	600
gctgaantcc ccatnaccnn gnctcnatgg anccntcctt ttaannacn ttctnaactt	660
gggaanance ctcgnccntn ccccnttaa tccnccttg cnangnnent ccccnntec	720
nccnnntng gcntntnann cnaaaaaggc ccnnnancaa tctcctnnn cctcanttcg	780
ccanccctcg aaatcggecn c	801

<210> 10

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10

cagtctatnt ggccagtgtg gcagctttcc ctgtgggtgc cggtgccaca tgctgtccc	60
acagtgtggc cgtggtgaca gcttcagccg ccctcaccgg gtccaccttc tcagccctgc	120
agatccctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accaccggga gaagcagggt ttctgccc	180
aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc	240
caggccctaa gcctggagct cccttcctta atggacacgt ggggtgctgga ggcagtggcc	300
tgctcccacc tcccccgcg ctctgcgggg cctctgctg tgatgtctcc gtacgtgtgg	360
tggtgggtga gccaccgan gccagggtgg ttccggggcg gggcatctgc ctggacctcg	420
ccatccctgga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca ngtgggccca tccctgttta tgggtccat	480
tgccagctc agccagtctg tcaactgccta tatggtgtct gccgcaggcc tgggtctggt	540
cccatttact ttgtacaca ggtantattt gacaagaacg anttgccaa atactcagcg	600
ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc	660
tcctgttaac cccatggggc tgccggcttg gccgccaat tctgttgctg ccaaantnat	720
gtggctctct gctgccacct gttgctggct gaagtgcnta cngcncant nggggggtng	780
gngttccc	789

<210> 11
 <211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(772)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
 cccaccctac ccaaatatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60
 ttgtttaaat aaataagtta aatattttaa tgctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120
 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180
 tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240
 actttcatat gttcaaattcc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggttaagggg ctanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360
 tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa ccttcttggc 480
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540
 aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgcccann ccccagctg tgcantacg cacctcaaca 600
 gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca 660
 accccggcac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaacct aattnaggca 720
 ggcccnccac cccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctccc cttaattntt tc 772

<210> 12
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12
 gccccaatc cagctgccac accaccacag gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60
 agctgattga agcaaccctc tactttttgg tcgtgagcct tttgcttggc gcaggtttca 120
 ttggctgtgt tggtagcgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180
 aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagcccttc 240
 atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tccctgggaac cataatcttt ctgatggca 300
 ggcactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac 360
 agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc 420
 acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna 480
 cnccggctgc gatgaagaaa tnacccnccg ttgacaaact tgcattggcag tggganccac 540
 agtggccnca aaaatcttca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gaccccccaa atgccactg 600
 ccaacagggg ctgccccach cncnnaacga tgancnatt gnacaagatc tncntggtct 660
 tnatnaacnt gaacctgcn tngtggctcc tgttcaggnc cnnggcctga cttctnaann 720
 aangaactcn gaagncccca cngganann g 751

<210> 13
 <211> 729
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(729)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13
 gagccaggcg tccctctgcc tgccactca gtggcaacac ccgggagctg ttttgtcctt 60
 tgtggancct cagcagtncc ctctttcaga actcantgcc aagancctg aacaggagcc 120
 accatgcagt gcttcagctt cattaagacc atgatgatcc tcttcaattt gctcatcttt 180
 ctgtgtggtg cagccctggt ggcagtgggc atctgggtgt caatcgatgg ggcacccctt 240
 ctgaagatct tcgggccact gtcgtccagt gccatgcagt ttgtcaacgt gggctacttc 300
 ctcatcgag ccggcggtgt ggtcttagct ctagggttcc tgggctgcta tgggtgctaag 360
 actgagagca agtgtgccct cgtgacgttc ttcttcatcc tcctcctcat cttcattgct 420
 gaggttgcaa tgctgtggtc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt 480
 tgctggtaat gcctgccatc aaaaaagat tatgggttcc caggaanact tactcaagt 540
 gttggaacac caccatgaaa gggtcaagt gctgtggctt cnnccaacta tacggatttt 600
 gaagantcac ctacttcaaa gaaaanagt cctttccccc atttctgttg caattgacaa 660
 acgtcccaa cacagccaat tgaaaacct caccacaacc aaangggctc ccaaccanaa 720
 attnaaggg 729

<210> 14
 <211> 816
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(816)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14
 tgctcttctt caaagttggt cttgttgcca taacaaccac cataggtaaa gcgggcgcag 60
 tgctcgctga aggggttgta gtaccagcgc gggatgctct ccttgagag tcctgtgtct 120
 ggcaggtcca cgcagtggcc ttgtcactg gggaaatgga tgcgctggag ctgctcaaag 180
 ccactcgtgt atttttcaca ggcagcctcg tccgacgct cggggcagtt gggggtgtct 240
 tcacactcca ggaaactgtc natgcagcag ccattgctgc agcggaaactg ggtgggctga 300
 cangtgccag agcacactgg atggcgctt tccatggnan gggccctgng ggaaagtccc 360
 tgancccan anctgcctct caaangcccc acctgacaca cccgacagg ctagaatgga 420
 atcttcttcc cgaaaggtag ttnttcttgt tgcccaancc ancccntaa acaaactctt 480
 gcanatctgc tccgnggggg tcntantacc ancgtgggaa aagaaccca ggngcgaaac 540
 caancttgtt tggatncaa gcnataatct nctnttctgc ttggtggaca gcaccantna 600
 ctgtnnanct ttagncctg gtcctcttgg gttgnncttg aacctaatcn ccntcaact 660
 gggacaaggt aantngcct cctttnaatt ccnancntn cccctggtt tgggggtttt 720
 cncnctcta cccagaaan nccgtgttcc ccccaacta ggggccnaaa ccnttnttc 780
 cacaacctn cccacccac gggttcngnt ggttng 816

<210> 15
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(783)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15

```

ccaaggcctg ggcaggcata nacttgaagg tacaacccca ggaacccctg gtgctgaagg      60
atgtggaaaa cacagattgg cgcctactgc ggggtgacac ggatgtcagg gtagagagga      120
aagacccaaa ccaggtggaa ctgtggggac tcaaggaang cacctacctg ttccagctga      180
cagtgactag ctcagaccac ccagaggaca cggccaacgt cacagtcact gtgctgtcca      240
ccaagcagac agaagactac tgcctcgcat ccaacaangt gggtcgctgc cggggctctt      300
tcccacgctg gtactatgac cccacggagc agatctgcaa gagtttcggt tatggaggct      360
gcttgggcaa caagaacaac taccttcggg aagaagagtg cattctance tgtcnggggtg      420
tgcaagggtg gcctttgana ngcanctctg gggctcangc gactttcccc cagggccctt      480
ccatggaaag gcgccatcca ntgttctctg gcacctgtca gcccacccag ttccgctgca      540
ncaatggctg ctgcatcnac antttcctng aattgtgaca acaccccca ntgccccaa      600
ccctcccaac aaagcttccc tgttnaaaaa tacnccantt ggcttttnac aaacncccg      660
cncctccttt ttccccnntn aacaaagggc nctngcnttt gaactgcccn aaccnnggaa      720
tctnccnngg aaaaantncc cccctggtt cctnnaance cctccnnaa anctncccc      780
ccc                                                                 783

```

<210> 16

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16

```

gccccaatc cagctgccac accacccacg gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa      60
agctgattga agcaaccctc tacttttttg tcgtgagcct tttgcttggg gcagggtttca      120
ttggctgtgt tggtagctgt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg      180
aagttagggg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc      240
atggtgggtg tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt ctgatggca      300
ggcactacca gcaacgtcag gaagtgtcga gccattgtgg tgtacaccaa ggcgaccaca      360
gcagctgcaa cctcagcaat gaagatgagg aggaggatga agaagaacgt cncgagggca      420
cacttgctct cgtctttagc accatagcag cccangaaac caagagcaaa gaccacaacg      480
ccngctgcga atgaaagaaa ntacccacgt ccacgattg aacacccana tgcccactgc      540
tggcccgaa atcttcagaa aagggatgcc ccacgattg aacacccana tgcccactgc      600
cnacagggct gcncncncn gaaagaatga gccattgaag aaggatcntc ntggctctta      660
tgaactgaaa ccttgcatgg tggccctgt tcagggtctt tggcagtgaa ttctganaaa      720
aagggaacngc nttagcccc ccaaangana aaacaccccc ggggtgttgc ctgaattggc      780
ggccaaggan cctgccccn g                                                                 801

```

<210> 17

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(740)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17

```

gtgagagcca ggcgtccctc tgcctgcccc ctcagtgcca acacccggga gctgttttgt      60

```

cctttgtgga	gcctcagcag	ttccctcttt	cagaactcac	tgccaagagc	cctgaacagg	120
agccaccatg	cagtgttca	gcttcattaa	gaccatgatg	atcctcttca	atttgctcat	180
ctttctgtgt	ggtgcagccc	tgttggcagt	gggcatctgg	gtgtcaatcg	atggggcatc	240
ctttctgaag	atcttcgggc	cactgtcgtc	cagtgccatg	cagtttgtca	acgtgggcta	300
cttcctcatc	gcagccggcg	ttgtggtctt	tgctcttggt	ttcctgggct	gctatgggtgc	360
taagacggag	agcaagtgtg	ccctcgtgac	gttcttcttc	atcctcctcc	tcattctcat	420
tgctgaagtt	gcagctgctg	tggtgcctt	ggtgtacacc	acaatggctg	aaccattcct	480
gacgttgctg	gtantgcctg	ccatcaanaa	agattatggg	ttcccaggaa	aaattcactc	540
aantntggaa	caccnccatg	aaaagggctc	caatttctgn	tggtctcccc	aactataaccg	600
gaattttgaa	agantcnccc	tacttccaaa	aaaaaanant	tgcttttnc	ccntttctgt	660
tgcaatgaaa	acntcccaan	acngccaatn	aaaacctgcc	cnnncaaaaa	ggntcncaaa	720
caaaaaaant	nnaagggtcn					740

<210> 18

<211> 802

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (802)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18

ccgctgggtg	cgctgggtcca	gngnagccac	gaagcacgtc	agcatacaca	gcctcaatca	60
caaggctctt	cagctgccgc	acattacgca	gggcaagagc	ctccagcaac	actgcatatg	120
ggatacactt	tacttttagca	gccaggggtga	caactgagag	gtgtcgaagc	ttattcttct	180
gagcctctgt	tagtggagga	agattccggg	cttcagctaa	gtagtacagc	tatgtcccat	240
aagcaaacac	tgtgagcagc	cgggaaggtag	aggcaaaagtc	actctcagcc	agctctctaa	300
cattgggcat	gtccagcagt	tctccaaaca	cgtagacacc	agnggcctcc	agcacctgat	360
ggatgagtgt	ggccagcgct	gcccccttgg	ccgacttggc	taggagcaga	aattgctcct	420
ggttctgccc	tgtcaccttc	acttcgcac	tcatactgc	actgagtgtg	ggggacttgg	480
gctcaggatg	tccagagacg	tggttccgcc	ccctcnctta	atgacaccgn	ccanncaacc	540
gtcggctccc	gccgantgng	ttcgtcgtnc	ctgggtcagg	gtctgctggc	cnctacttgc	600
aancttcgtc	nggcccattg	aattcaccnc	accggaactn	gtangatcca	ctnnttctat	660
aaccggnccg	caccgcnnnt	ggaactccac	tcttnttnc	tttacttgag	gggttaaggtc	720
acccttncg	ttaccttgg	ccaaacctn	ccntgtgtcg	anatngtnaa	tcnggncna	780
tnccancnc	atangaagcc	ng				802

<210> 19

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19

cnaagcttcc	aggtnacggg	ccgcnaance	tgaccnagg	tancanaang	cagncngcgg	60
gagcccaccg	tcacngngng	ngtctttat	nggagggggc	ggagccacat	cnctggacnt	120
cntgacccca	actccccncc	ncncantgca	gtgatgagt	cagaactgaa	ggtnacgtgg	180
caggaaccaa	gancaaannc	tgctccnntc	caagtcggcn	nagggggcgg	ggctggccac	240
gcncatccnt	cnagtgtgn	aaagccccnn	cctgtctact	tgtttgagaga	acngcnnga	300

```

catgcccagn gttanataac nggcngagag tnannttgcc tctcccttcc ggctgcgcan 360
cgngtntgct tagnggacat aacctgacta cttaactgaa cccnngaate tncnccccct 420
ccactaagct cagaacaaaa aacttcgaca ccaactcantt gtcacctgnc tgctcaagta 480
aagtgtaccc catncccaat gtntgctnga ngctctgncc tgcnttangt tcggctcctgg 540
gaagacctat caattnaagc tatgtttctg actgcctctt gctccctgna acaancnacc 600
cnnnntcca aggggggggnc ggcccccaat ccccccaacc ntnaattnan tttancccn 660
ccccnggcc cggcctttta cnancntcnn nnacngggna aaacnnngc tttncccaac 720
nnaatccncc t 731

```

<210> 20

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(754)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt taaaaacccc ctccattnaa tgnaaacttc cgaaattgtc 60
caacccccctc ntccaaatnn cntttccgg gnggggggttc caaacccaan ttanntttgg 120
annttaaatt aaatnttntt tggnggnnna anccnaatgt nangaaagtt naaccanta 180
tnancttnaa tncctggaaa ccngtngntt ccaaaaaatnt ttaaccctta antccctccg 240
aaatngttna nggaaaacccc aanttctent aaggttggtt gaaggntnaa tnaaaanccc 300
nnccaattgt ttttngccac gcctgaatta attggnnttc gntgttttcc nttaaaanaa 360
ggnnancccc gggtantnaa tcccccnnc cccaattata ccganttttt ttngaattgg 420
gancccnccg gaattaacgg ggnnntccc tnttgggggg cnggnncccc cccntcggg 480
ggttngggnc aggnccnaat tgtttaaggg tccgaaaaat ccctccnaga aaaaaanctc 540
ccagngtgag nntnggggtt ncccccccc canggccct ctcgnanagt tggggtttgg 600
ggggcctggg atttntttc cctnttnc tcccccccc cngggganag aggttngngt 660
tttgntcnnc ggccccnccn aagancttn ccgantnan ttaaatcent gcctnggcga 720
agtcnnttgn agggntaaan ggccccctnn cggg 754

```

<210> 21

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(755)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21

```

atcancccat gacccnaac nngggacenc tcanccggnc nnncnaccnc cgcccnatca 60
nngtnagnnc actncnnttn natcacnccc cnccnactac gcccnenanc cnacgcncta 120
nncanatncc actganngcg cgangtngan ngagaaanct nataccanag ncaccanacn 180
ccagctgtcc nanaangcct nnnatacnng nnnatccaat ntgnancctc cnaagtattt 240
nncnncanat gattttcctn anccgattac cntncccc tancctctcc cccccacna 300
cgaaggcnct ggncnnaagg nngcgnncce ccgctagntc ccnncnaagt cncnnccta 360
aactcancn nattacnecg ttcntgagta tcactccccg aatctcacc tactcaactc 420
aaaaanaten gatacaaaat aatncaagcc tgnttatnac actntgactg ggtctctatt 480
ttagnngtcc ntnaancntc ctaatacttc cagtctncc tcnccaattt ccnaanggct 540
ctttcngaca gcatnttttg gtccccntt gggttcttan ngaattgccc ttcntngaac 600

```

```

gggctctctct tttccttcgg ttancttggg ttcnncgggc cagttattat ttcccntttt 660
aaattctntnc cntttanttt tggcnttcna aacccccggc cttgaaaacg gccccctggg 720
aaaaggttgt tttganaaaa tttttgtttt gtcc 755

```

<210> 22

<211> 849

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

```

tttttttttt tttttangtg tngtcgtgca ggtagaggct tactacaant gtgaanacgt 60
acgctnggan taangcgacc cgantttctag gannccctt aaaatcanac tgtgaagatn 120
atcctgnnna cggaanggtc accggnggat nntgctaggg tgnccnctcc cannncttn 180
cataactcng nggcccctgcc caccaccttc ggcggcccng ngnccggggc cgggtcattn 240
gnnttaaccn cactnngcna ncgggttccn nccccnncng acccngggcg tccgggggtnc 300
tctgtcttcc cctgnagncn anaaantggg ccnccggccc ctttaccctt nnacaagcca 360
cngcctctta nccnengccc cccctccant nngggggact gccnannget ccgttncnng 420
nnaccccnnn gggtnccctg gttgtcgant cnaccgnang ccanggatc cnaaggaagg 480
tgcgttnttg gccctacccc ttcgctnccg nncacccttc ccgacnanga nccgtccccg 540
cnccnccnng cctcncctcg caacacccgc nctctcngt nccggnnnccc ccccacccgc 600
nccctcncnc ngncgnancn ctcncncnc gctcannca ccaccccgcc ccgccaggcc 660
ntcanccacn ggnngacnng nagnccntc gcnccegcen gcgnccctt cgcncngaa 720
ctnctcngg ccantnncg tcaancnna cnaaacgccg ctgcgcggcc cgnagcgncc 780
ncctccncca gtcctcccg nctccnacc angnttccn cgaggacacn nnaccccgcc 840
nncangcgg 849

```

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

```

gcgcaaaacta tacttcgctc gnactcgtgc gcctcgtcnc tcttttcctc cgcaaccatg 60
tctgacnanc ccgattnggc ngatatchan aagntcganc agtccaaact gantaacaca 120
cacacnncan aganaaatcc nctgccttcc anagtanacn attgaacnng agaaccangc 180
nggggaatcg taatnaggcg tgcgcggcca atntgtcnc gtttatttnn ccagntcnc 240
ctnccnacc cactctctcn nagctgtcnn acccctngtn cgnaccccc naggtcggga 300
tcgggttttn nntgaccgng cnncccttcc cccctccat nacganccnc ccgcaccacc 360
nanngcncgc nccccgnct cttcgcnc cgtcctntn cccctgtngc ctggcncngn 420
accgcattga cctcgcncn ctnccngaaa ncgnanacgt ccgggttggn annancgctg 480
tgggnnngcg tctgcncgc gttccttccn ncncttcca ccattctnt tacnnggtct 540
ccncccntc tcnncacnc cctgggacgc tntcctntgc ccccttnac tccccctt 600
cgnctgtnc cgncccccacc ntcatttnca nacgtcttc acaannccct ggntnctcc 660
cnancngncn gtcancnag ggaagggng ggnccnntg nttgacgttg ngngangtc 720
cgaanantcc tcnccntcan cctacccct cgggcgnct ctcngttncc aacttancaa 780

```

ntctcccccg ngngcncntc tcagcctcnc cncccccnct ctctgcantg tncctctgctc 840
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cncctctctt cc 872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcagcaagc ttgagttatc tatagngtca cctaaatanc ttggcntaat catggctnta	60
nctgncttcc tgtgtcaaata gtatacnaaa tanatatgaa tctnatntga caaganngtg	120
tctntcatta gtaacaantg tntgtccat cctgtcngan canattecca tnnattncgn	180
cgcattcncn gencantatn taatngggaa ntcnnntnnn ncaccnncat ctatcctncc	240
gcncctgac tggagagat ggatnatttc tntnttgacc nacatgttca tcttggattn	300
aananceccc cgcngnccac cggttngnng cnagecnnct ccaagacctc ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc aganncatca aacntgggaa acccgcnnc cagtnnaagt ngnnncanan	420
gacccgtcc aggnntnacc atcccttcnc agcgcacctc ttngtgcctt anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc cncctaaccat ganacgcgc agnccanccg caattnggca caatgtcgnc	540
gaaccccta gggggantna tncaaaancc caggattgtc cncncangaa atccncanc	600
ccncctctac cnccttttgg gacngtgacc aantcccgga gtncaggtcc ggccngnctc	660
ccccaccggt nncctgggg ggggtgaanct cngnntcanc cngnccaggn ntcgnaagga	720
accggnccn ggcgaannng ancnntcnga agnccnctc cgtataaccc cccctcncca	780
ncenacngnt agntcccccc cngggtnccg aangg	815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

ccgagatgtc tcgctccgtg gccttagctg tgctcgcgt actctctctt tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca gcgtactcca aagattcagg ttactcacg tcattccagca gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaattt cctgaattgc tatgtgtctg ggtttcatcc atccgacatt gaanttgact	180
tactgaagaa tgganagaga attgaaaaag tggagcatcc agacttgtct ttcagcaagg	240
actggctctt ctatctctg tactacactg aattcacccc cactgaaaaa gatgagtatg	300
cctgcccgtg gaaccatgtg actttgtcac agcccaagat agttaagtgg gatcgagaca	360
tgtaagcagn cncatggaa gtttgaagat gccgcatttg gattggatga attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt gcnttttaat antgatatgc ntatacacc taccctttat gnccccaaat	480
tgtaggggtt acatnantgt tcnctnngga catgatcttc ctttataant cncncttcg	540
aattgccgt cncnngttn ngaatgttc cnaaccacg gttggctccc ccaggtcncc	600
tcttacggaa gggcctgggc cnccttncaa ggttggggga accnaaaatt tcnctntgc	660
ccnccncca cnccttgng nncncanttt ggaaccttc cnattcccc tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta anaaaacttn aaancgtngc naaannttn acttcccccc ttacc	775

<210> 26

<211> 820
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(820)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26
 anattantac agtgaatct tttcccagag gtgtgtanag ggaacggggc ctagaggcat 60
 cccanagata ncttatanca acagtgcctt gaccaagagc tgctgggcac atttcctgca 120
 gaaaagggtgg cggcccccat cactcctcct cccccatagc catcccagag gggtagtag 180
 ccatcangcc ttcgggtggga gggagtcang gaaacaacan accacagagc anacagacca 240
 ntgatgacca tgggcgggag cgagcctctt ccctgnaccg gggtaggcana nganagccta 300
 nctgaggggt cacactataa acgttaacga ccnagatnan cacctgcctc aagtgcaccc 360
 ttcctacctg acnaccagng accnnnaact gcngcctggg gacagcncctg ggancagcta 420
 acnnagcact cacctgcccc cccatggcgg tncgcntccc tggcctcgtc aagggaagct 480
 ccctgttgga attncgggga naccaaggga nccccctcct ccancctgtga aggaaaaann 540
 gatggaattt tnccttcccg gccnntcccc tcttcttta cagccccct nntactctc 600
 tccctctntt ntcctgncnc acttttnacc ccnnnatttc ccttnattga tcggannctn 660
 ganattccac tnnccctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna cccnggggat 720
 gggnnccctcg ntcactctct ctttttctct accncnntt ctttgctct ccttngatca
 780tccaacntc gntggccntn ccccccnntt tcttttcccc
 820

<210> 27
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27
 tctgggtgat ggctctctcc tctcagggga cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct 60
 tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcgggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga 120
 ctgcggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aatagggtcc cagggtccag ggaggggcgc 180
 ctgctgagca cttccgcccc tcacctgcc cagccccctg catgagctct gggctgggtc 240
 tccgcctcca gggttctgct cttccangca ngccancaag tggcgtggg ccacactggc 300
 ttcttctgct cccntccctg gctctgante tctgtcttcc tgtcctgtgc angcnccttg 360
 gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt 420
 tatnacnan tggncgtgnc tgtcnnactt taatgggcn gaccggctaa tccctccctc 480
 netcccttcc anttcnnna accngcttnc cntctctcc ccntancccg ccngggaanc 540
 etcctttgcc ctnaccangg gccnnnaccg ccctnnctn ggggggcngn gtnnctncnc 600
 ctgntnnccc cnetcncnt tncctcgtec cncnncgen nngcannttc ncngtcccn 660
 tnnctctcn ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngnen ngntnntnen tccctctcnc 720
 cnnntgnarg tnnntnnnc ncngnncccc nnnncnnnn nggnntnnn tctnncngc 780
 cccnncccc ngnattaagg cctcnnctc ccggcnc 818

<210> 28
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

aggaagggcg	gagggatatt	gtangggatt	gagggatagg	agnataangg	gggaggtgtg	60
tcccaacatg	anggtgnngt	tctcttttga	angaggggtg	ngtttttann	ccnggtgggt	120
gattnaaccc	cattgtatgg	agnnaaagg	tttnagggat	ttttcggctc	ttatcagtat	180
ntanattcct	gtnaatcga	aaatnatntt	tcnncnggaa	aatnttgctc	ccatccgnaa	240
attntccccg	ggtagtcat	nttngggggn	cngccangtt	tcccaggctg	ctanaatcgt	300
actaaagntt	naagtgggan	tncaaatgaa	aacctnnac	agagnatccn	tacccgactg	360
tnnnttncct	tcgcccctntg	actctgcng	agcccaatac	ccnngngnat	gtcncncngn	420
nnngcgnnc	tgaaannnnc	tcngggctnn	gancatcang	gggtttcgca	tcaaaagcnn	480
cgtttcncat	naaggcactt	tngcctcatc	caaccnctng	ccctcnncca	tttngccgtc	540
nggttcncct	acgctnntng	cncctnnntn	ganattttnc	ccgctnnggg	naancctcct	600
gnaatgggta	gggncttntc	ttttnaccnn	gnggtntact	aatcnnctnc	acgctncttt	660
tctcnacccc	cccccttttt	caatcccanc	ggcnaatggg	gtctccccnn	cgangggggg	720
nnnccannnc	c					731

<210> 29

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(822)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

actagtcag	tgtggtggaa	ttccattgtg	ttggggncnc	ttctatgant	antnttagat	60
cgctcanacc	tcacancctc	ccnanchangc	ctataangaa	nannaataga	nctgtncnnt	120
atntntacnc	tcatanncct	cnnnaccac	tccctcttaa	ccctactgt	gcctatngcn	180
tnnctantct	ntgccgectn	cnanccaccn	gtggggcnac	cncnngnatt	ctcnatctcc	240
tcnccatntn	gcctananta	ngtncatacc	ctataacctac	nccaatgcta	nnnctaancn	300
tccatnantt	annntaacta	ccactgaent	ngactttcnc	atnanctcct	aatttgaatc	360
tactctgact	cccacngcct	annnattagc	ancntcccc	nacnatntct	caaccaaadc	420
ntcaacaacc	tatctanctg	ttcnccaacc	nttncctccg	atccccnnac	aacccccctc	480
ccaaataccc	nccacctgac	ncctaaccen	caccatcccc	gcaagccnan	ggncatttan	540
ccactggaat	cacnatngga	naaaaaaaaa	ccnaactctc	tancncnnat	ctccctaana	600
aatnctcctn	naatttactn	ncantnccat	caanccccacn	tgaaaacnaa	ccccctgtttt	660
tanatccctt	ctttcgaaaa	ccnacccttt	annncccaac	ctttngggcc	cccccnctnc	720
ccnaatgaag	gncncccaat	cnangaaacg	ncntgaaaa	ancnaggcna	anannntccg	780
canatccctat	cccttanttn	ggggnccttt	nccnngggcc	cc		822

<210> 30

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (787)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30

cgccgcgctg	ctctggcaca	tgcctcctga	atggcatcaa	aagtgatgga	ctgcccattg	60
ctagagaaga	ccttctctcc	tactgtcatt	atggagccct	gcagactgag	ggctcccctt	120
gtctgcagga	tttgatgtct	gaagtctgtg	agtgtggctt	ggagctcctc	atctacatna	180
gctggaagcc	ctggaggggc	tctctcgcca	gcctccccct	tctctccacg	ctctccangg	240
acaccagggg	ctccaggcag	cccattatct	ccagnangac	atgggtgttc	tccacgcgga	300
cccctggggc	ctgnaaggcc	agggctctct	ttgacaccat	ctctcccgtc	ctgcctggca	360
ggccgtggga	tccactantt	ctanaacggn	cgccaccncg	gtgggagctc	cagcttttgt	420
tcccnttaat	gaaggttaat	tgcncgcttg	gcgtaatcat	nggtcanaac	tnnttcctgt	480
gtgaaattgt	tnntccccct	ncnattecnc	ncnacatacn	aacccggaan	cataaagtgt	540
taaagcctgg	gggtngcctn	nngaataaac	tnaactcaat	taattgcgtt	ggctcatggc	600
ccgctttccn	ttcnggaaaa	ctgtctctcc	ctgcnttnnt	gaatcgccca	ccccccnggg	660
aaaagcgggt	tgcnttttng	ggggntcctt	ccntctcccc	cctcncctaa	ccctnccgct	720
cggctcgttc	nggtngcggg	gaangggnat	nnnctccnc	naagggggng	agnnngntat	780
ccccaaa						787

<210> 31

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31

tttttttttt	tttttttggc	gatgctactg	tttaattgca	ggaggtgggg	gtgtgtgtac	60
catgtaccag	ggctattaga	agcaagaagg	aaggagggag	ggcagagcgc	cctgctgagc	120
aacaaaggac	tcctgcagcc	ttctctgtct	gtctcttggc	gcaggcacat	ggggaggcct	180
cccgaggggt	ggggggccacc	agtcagggg	tgggagcact	acanggggtg	ggagtgggtg	240
gtggctggtn	cnaatggcct	gncacanatc	cctacgattc	ttgacacctg	gatttcacca	300
ggggaccttc	tgttctccca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttgggtaca	420
tatggttccg	gcccacctct	cccntcnaan	aagtaattca	ccccccccc	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggcccct	taantaccca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatchccn	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	aggccacgcc	gtncenctc	cccatagnan	600
nttttnncnt	canctaatgc	ccccccnggc	aacnatecaa	ccccccccc	tgggggcccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgntctg	ggnnncngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggntctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	cccgcacgca	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnnncnac	780
ctcgcctccc	ccnncgngg					799

<210> 32

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
ttttncnag	ggcagggtta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcggcg	gcggcggcgg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgctcccgt	tgatnttct	ctgcagctgc	aggatgcct	aaaacagggc	ctcggccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	ccnccnccg	ttggcncact	ccccttggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggctccgg	catctgggtc	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gccctctttt	tggttantnt	420
ncnccacaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggtggcccc	caaaaaan	ccccaaaacc	480
ggnccatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgctgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnc	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagtcc	ttgngggccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcctc	600
ccccttggcc	cccaaatcct	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggnnngcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccgggtggg	ccnctctaa	ngaaaacncc	720
ntccctnnca	ccatcccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

<210> 33

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(793)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33

gacagaacat	ggtggatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggtggagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtat	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtgggtgtca	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccgggtctga	cttttgagga	ggttgttcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcggtt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggnccgccacc	gcgggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgagggtta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaat	aaagcctggn	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgtttcc	agtccggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	ntaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncctccc	gctttctcgc	ttectgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtctttcgg	cttgcggcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(756)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34

gccgcgaccg	gcatgtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcgagtggg	accgtaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagtcc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120

ccaaccacag	ggaccaagct	gaccaaacag	cagctaattc	tggcccggtga	catactggag	180
atcgggggccc	aatggagcat	cctacgcaan	gacatcccct	ccttcgagcg	ctacatggcc	240
cagctcaaat	gctactactt	tgattacaan	gagcagctcc	ccgagtcagc	ctatatgcac	300
cagctcttgg	gcctcaacct	cctcttcttg	ctgtcccaga	accgggtggc	tgantnccac	360
acgganttgg	ancggctgcc	tgcccaanga	catacanacc	aatgtctaca	tcnaccacca	420
gtgtcctgga	gcaatactga	tgganggcag	ctaccncaaa	gtnttctctg	ccnagggtaa	480
catccccgcg	cgagagctac	accttcttca	ttgacatcct	gctcgacact	atcagggatg	540
aaaaatcgng	ggttgctcca	gaaaggctnc	aanaanatcc	ttttcnctga	aggcccccg	600
atnncntagt	nctagaatcg	gccccccatc	gcggtgganc	ctccaacctt	tcgttncctt	660
ttactgaggg	ttnatggcg	cccttggcgt	tatcatggtc	acnccngttn	cctgtgttga	720
aattnttaac	ccccacaaat	tccacgccna	cattng			756

<210> 35

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35

ggggatctct	anatenacct	gnatgcatgg	ttgtcgggtgt	ggtcgctgtc	gatgaanatg	60
aacaggatct	tgcccttgaa	gctctcggtc	gctgtnttta	agttgctcag	tctgccgtca	120
tagtcagaca	cnctcttggg	caaaaaacan	caggatntga	gtcttgattt	cacctccaat	180
aatcttctng	gctgtctgct	cggtgaactc	gatgacnang	ggcagctggg	tgtgtntgat	240
aaantccanc	angttctcct	tggtgacctc	cccttcaaag	ttgttcggc	cttcatcaaa	300
cttctnnaan	angannancc	canctttgtc	gagctggnat	ttgganaaca	cgtcaccgtt	360
ggaaactgat	cccaaattgg	atgtcatcca	tgcctctgtc	tgccctgcaa	aaacttgctt	420
ggcncaaata	cgaactcccn	tccttgaaag	aagccnatca	cacccccctc	cctggactcc	480
nncaangact	ctnccgctnc	ccentccnng	cagggttggg	ggcannccgg	gccccntgcg	540
ttcttcagcc	agttcacnat	nttcacagc	ccctctgcca	gctgtntat	tccttggggg	600
ggaanccgtc	tctcccttcc	tgaannaact	ttgaccgtng	gaatagccgc	gcntcnccnt	660
acntnctggg	ccgggttcaa	antccctccn	ttgnccntcn	cctcgggcca	ttctggattt	720
nccnaacttt	tctcttcccc	cncctccnng	ngtttggnnt	tttcatnggg	ccccaaactct	780
gctnttggtc	antccctctg	gggentntan	cncctccnt	ggteccntng	ggcc	834

<210> 36

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(814)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cgngcgtttt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgctctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgcccc	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaag	gaagaaaggc	tggtctctcc	acccccgtga	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360

```

ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc      420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc      480
agggggangtc ntttncagtg gatctgccaa anantaccen tatcatcnnt gaataaaaag      540
gcccctgaac ganatgcttc cancanctt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccatggtgcc      600
cttccggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttctt ggggtccant cctcctttg ttnccttact      660
tgtnttggac cntgtctn gn atnaccaan tganatcccc ngaagcacc tncctctggc      720
atgtganttt cntaaattct ctgcccacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcnccnaan      780
ggngaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn                                814

```

<210> 37

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(760)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37

```

gcatgctgct ctctctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg      60
gcgcagtgtt cgctgaaggg gttgtagtac cagcgcgggg tgctctcctt gcagagtcct      120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgccctttg tcactgggga aatggatgcg ctggagctcg      180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtatctt ttcacangca gcctcctcgg aagcntccgg gcagtggggg      240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgtcgcagc ggaactgggt      300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac aactggatn ggcttttcca tggaaagggc tgggggaaat      360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgacac ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc      420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aacccaaanc      480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggtcattnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccggcngn      540
gancncctt gtttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaaanagca      600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggccnggttc cncctnggtg gtctgaaact aatcacgcgc      660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttcttgaat tcccaaannt cccctngntt tgggtntttt      720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc cntanggcg                                760

```

<210> 38

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(724)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttaaaaa cccctcccat tgaatgaaaa      60
cttccnaaat tgtccaaccc cctcnnccaa atnnccattt cggggggggg gttccaaacc      120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaatnt tnattngggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa      180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatnccctn gaaaccntg gnttccaaaa atttttaacc      240
cttaaatccc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaaggtt      300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cnnngctnaa ntatttngnt tccgggtgtt      360
tcctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccgnatga gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt      420
tttttgaatt ggaaattccn ngggaattna cgggggtttt tcccttttgg gggccatncc      480
ccnctttcgg ggggttgggn ntaggttgaa ttttttnang nccccaaaaa ncccccaana      540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaanttc ccccttccca ggccttttgg gaaagngggg      600

```

tttntggggg ccngggantt cnttcccccn ttncncccc cccccnggt aaanggttat	660
ngnntttggg ttttgggccc cttnanggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccggnng	720
gccg	724

<210> 39

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (751)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39

tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttatth tgattttttt taatgctgca	60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt	120
tttatttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttggtg ctttttttcc tttttctgta	180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttggaaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt	240
cgaaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga	300
ttaaactgct gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc tttaattana	360
cttggggggt ccctccccc accaaccnccn ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg	420
tcccgccnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccccnc caggtnaaaa	480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacctcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn	540
ccctcaancn aattncnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtc cnccegggct ccgggaantn	600
cacccccnga annnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tcccnntcnc tcaattcccc	660
cnnagactnt cctcnnncn cncaattttc tttntntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaatgn	720
nnnncnctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c	751

<210> 40

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (753)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40

gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat	60
agatgaaaac cccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcc aagcagccgg gtaggagggg	120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa	180
tgggtctggaa gcggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcagggcc accaggaact	240
tctcaaagtt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtgatn agcttgggtg	300
cggtcataan cgcggtggcg tcgtcgctgg gagctggcag ggccctccgc aggaaggcna	360
ataaaagggt cgccccgca cggttcanct cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttgggt	420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccctga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc	480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgccnngn atgccaanca nccccaancc ccggggtcct	540
aaancaccn cctcctctt tcactctgggt tntntcccc ggacctgggt tcctctcaag	600
ggarcccata tctcnaccan tactcacnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn	660
ttccncccg ncctctggcc cntcaaanan gcttnacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc	720
tncctatct gnaaccnncn tttgtctcan tnt	753

<210> 41

<211> 341
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
acttatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt 60
agtgaaccca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
tcttttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180
tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag 240
tgttaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat 300
tcttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t 341

<210> 42
<211> 101
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 42
acttactgaa ttttagttctg tgctcttctt tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat 60
gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a 101

<210> 43
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 43
acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttcttg gtcctcacc 60
tccaggggtgg tctcactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat 120
tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgtt cagaaagtct aagaaacca 180
cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat 240
tggatacaga acgagagtta tcttgataa ctacagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggccgc 300
tcgaa 305

<210> 44
<211> 852
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(852)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44
acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagtt ctttgtttct 60
gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt gggttggtgc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt 120
ctctccatcc tcgggcattc ttcccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct 180
ccagaatttc tctttttagt taatatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc 240
tgctgttgtt cttcttttta cccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga 300
agacgccctc agatcgggtc tccattttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga 360
ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttgggtgtggc 420
acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcttttttca tatcaggtga ctctgcaaca ggaaggtgac 480
tggtggttgc catggagatc tgagcccgcc agaaagtttt gctgtccaac aaatctactg 540
tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag 600

```

gctcagtttg ttcagtcttg acaatgacat tgtgtgtgga ctggaacagg tcactactgc      660
actggccggt ccacttcaga tgctgcaagt tgctgtagag gagntgcccc gccgtccctg      720
ccgcccgggt gaactcctgc aaactcatgc tgcaaagggt ctgcccgttg atgtcgaact      780
cntggaaagg gatacaattg gcatccagct ggttgggtgc caggagggtga tggagccact      840
cccacacctg gt                                     852

```

```

<210> 45
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 45
acaacagacc cttgctcgct aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg      60
agtctgacac catccggagc atcagcattg ctctgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaaactctt      120
gcctcgtttc tggctgggggt ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg      180
tgaacgtgtc ggtgggtgtct gaggagggtct gcagtaagct ctatgaccgg ctgt          234

```

```

<210> 46
<211> 590
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (590)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 46
actttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atgggtgtgta      60
atttgatagc aatatttttg agattacaga gttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaaa      120
aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaata gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa      180
tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaatca attttaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta      240
aaagctttca aaanaaanaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatggtat      300
caggataaan aactgaaggg canaaagaat taattttcac ttcatgtaac ncacccanat      360
ttacaatggc ttaaatgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aaggctcttc      420
tggctctctaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggctttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag      480
ggctcctgtt atatccacaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct      540
gccttccttt gaggagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt          590

```

```

<210> 47
<211> 774
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (774)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 47
acaagggggc ataatgaagg agtggggana gatttttaaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc      60
tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacggggcctt caaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac      120
gcttcactgc ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg      180
cattacagac gggactctgg gaggaaggat aaacagaaaag gggacaaaag ctaatcccaa      240
aacatcaaag aaaggaagggt ggcgtcatat ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggtctc      300

```



```

cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg      360
ctggctccctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgtgat cctgcgtggc      420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccaggtt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt      480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tccactcac cctccaaacc      540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgctg attactccag catcttgga caatccctga      600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggt gttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc      660
aggctgctgg cttcaaattn tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttgg caagtnatct      720
tcacttctat gggcctcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt          774

```

```

<210> 48
<211> 124
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(124)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 48
canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt      60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact      120
tggt

```

```

<210> 49
<211> 147
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(147)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 49
gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggaggtg ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt      60
tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtc gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt      120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt

```

```

<210> 50
<211> 107
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 50
acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttggggg tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatatatattgc      60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt

```

```

<210> 51
<211> 204
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 51
gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgacagg      60

```

```

cgggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt cagggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag 120
gccttgcaag gtcagaaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttgGCCA 180
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt 204

```

<210> 52

<211> 491

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(491)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52

```

acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaagggtta gtattgtgta 60
gggtattttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca 120
ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa 180
aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga ctttaantatt tttaaatatt 240
tcanaaacac ttctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca 300
atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc 360
atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat 420
caattttatt tggataacaa agggctctca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat 480
atcactcttg t 491

```

<210> 53

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53

```

acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga 60
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggattttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac 120
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct 180
caatcaaadc tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct 240
gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc 300
agcttttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttgtt gcctctccct 360
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncg 420
tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc 480
cant 484

```

<210> 54

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54

```

actaaacctc gtgcttgatg actccatata gaaaacgggt ccatccctga acacggctgg 60
ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca aaaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag 120
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t 151

```

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 ggcggatgtg cgttggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cggctccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
 aaggggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgcctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58
 <211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata cttttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccacttatta 120
 atttaccaat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttgggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59

acaacaaatg ggttgtagg aagtcttatac agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat	60
ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt	120
cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttcgaa	180
tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtgggt tccagacttt ccagaccag	240
cagaaggaaat ctattttatc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt	300
tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt	330

<210> 60

<211> 175

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60

accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcttgacggc tcttcacca acatctgggt ctacttcggc	60
gtcgtgggtc ccttcctctt cctcctcctc cagctgggtg tgctcatcga ctttgcgac	120
tcttggaacc agcgttggtt gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt	175

<210> 61

<211> 154

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 61

acccacttt tctcctgtg agcagtcctg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtagt	60
ggttggtgct cttcaacagt atcctccctt tcccgatct gctgagccg acagcagtg	120
tggactgcac agccccggg ctccacattg ctgt	154

<210> 62

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 62

cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga	30
----------------------------------	----

<210> 63

<211> 89

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

acaagtcatt tcagcacct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgttc	60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatggtt atgtcaagt	89

<210> 64

<211> 97

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64

accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag	60
aatcagtgc tccaggattg gtccttggat ctggggt	97

<210> 65
 <211> 377
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(377)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
 acaacaanaa ntccttctt taggcactg atggaaacct ggaacccct tttgatggca 60
 gcatggcgtc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntccaa accgcacacc 120
 ccaaccctgg tctaccaca ntctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggg 180
 tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agagggaagct caatgagaaa 240
 ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300
 tgggggtgaa ctaccccan gaggaatcat gctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
 gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
 acgcctttcc ctcagaattc aggggaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttcctcgg ttgttgcggtg 60
 agaaccctgt tgccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
 aggaactaac tgcacctgg tctctcccc agtccccagt tcacctcca tccctcacct 180
 tctccactc taaggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtgggtt 240
 ttatatattt ttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
 tgttt 305

<210> 67
 <211> 385
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
 actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
 ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcaggt ctgagagttc 120
 cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
 tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctcctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240
 ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
 cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatac 360
 catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
 <211> 73
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtccag tgtgggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggggctc tcaccctcct ctctctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcaactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggcaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagaggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa ctgggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagtccctt ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtcctt ggggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 70
 atgaccccta acagggggcc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccattgtgatt 60
 tcacttccac tccataacgc tcttcatact aggcctacta accaaccacac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccctccaa ctaggaggggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcacc accccgctaa atcccttaga agtcccactc ctaaaccacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcatacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataattgtaa gattggttta 120
 tgtgatttta gtggattttt tggcaccctt atatattgtt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
 attattttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtgtt aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaataggtgt gacctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgttaatt ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacaac agtatataag gctgtaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72
 <211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcggtga 60
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatctggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
 aaacatggan agattgggtgc tgganatcgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaaanac 360
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
 aaatacacc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
 <211> 499
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(499)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
 cagtgccagc actggtgcca gtaccagtac caataacagt gccagtgccca gtgccagcac 60
 cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
 tggccttggg ggagctgggt ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
 caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagctcttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
 ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagtgcaca 300
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggc cggccgctcg 360
 antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgcagc 420
 catctgttgt ttgccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgacct tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480
 gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(537)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

ttatcagctt	aactcagata	aaatcattga	aagtaataag	gtaaaagcta	gtctctaact	120
tccaggccca	cggctcaagt	gaatttgaat	actgcattta	cagtgtagag	taacacataa	180
cattgtatgc	atggaaacat	ggaggaacag	tattacagtg	tcctaccact	ctaatcaaga	240
aaagaattac	agactctgat	tctacagtga	tgattgaatt	ctaaaaatgg	taatcattag	300
ggcttttgat	ttataanact	ttgggtactt	atactaaatt	atggtagtta	tactgccttc	360
cagtttgctt	gatataattg	ttgatattaa	gattcttgac	ttatatattg	aatgggttct	420
actgaaaaan	gaatgatata	ttcttgaaga	catcgatata	catttattta	cactcttgat	480
tctacaatgt	agaaaatgaa	ggaaatgccc	caaattgtat	ggtgataaaa	gtcccgt	537

<210> 75

<211> 467

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(467)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75

caaanacaat	tggtcaaaag	atgcaaata	tacactactg	ctgcagctca	caaacacctc	60
tgcatattac	acgtacctcc	tcctgtctct	caagtagtgt	ggtctatatt	gccatcatca	120
cctgtctgtc	gcttagaaga	acggctttct	gctgcaangg	agagaaatca	taacagacgg	180
tggcacaagg	aggccatctt	ttcctcatcg	gttattgtcc	ctagaagegt	cttctgagga	240
tctagtggg	ctttctttct	gggtttgggc	catctcantt	ctcatgtgtg	tactattcta	300
tcattattgt	ataacgggtt	tcaaaccngt	gggcaacnag	agaacctcac	tctgtaataa	360
caatgaggaa	tagccacggg	gatctccagc	accaaattct	tccatgttnt	tccagagctc	420
ctccagccaa	cccaaatagc	cgctgctatn	gtgtagaaca	tccttgn		467

<210> 76

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76

aagctgacag	cattcgggcc	gagatgtctc	gtcccggtgc	cttagctgtg	ctcgcgctac	60
tctctctttc	tggcctggag	gctatccagc	gtactccaaa	gattcaggtt	tactcacgtc	120
atccagcaga	gaatggaaag	tcaaatttcc	tgaattgcta	tgtgtctggg	tttcatccat	180
ccgacattga	agttgactta	ctgaagaatg	gagagagaat	tgaaaaagtg	gagcattcag	240
acttgtcttt	cagcaaggac	tggcttttct	atctcttgta	ctacactgaa	ttcaccccca	300
ctgaaaaaga	tgagtatgcc	tgccgtgtga	accatgtgac	tttgtcacag	cccaagatng	360
ttnagtggga	tcanacatg	taagcagcan	catgggaggt			400

<210> 77

<211> 248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 77

ctggagtgcc	ttggtgtttc	aagccctgc	aggaagcaga	atgcaccttc	tgaggcacct	60
------------	------------	-----------	------------	------------	------------	----


```

ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggtcc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc      120
caggcactgt tcctctcagc tttctgtccc ctttgcctcc ggcaagcgct tctgctgaaa      180
gttcatactc ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaagggtcc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaa      240
aaaaaaaaa                                     248

```

```

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 78
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca      60
tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgcccac cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac      120
tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataaatgcct      180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a                                     201

```

```

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 79
tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg      60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt      120
cctctttcct ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag      180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt      240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc agggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact      300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga      360
taatattcta tgtttctaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta      420
ttcccaggaa tatgggggtc atttatgaat antaccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac      480
cngtttgggt taatacgta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa      540
aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     552

```

```

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga      60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgtgggca cccctggcct      120
cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt      180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcaacta      240
agggttaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt accttcatac      300
tcttctaagt cctcttcacg cctcactttg agtcctcctt gggggttgat aggaantntc      360

```

```
tcttggcttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat 420
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatggt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476
```

```
<210> 81
<211> 232
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(232)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 81
tttttttttg tatgcctcnc ctgtggnggt attgttgctg ccacctgga ggagcccagt 60
ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggatc ttcttggtc tgcctctcca ttcccagcct 120
ctcatcccca tcttgcactt ttgctagggt tggaggcgct ttcttggtag cccctcagag 180
actcagtcag cgggaataag tcctaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232
```

```
<210> 82
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 82
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgccg gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtctg 120
gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctgggtg 180
ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
gttaatcctg ccagtccttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcagaaacc tactcaacac 300
agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383
```

```
<210> 83
<211> 494
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(494)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 83
accgaattgg gaccgtggc ttataagcga tcatgtcctc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgaccgatg ggacaacaga cctgtctcagc 120
ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc gcgccctgtc ctctgagggt ccttaaaactg 240
atgtcttttc tggcacctgt taccctctcg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
agccctgatg cctttttgce agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
```

```

tatgcttgtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

```

```

<210> 84
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 84
gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttcttg 180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggccggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctgggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 380

```

```

<210> 85
<211> 481
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(481)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 85
gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggctctcgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg ttgcccacca cctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttcgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgtcga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagttag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtggggggg gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtccnt tgggtggnngc gentnccctt 480
t 481

```

```

<210> 86
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 86

```

```

aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttggaaaa gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaacactt      120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taaggggatg      180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga      240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gttagccaat tcactttctt      300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg      360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cctttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga      420
tgttnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg              472

```

<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

```

agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttgtg gacctaatth ttgtgtgctg      60
tgtgtgtgct cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tactttttga aaagcttatg      120
cctcttttgg atctatatct gtgaaagtth taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct      180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggc actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaatth cctgggtgaga aattncataa      360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanannn catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt              413

```

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

```

cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgcttg cccactccc cgcgtcccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggccg ggcccttgct cgcctcgctg cctctgctgg ccactctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggccgg ctccagctcc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt      180
gggaggccca tggacccgcg gtggaagaag aagggtgtgc gcgtgcactg gactttgcgc      240
tcggcnanta caacaaaccg gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgctgcag gttgtgccgc      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggttaantaa ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt nccccctccat aacagcccc tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaattht              448

```

<210> 89

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(463)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89

gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattgggcc aggatgcttt gagtttatca	60
gtagtgattc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaattagc	120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag ttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt	180
ctcagtgaca agttntttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcatc	240
tttnatgtn agacttgccct ctntnaaatt gcttttgtn tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc	463

<210> 90

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90

agggattgaa ggtctnttnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagctgctgt	60
cttccactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaaat	120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttccact	180
tcctttgtta agacttcatc tggtaaagtc ttaagttttg tagaaaggaa ttaattgct	240
cgttctctaa caatgtcctc tccttgaagt atttggtga acaaccacc tnaagtcct	300
ttgtgcatcc attttaaata tacttaatag ggcattggtt cactagggtt aattctgcaa	360
gagtcactctg tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcca	400

<210> 91

<211> 480

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(480)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgtt ggtgattctc acacacctcc nncgcctctt	180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaacta gcaagacatc acttacaaat tcaccacgga	240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgctt tttgtccctc cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaatact aacccgctgg ttgacctca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca	360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt	420
ngatcaggtt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa	480

<210> 92

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

atacagccca	natccccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttgttgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
ggccccgctg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccggccaat	gaactccact	cgtggcttgg	ggttgacggg	180
taantgcagg	aagaggctga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccgaact	gtgcgggacc	240
tgcagcgaaa	ctcctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaaccttccg	cctgttctct	ggcgccacct	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcacgga	tgcccantgt	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	cagggtcaatg	tcggtgaanc	ctccgcgggg	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	accttgccctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctctgg	ccttccccctc	120
cgcctcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgttttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtg	180
tgattttact	tgggaatttc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgctaata	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatgtt	tgctgtttna	gttgataaaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttcctg	tatttatttg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggc	cagttcccag	tggaagaaac	aggccaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgacct	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgacctct	120
ccaaggaaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttccccgag	gaggaagggg	aggggctctg	tgtgcccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacacccctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggctcc	ctctcagtec	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acaccacccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgtntc	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tcccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480

aaaaaaaaana aaaaa

495

<210> 95

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95

```

ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc      60
cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt      120
tagctgtttt gagttgatcc gcaccactgc accacaactc aatatgaaaa ctatttnact      180
tatttattat cttgtgaaaa gtatacaatg aaaattttgt tcatactgta tttatcaagt      240
atgatgaaaa gcaatagata tatattcttt tattatgttn aattatgatt gccattatta      300
atcggaacaaa tgtggagtgt atgttctttt cacagtaata tatgcctttt gtaacttcac      360
ttgggttattt tattgtaaat gaattacaaa attcttaatt taagaaaatg gtangttata      420
tttanttcan taatttcttt ccttggtttac gttaattttg aaaagaatgc at              472

```

<210> 96

<211> 476

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(476)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96

```

ctgaagcatt tcttcaaact tntctacttt tgtcattgat acctgtagta agtgacaat      60
gtgggtgaaa ttcaaaatta tatgtaactt ctactagttt tactttctcc cccaagtctt      120
ttttaactca tgatttttac acacacaatc cagaacttat tatatagcct ctaagtcrtt      180
attcttcaca gtatgatgat aaagagtctt ccagtgtctt gngcanaatg ttctagntat      240
agctggatac atacngtggg agttctataa actcatacct cagtgggact naaccaaagt      300
tgtgttagtc tcaattccta ccacactgag ggagcctccc aaatcactat attcttatct      360
gcaggtactc ctccagaaaa acngacaggg caggcttgca tgaaaaagtn acatctgcgt      420
tacaagctct atcttctcta nangtctgtn aaggaacaat ttaatcttct agcttt       476

```

<210> 97

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97

```

actctttcta atgctgatat gatcttgagt ataagaatgc atatgtcact agaatggata      60
aaataatgct gcaaaacttaa tgttcttatg caaaatggaa cgctaataaa acacagctta      120

```

caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgtctca	tctgtttag	atttagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgctc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttgg	gcaatnttcc	ttagtcaa	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	atgggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatTTTTaa	naatacactt	300
gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatTTTcact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnntTTTTa	natcaaagta	TTTTgtgttt	ggaantgtnn	aaatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttcnatctta	TTTTTcccn	gacnactant	tnctTTTTta	gggncatttc	tganccatc	479

<210> 98
 <211> 461
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 98						
agtgacttgt	cctccaacaa	aacccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagaccta	60
tgtagtctcc	tgtcatctat	tcgtactaa	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaattctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttctctac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatatcctca	tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	tggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaaat	300
ttacctggag	aaaagaggct	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaaccttct	cttaaggact	360
ttaagaaaaa	ctaccacatg	ttgtgtatcc	tgggtgccggc	cgtttatgaa	ctgaccaccc	420
tttggataaa	tcttgacgct	cctgaacttg	ctcctctgcy	a		461

<210> 99
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 99						
gtggcgcg	gcaggtgtt	cctcgtaccg	cagggccccc	tcccttcccc	agggcgtccct	60
cggcgccct	gcgggcccga	ggaggagcgg	ctggcggtg	gggggagtgt	gaccacccct	120
cggtgagaaa	agccttctct	agcgatctga	gaggcggtgc	ttgggggtac	c	171

<210> 100
 <211> 269
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 100						
cggccgcaag	tgcaactcca	gctggggccg	tgcggacgaa	gattctgcca	gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac	gacggcggcg	gcgacagtcg	caggtgcagc	gcgggcgcct	ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggtcgtgt	cacgtccac	gaccttgacg	ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac	agagcccggg	gaagcgggag	gcctcgggga	gcccctcggg	aagggcggcc	240
cgagagatac	gcaggtgcag	gtggccgcc				269

<210> 101
 <211> 405
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 101						
TTTTTTTTT	TTTTggaatc	tactgcgagc	acagcaggtc	agcaacaagt	ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg	taacagggtta	gggcatgggt	acatgttcag	gtcaacttcc	tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt	tgtctttatg	ggggcggggg	ggggtagggg	aaacgaagca	aataacatgg	180
agtgggtgca	ccctccctgt	agaacctggg	tacaaagctt	ggggcagttc	acctgggtctg	240
tgaccgtcat	tttcttgaca	tcaatgttat	tagaagtcag	gatattcttt	agagagtcca	300

ctgttctgga gggagattag ggtttcttgc caaatccaac aaaatccact gaaaaagttg 360
gatgatcagt acgaataccg aggcataatc tcatatcggg ggcca 405

<210> 102
<211> 470
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 102
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
ggcacttaat ccatttttat ttcaaaatgt ctacaaattt aatcccatta tacggtattt 120
tcaaaatcta aattattcaa attagccaaa tccttaccaa ataataccca aaaatcaaaa 180
atatacttct ttcagcaaac ttgttacata aattaaaaaa atatatacgg ctggtgtttt 240
caaagtacaa ttatcttaac actgcaaaaca ttttaaggaa ctaaaataaa aaaaaacact 300
ccgcaaaggt taaagggaac aacaaattct tttacaacac cattataaaa atcatatctc 360
aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacgg gatcttaact tttactcact ttgtttattt 420
ttttaaacca ttgtttgggc ccaacacaat ggaatccccc ctggactagt 470

<210> 103
<211> 581
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 103
tttttttttt ttttttttga cccccctctt ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact 60
tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgccaaagt 180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
agggaaaaca ggaagagaaa tggcacacaa aacaaacatt ttatattcat atttctacct 420
acgttaataa aatagcattt tgtgaagcca gctcaaaaga aggccttagat ccttttatgt 480
ccattttagt cactaaacga tatcaaagtg ccagaatgca aaagggttgt gaacatttat 540
tcaaaagcta atataagata tttcacatac tcatctttct g 581

<210> 104
<211> 578
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 104
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttctctt cttttttttt gaaatgagga tcgagttttt 60
cactctctag atagggcatg aagaaaactc atctttccag ctttaaaata acaatcaaat 120
ctcttatgct atatcatatt ttaagttaaa ctaatgagtc actggcttat cttctcctga 180
aggaaatctg ttcattcttc tcattcatat agttatatca agtactacct tgcattattga 240
gagggttttc ttctctattt acacatatat ttccatgtrga atttgatatca aacctttatt 300
ttcatgcaaa ctagaaaata atgtttcttt tgcataagag aagagaacaa tatagcatta 360
caaaactgct caaattgttt gttaagttat ccattataat tagttggcag gagctaatac 420
aatcacatt tacgacagca ataataaaac tgaagtacca gttaaatatc caaaataatt 480
aaaggaacat ttttagcctg ggtataatta gctaattcac tttacaagca tttattagaa 540
tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105
<211> 538
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 105

tttttttttt	tttttcagta	ataatcagaa	caatatttat	ttttatattt	aaaattcata	60
gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttaa	taaaagtttg	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	ataraccaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaaata	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgtactttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcttttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaaccc	538

<210> 106

<211> 473

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagtttctat	ttttattata	attaaagtct	tggtcatttc	60
atttatttagc	tctgcaactt	acatatttraa	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taagggtgcca	ttattgagta	atatatttct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatccccc	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatcac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaate	aaatgatctg	acctatcttc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttcttc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgc	ggctctttgc	acttgtttca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

cgccatggca	ctgcagggca	tctcggtcat	ggagctgtcc	ggcctggccc	cgggcccgtt	60
ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	gcgtgtggta	cgcgtggacc	ggcccggctc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgctcg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcgggga	gccgccgtgc	tgcggcgtct	gtgcaagcgg	tcggatgtgc	tgtctggagcc	240
cttcgcggcg	gggtgcatgg	agaaactcca	gctgggcccc	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atztatgcca	ggctgagtgg	atttggccag	tcagggaagct	tctgccggtt	360
agctggccac	gatatcaact	atttggcttt	gtcaggtgtt	ctctcaaaaa	ttggcagaag	420
tggtgagaat	ccgtatgccc	cgctgaatct	cctggctgac	tttgctgggtg	gtggccttat	480
gtgtgcaactg	ggcattataa	tggctctttt	tgaccgcaca	cgcactgaca	agggctcaggt	540
cattgatgca	aatatggtgg	aaggaaacagc	atatttaagt	tcttttctgt	ggaaaactca	600
gaaatcgagt	ctgtgggaag	cacctcgagg	acagaacatg	ttggatgggtg	gagcaccttt	660
ctatacgact	tacaggacag	cagatgggga	attcatggct	gttggagcaa	tagaacccca	720
gttctacgag	ctgctgatca	aaggacttgg	actaaagtct	gatgaacttc	ccaatcagat	780
gagcatggat	gattggccag	aaatgaagaa	gaagtttgca	gatgtatttg	caaagaagac	840
gaaggcagag	tgggtgcaaa	tctttgacgg	cacagatgcc	tgtgtgactc	cggttctgac	900
ttttgaggag	gttgttcata	atgatacaaa	caaggaaacgg	ggctcgttta	tcaccagtga	960
ggagcaggac	gtgagccccc	gccctgcacc	tctgctgtta	aacaccccag	ccatcccttc	1020
tttcaaaagg	gatacctttca	taggagaaca	cactgaggag	atacttgaag	aatttggatt	1080
cagccgcgaa	gagatttatc	agcttaactc	agataaaatc	attgaaagta	ataaggtaaa	1140
agctagtctc	taacttccag	gcccacggct	caagtgaatt	tgaatactgc	atttacagtg	1200
tagagtaaca	cataacattg	tatgcatgga	aacatggagg	aacagtatta	cagtgtccta	1260

```

ccactctaatt caagaaaaga attacagact ctgattctac agtgatgatt gaattctaaa 1320
aatgggttatc attagggctt ttgatttata aaactttggg tacttatact aaattatggt 1380
agttattctg ccttccagtt tgcttgatat atttgttgat attaagattc ttgacttata 1440
ttttgaatgg gttctagtga aaaaggaatg atatattctt gaagacatcg atatacattt 1500
atttacactc ttgattctac aatgtagaaa atgaggaaat gccacaaatt gtatggtgat 1560
aaaagtcacg tgaacaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1620
a 1621

```

<210> 108

<211> 382

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

```

Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
1      5      10      15
Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Met Val Leu Ala Asp Phe Gly Ala Arg Val Val
20      25      30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35      40      45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50      55      60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65      70      75      80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85      90      95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100     105     110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115     120     125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130     135     140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145     150     155     160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165     170     175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180     185     190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
195     200     205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210     215     220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225     230     235     240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245     250     255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260     265     270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275     280     285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290     295     300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305     310     315     320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

```

	325		330		335
Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu					
	340		345		350
Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn					
	355		360		365
Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu					
370		375		380	

<210> 109
 <211> 1524
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 109

ggcacgaggg	tgcgccaggg	cctgagcggg	ggcggggggc	gcctcgccag	cgggggcccc	60
gggcctggcc	atgcctcaact	gagccagcgc	ctgcgcctct	acctcgccga	cagctggaac	120
cagtgcgacc	tagtggtctt	cacctgtctt	ctcctgggcg	tgggctgccc	gctgaccccc	180
ggtttgacc	acctggggcg	cactgtccct	tgcatcgact	tcatggtttt	cacgggtgcg	240
ctgcttcaca	ctttcacggg	caacaaacag	ctggggccca	agatcgatcat	cgtgagcaag	300
atgatgaagg	acgtgttctt	cttctctctt	ttcctcgggc	tgtggctggt	agcctatggc	360
gtggccacgg	aggggctcct	gaggccacgg	gacagtgact	tcccaagtat	cctgcgccc	420
gtcttctacc	gtccctacct	gcagatcttc	gggcagattc	cccaggagga	catggacgtg	480
gccctcatgg	agcacagcaa	ctgctcgtcg	gagcccggtt	tctgggcaca	ccctcctggg	540
gcccaggcgg	gcacctgcgt	ctcccagtat	gccaaactgg	tgggtgggtg	gctcctcgtc	600
atcttcctgc	tcgtggccaa	catcctgctg	gtcaacttgc	tcaatgccat	gttcagttac	660
acattcggca	aagtacaggg	caacagcgat	ctctactgga	aggcgcgagc	ttaccgcctc	720
atccgggaat	tccactctcg	gcccgcgctg	gccccgcctt	ttatcgatcat	ctcccacttg	780
cgctcctgc	tcaggcaatt	gtgcaggcga	ccccggagcc	cccagccgtc	ctccccggcc	840
ctcgagcatt	tccgggttta	cctttctaa	gaagccgagc	ggaagctgct	aaagtgggaa	900
tcggtgcata	aggagaactt	tctgctggca	cgcgctaggg	acaagcggga	gagcgactcc	960
gagcgtctga	agcgcacgtc	ccagaagggt	gacttggcac	tgaaacagct	gggacacatc	1020
cgcgagtacg	aacagcgcct	gaaagtgtcg	gagcgggagg	tccagcagtg	tagccgcgtc	1080
ctgggggtgg	tggccgaggg	cctgagccgc	tctgccttgc	tgccccagg	tgggcccgcc	1140
ccccctgacc	tgccctgggtc	caaagactga	gccctgctgg	cggacttcaa	ggagaagccc	1200
ccacagggga	ttttgtctct	agagtaaggc	tcatctgggc	ctcgccccc	gcacctggtg	1260
gccttgtcct	tgaggtgagc	cccatgtcca	tctggggccac	tgtcaggacc	acctttggga	1320
gtgtcatcct	tacaaaccac	agcatgccc	gctcctccca	gaaccagtcc	cagcctggga	1380
ggatcaaggc	ctggatcccc	ggccgttatc	catctggagg	ctgcagggtc	cttggggtaa	1440
cagggaccac	agacccctca	ccactcacag	attcctcaca	ctggggaaat	aaagccattt	1500
cagaggaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa				1524

<210> 110
 <211> 3410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 110

gggaaccagc	ctgcacgcgc	tggctccggg	tgacagccgc	gcgcctcggc	caggatctga	60
gtgatgagac	gtgtccccac	tgaggtgccc	cacagcagca	ggtgttgagc	atgggctgag	120
aagctggacc	ggcaccaaa	ggctggcaga	aatgggcgcc	tggctgattc	ctaggcagtt	180
ggcggcagca	aggaggagag	gccgcagctt	ctggagcaga	gccgagacga	agcagttctg	240
gagtgccctga	acggccccct	gagccctacc	cgcctggccc	actatgggtc	agaggctgtg	300
ggtgagccgc	ctgctgcggc	accggaaaagc	ccagctcttg	ctggtcaacc	tgctaacctt	360
tggcctggag	gtgtgttttg	ccgcaggcat	cacctatgtg	ccgcctctgc	tgctggaagt	420
gggggtagag	gagaagttca	tgaccatggt	gctgggcatt	ggtccagtgc	tgggcctggt	480

ctgtgtcccg	ctcctaggct	cagccagtga	ccactggcgt	ggacgctatg	gccgccgccg	540
gccccctcatc	tgggcaactgt	ccttgggcat	cctgctgagc	ctctttctca	tcccaagggc	600
cggctggcta	gcagggctgc	tgtgcccga	tcccaggccc	ctggagctgg	cactgctcat	660
cctgggcgtg	gggctgctgg	acttctgtgg	ccagggtgtg	ttcactccac	tggaggccct	720
gctctctgac	ctcttccggg	acccggacca	ctgtcgccag	gcctactctg	tctatgcctt	780
catgatcagt	cttgggggct	gcctgggcta	cctcctgcct	gccattgact	gggacaccag	840
tgccttgccc	ccctacctgg	gcacccagga	ggagtgcctc	tttggcctgc	tcacctcat	900
cttcctcacc	tgcgtagcag	ccacactgct	ggtggctgag	gaggcagcgc	tgggccccac	960
cgagccagca	gaagggctgt	cggccccctc	cttgctgccc	cactgctgtc	catgccgggc	1020
ccgcttggtt	ttccggaacc	tgggcgccct	gcttccccgg	ctgcaccagc	tgtgctgccg	1080
catgccccgc	accttgccgc	ggctcttcgt	ggctgagctg	tgcagctgga	tggcactcat	1140
gaccttcacg	ctgttttaca	cggatttcgt	gggcgagggg	ctgtaccagg	gcgtgccag	1200
agctgagcgg	ggcaccgagg	cccggagaca	ctatgatgaa	ggcgttcgga	tgggcagcct	1260
ggggctgttc	ctgcagtgcg	ccatctccct	ggtcttctct	ctggctcatgg	accggctggt	1320
gcagcgattc	ggcactcgag	cagtctatct	ggccagtgtg	gcagctttcc	ctgtggctgc	1380
cggtgccaca	tgcctgtccc	acagtgtggc	cgtggtgaca	gcttcagccg	ccctcaccgg	1440
gttcaccttc	tcagccctgc	agatcctgcc	ctacacactg	gcctccctct	accaccggga	1500
gaagcaggtg	ttcctgcca	aatacagagg	ggacactgga	ggtgctagca	gtgaggacag	1560
cctgatgacc	agcttccctgc	caggccctaa	gcctggagct	cccttcccta	atggacacgt	1620
gggtgctgga	ggcagtggcc	tgtctccacc	tccaccgcgc	ctctgcgggg	cctctgcctg	1680
tgar.gctctc	gtacgtgtgg	tgggtgggtga	gcccaccgag	gccaggggtg	ttccgggccg	1740
gggcactctgc	ctggacctcg	ccatcctgga	tagtgccctc	ctgctgtccc	aggtggcccc	1800
atccctgttt	atgggctcca	ttgtccagct	cagcagctct	gtcactgcct	atatggtgtc	1860
tgcgcagggc	ctgggtctgg	tcgccattta	ctttgctaca	caggtagtat	ttgacaaga	1920
cgacttggcc	aaatactcag	cgtagaaaac	ttccagcaca	ttgggggtgga	gggcctgcct	1980
cactgggtcc	cagctccccg	ctcctgttag	ccccatgggg	ctgccggggt	ggccgcagct	2040
ttctgttgct	gccaaagtaa	tgtggctctc	tgtgccacc	ctgtgctgct	gaggtgctga	2100
gctgcacagc	tgggggctgg	ggcgtccctc	tcctctctcc	ccagtctcta	gggctgcccg	2160
actggaggcc	ttccaaaggg	gtttcagctc	ggactataac	aggagggcca	gaagggtccc	2220
atgcaactgga	atgcggggac	tctgcagggt	gattacccag	gctcagggtt	aacagctagc	2280
ctcctagtgt	agacacacct	agagaagggc	ttttgggagc	tgaataaact	cagtacacct	2340
gtttcccatc	tctaagcccc	ttaacctgca	gcttcgttta	atgtagctct	tgcattggag	2400
ttcttaggat	gaaacactcc	tccatgggat	ttgaacatat	gacttatttg	taggggaaga	2460
gtcctgaggg	gcaacacaca	agaaccaggt	cccctcagcc	cacagcactg	tctttttgct	2520
gatccacccc	cctcttacct	tttatcagga	tgtggcctgt	tggctcctct	gttgccatca	2580
cagagacaca	ggcattttaa	tatttaactt	atttatttta	caaagtagaa	gggaatccat	2640
tgttagcttt	tctgtgttgg	tgtctaatat	ttgggtaggg	tgggggatac	ccaacaatca	2700
ggtcccttga	gatagctggt	cattgggctg	atcattgcc	gaatcttctt	ctcctggggt	2760
ctggcccccc	aaaatgccta	accagggacc	ttggaaattc	tactcatccc	aaatgataat	2820
tccaaatgct	gttaccceaag	gttaggggtg	tgaagggaag	tagagggtgg	ggcttcagggt	2880
ctcaacggct	tccttaacca	ccctcttct	cttggccag	cctgggtccc	cccacttcca	2940
ctccccctta	ctctctctag	gactgggctg	atgaaggcac	tgcctaaaat	ttccccctacc	3000
cccaactttc	ccctaccccc	aactttcccc	accagctcca	caacctgtt	tggagctact	3060
gcaggaccag	aagcacaaaag	tgcggtttcc	caagcctttg	tccatctcag	ccccagagt	3120
atatctgtgc	ttggggaatc	tcacacagaa	actcaggagc	acccccctgc	tgagctaaag	3180
gaggtcttat	ctctcagggg	gggtttaagt	gccgtttgca	ataatgtcgt	cttatttatt	3240
tagcgggggtg	aatattttat	actgtaagtg	agcaatcaga	gtataatgtt	tatggtgaca	3300
aaattaaagg	ctttcttata	tgtttaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	3360
aaaaaaaaara	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaataa	aaaaaaaaaa		3410

<210> 111

<211> 1289

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 111

agccaggcgt	ccctctgcct	gccactcag	tggcaacacc	cgggagctgt	tttgccttt	60
gtggagcctc	agcagttccc	tctttcagaa	ctcactgcc	agagccctga	acaggagcca	120
ccatgcagtg	cttcagcttc	attaagacca	tgatgatacct	cttcaatttg	ctcatctttc	180
tgtgtggtgc	agccctgttg	gcagtgggca	tctgggtgtc	aatcgatggg	gcataccttc	240
tgaagatctt	cgggccactg	tcgtccagtg	ccatgcagtt	tgccaacgtg	ggctacttcc	300
tcacgcgagc	cggcgttgtg	gtctttgtc	ttggtttcct	gggctgctat	ggtgctaaga	360
ctgagagcaa	gtgtgccctc	gtgacgttct	tcttcatacct	cctcctcatc	ttcattgctg	420
aggttgagc	tgctgtgggtc	gccttggtgt	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgctggtagt	gcctgccatc	aagaaagatt	atggttccca	ggaagacttc	actcaagtgt	540
ggaacaccac	catgaaagg	ctcaagtgcct	gtggcttcac	caactatacg	gattttgagg	600
actcacccta	cttcaaagag	aacagtgcct	ttccccatt	ctgttgcaat	gacaacgtca	660
ccaacacagc	caatgaaacc	tgcaccaagc	aaaagggtca	cgacaaaaaa	gtagagggtt	720
gcttcaatca	gcttttgtat	gacatccgaa	ctaatagcagt	caccgtgggt	ggtgtggcag	780
ctggaattgg	gggcctcgag	ctggctgcc	tgatttgtgc	catgtatctg	tactgcaatc	840
tacaataagt	ccacttctgc	ctctgccact	actgctgcc	catgggaact	gtgaagaggc	900
accctggcaa	gcagcagtg	ttgggggagg	ggacaggatc	taacaatgtc	acttgggcca	960
gaatggacct	gccctttctg	ctccagactt	ggggctagat	agggaccact	ccttttagcg	1020
atgcctgact	ttccttccat	tgggtgggtg	atgggtgggg	ggcattccag	agcctctaag	1080
gtagccagtt	ctgttgccca	ttccccagt	ctattaaacc	cttgatatgc	cccctaggcc	1140
tagtggtagt	ccagtgctc	tactggggga	tgagagaaaag	gcattttata	gcctgggcat	1200
aagtgaaatc	agcagagcct	ctgggtggat	gtgtagaagg	cacttcaaaa	tgcataaacc	1260
tgttacaatg	ttaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa				1289

<210> 112

<211> 315

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 112

Met	Val	Phe	Thr	Val	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Ile	Phe	Thr	Val	Asn	Lys	Gln
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Gly	Pro	Lys	Ile	Val	Ile	Val	Ser	Lys	Met	Met	Lys	Asp	Val	Phe
			20					25					30		
Phe	Phe	Leu	Phe	Phe	Leu	Gly	Val	Trp	Leu	Val	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Val	Ala
			35				40						45		
Thr	Glu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Ser	Asp	Phe	Pro	Ser	Ile	Leu
			50				55				60				
Arg	Arg	Val	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Ile	Phe	Gly	Gln	Ile	Pro
65					70				75					80	
Gln	Glu	Asp	Met	Asp	Val	Ala	Leu	Met	Glu	His	Ser	Asn	Cys	Ser	Ser
				85					90					95	
Glu	Pro	Gly	Phe	Trp	Ala	His	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys
			100					105					110		
Val	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Trp	Leu	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Ile	Phe
			115				120						125		
Leu	Leu	Val	Ala	Asn	Ile	Leu	Leu	Val	Asn	Leu	Leu	Ile	Ala	Met	Phe
			130				135					140			
Ser	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Gly	Lys	Val	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Trp	Lys
145					150				155					160	
Ala	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Ile	Arg	Glu	Phe	His	Ser	Arg	Pro	Ala	Leu
				165					170					175	
Ala	Pro	Pro	Phe	Ile	Val	Ile	Ser	His	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Leu	Arg	Gln
			180					185					190		
Leu	Cys	Arg	Arg	Pro	Arg	Ser	Pro	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ser	Pro	Ala	Leu	Glu

195 200 205
 His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
 210 215 220
 Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
 245 250 255
 Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
 260 265 270
 Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
 275 280 285
 Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
 290 295 300
 Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
 305 310 315

<210> 113

<211> 553

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 113

Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
 20 25 30
 Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
 35 40 45
 Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
 50 55 60
 Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
 85 90 95
 Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
 100 105 110
 Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
 115 120 125
 Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
 130 135 140
 Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
 165 170 175
 Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
 180 185 190
 Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
 195 200 205
 Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
 210 215 220
 Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
 225 230 235 240
 Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
 245 250 255
 Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg

```

      260      265      270
Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
      275      280      285
Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
      290      295      300
Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
      305      310      315      320
Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
      325      330      335
Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
      340      345      350
Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
      355      360      365
Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
      370      375      380
Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
      385      390      395      400
Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
      405      410      415
Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
      420      425      430
Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
      435      440      445
Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
      450      455      460
Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
      465      470      475      480
Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
      485      490      495
Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
      500      505      510
Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
      515      520      525
Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
      530      535      540
Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
      545      550

```

<210> 114

<211> 241

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 114

```

Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
  1          5          10          15
Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
      20          25          30
Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
      35          40          45
Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
      50          55          60
Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
      65          70          75          80
Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile

```


<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(305)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117

acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctgggtca acatanagga acagggacca	60
tatttatcct ccttcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa	120
aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacagggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga	180
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaatagcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt	240
gactgccccca gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat	300
tgggt	305

<210> 118

<211> 71

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(71)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118

accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa	60
aantcctggg t	71

<210> 119

<211> 212

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(212)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119

actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca	60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac	120
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaagggtt ctcactaanc ggaattaant	180
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt	212

<210> 120

<211> 90

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(90)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120
 actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tggctcttgcc 60
 ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctgggggtggt 90

<210> 121
 <211> 218
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(218)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121
 tgtancgtga anacgacaga nagggttgtc aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga 60
 gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttggggcta aaacatgggtt attgggagac atttctgaag 120
 atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat gggtcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
 agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
 taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
 catttgtag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atggtggggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
 caccaccccg gcgggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctggt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
 <211> 76
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(76)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
 tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
 ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
 <211> 131
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
 acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
 caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg 120
 ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125
 <211> 432
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
 actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
 cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact ttgtctcaga tgctgaagaa 120
 ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
 ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
 ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
 catggtgggg gtcttgcacg tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360
 caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaaccctc agtgcctctc 420
 ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
 <211> 112
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
 acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
 agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaataatt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127
 <211> 54
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
 accacgaaac cacaaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
 <211> 323
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
 acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60
 acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgtcga 120
 ttctctctga agtctaggtt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc 180
 ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
 ttcttgcaaa aggttcactc agtcccttgc ttgtctcagt gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
 aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
 <211> 192
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (192)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129

```
acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatac      60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc      120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg      180
gataaacaaa gt                                     192
```

<210> 130

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(362)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130

```
ccctttttta tgggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca      60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggt tcagtttatg cccctgacaa      120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggt atcctccatg ttattagtaa      180
ttctgtattc cattttgtta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata      240
cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtgggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat      300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg ggttgggtgt aaagctcttt gctaattcta aaaagtaatg      360
gg                                     362
```

<210> 131

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131

```
ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttgtt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca      60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga      120
gttctccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc      180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaaat ctgatgtgat ttggtttatt atccaactaa      240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc      300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt                                     332
```

<210> 132

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(322)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132

```
acttttgcca tttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc      60
```

```

agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat   120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggaccttg tatctcgggt   180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg   240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct   300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca                                           322

```

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

```

acaagccttc acaagtttaa cttaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt   60
cttggttttc ttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta   120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacaa atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg   180
ctattcctgt ttgtcaaag aaattatatt ttcaaaaata tgnatatttg ttgatgggt   240
cccacgaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg                               278

```

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

```

gtttanaaaa ctgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca   60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatttt tacttgatt ttgcttttgg   120
t                                           121

```

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

```

acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc   60
atancaagtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaaggtcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc   120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtaactcca   180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgtcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgtc   240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag   300
ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tctggggcg tcaactcagt               350

```

<210> 136
 <211> 399
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(399)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntccctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
 cctggcgggc agccagccag ccacagggtg gcttcttcct ttgtgtgtga caacnccaag 240
 aaaactgcag agggccaggg tcagggtgna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccagggtgc 300
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
 <211> 165
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
 actggtgtgg tngggggtga tgctggtggt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
 ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcaactgtcat tgggtggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138
 <211> 338
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(338)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
 actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60
 ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccaa 120
 tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggtt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180
 tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaagggtg ttggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240
 cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gttccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300
 aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139
 <211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139

gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccga gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag acctcgtcac tccctgggtg agcctgggtg gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc	180
atttgcctta ctcagggtgct accggactct ggcccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc ccctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tccctcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt	382

<210> 140

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140

accaaactt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat	60
acttttcatt taacancttt tgtaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctccat anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt	180
atattcagca taaaggagaa	200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141

actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt	120
atgcatgtag agaaccctaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actanttcca atggggaaaa agcaagatgg	300
attcacaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt	335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa	tattgscaca	tatatccttt	ccaattgcgg	gctaaacaga	cgtgtattta	60
gggttggtta	aagacaaccc	agcttaatat	caagagaaat	tgtgaccttt	catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga	aaacactgag	ttttgacaaa	tcttatttta	ttcagatagc	agtctgatca	180
cacatgggtcc	aacaacactc	aaataataaa	tcaaataatna	tcagatgtta	aagattgggtc	240
ttcaaacatc	atagccaatg	atgccccgct	tgcctataat	ctctccgaca	taaaaccaca	300
tcaacacctc	agtggccacc	aaaccattca	gcacagcttc	cttaactgtg	agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt	ctgagcacta	ttgactatnt	ttttcangct	ctgaatagct	ctagggatct	420
cagcangggg	gggaggaacc	agctcaacct	tggcgtant			459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt	ccaccaagtc	aggactcctg	gcttctgtgg	gagttcttat	cacctgaggg	60
aatccaaac	agtctctcct	agaaaggaat	agtgtcacca	acccaccca	tctcctgag	120
accatccgac	ttccctgtgt					140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa	caacatacaa	taacaacatt	aagtgtatat	tgccatcttt	gtcattttct	60
atctatacca	ctctcccttc	tgaaaacaan	aatcactanc	caatcactta	tacaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa	tccatatttg	tttcaataa	ggaaaaaag	atgt		164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca	tccaactttg	tatttgtaat	ggcaaacatc	cagnagcaat	tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt	atttataccc	aattatccca	ttcattaaca	tgccctcctc	ctcagggtat	120
gcaggacagc	tatcataagt	cggcccaggc	atccagatac	taccattttg	ataaacttca	180
gtaggggagt	ccatccaagt	gacaggctta	atcaaaggag	gaaatggaac	ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaatn	ttgcttagct	gaaacagcca	caaaagactt	accgccgtgg	tgattaccat	300
caa						303

<210> 146

<211> 327
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac ttctcatcanc ttctccctgg gtcctatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctggtt gggttgagaga gtccttttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gagggtagga ggagccagca tggacaaga gcctactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcaactgtgc tttctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcactat 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttccctgc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180
 gtggctctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgtcac 240
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccatectctt acacagctac ctccctgctc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggt aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

```
acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcattttaag agggaagaac      60
taacgtatatt tagagagcca aggaagggttt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct      120
gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca      180
tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa                                           207
```

<210> 150

<211> 111

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(111)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

```
accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg      60
cacttaaatg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t              111
```

<210> 151

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

```
agcgcggcag gtcataattga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac      60
agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat      120
ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccgca cagccactg tgggtcccccac tgtctacgag      180
gtgcatccgg ctcaagt                                           196
```

<210> 152

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

```
acagcacttt cacatgtaag aagggagaaa ttcctaaatg taggagaaaag ataacagaac      60
cttccccctt tcatctagtg ggggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag      120
gagggagttt gt                                              132
```

<210> 153

<211> 285

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(285)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153

```
acaanacca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag      60
```

```

cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctcagcagga    120
gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttggaact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcataaacac    180
cctggctagt gaggggtgcg cgccgtcctt ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tcgtgcacca    240
gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt                      285

```

```

<210> 154
<211> 333
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 154
accacagtc tgttgggcca gggcttcatg accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc    60
accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac    120
cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactcccact ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgcctg    180
attggcacag gagtgcgaagg tgttcagctc cctcctcctg tggaaagaga ctctgatttg    240
agtttcacaa attctcgggc cacctcgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg    300
gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg                      333

```

```

<210> 155
<211> 308
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (308)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 155
actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg    60
gaaagtgcct tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgac gatgattttt gttataatat    120
ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag cccagcccc    180
atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggt    240
gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcatgctg    300
gccttggt                      308

```

```

<210> 156
<211> 295
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 156
accttgctcg gtgcttggaa catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta    60
ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgtagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaactga    120
gaataggaga ttatgtttgg cctcatatt cctcctatc ctccttgcct cattctatgt    180
ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggtagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat    240
aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat       295

```

```

<210> 157
<211> 126
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 157
acaagtttaa atagtgcgtg cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct    60

```

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
cttagt 126

<210> 158

<211> 442

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(442)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158

acccactggt ctgggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttccagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatatct 180
ctggtgggtc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300
ccaaccctgt tttccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159

<211> 498

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(498)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

acttccaggt aacgttggtt tttccgttga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtaggttc 60
tccaacaaga actgaggttg cagagcgggt agggaagagt gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120
gctgctgtgg actgttggtt attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaag 180
gtgtgtgtgt gganttgagc tcgggcggct gtggtaggtt gtgggtctct caacaggggc 240
tgctgtgggt ccggggangt aangtggtgt gtcacttgag ctgggccagc tctggaaagt 300
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360
cgaaccagtg ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420
tcaggtaana atgtggtttc agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaaggttgta nattgtcacc 480
aagggataaa gctgtggt 498

<210> 160

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

```

acctgcatcc agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac      60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct      120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tggggctctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc      180
cactagacat ctcatcagcc acttgtgtga agagatgccc catgacccca gatgcctctc      240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg      300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa      360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga                                     380

```

```

<210> 161
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 161
actccacatc cctctgagc aggcgggtgt cgttcaaggc gtatttgccc ttgcctgtca      60
cactgtccac tggcccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt          114

```

```

<210> 162
<211> 177
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 162
actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa      60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt      120
tggtgatata taacttggca ataaccagc ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcaactgt      177

```

```

<210> 163
<211> 137
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (137)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 163
catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac      60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt      120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

```

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 164
cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta      60
tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaat gagggagtcc caggagattc aaccaggaaa      120

```

```

tgcattggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt      180
gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg      240
ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg      300
gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct      360
tctagtaggc acagggctcc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat      420
gattgtgtag ccatgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt      469

```

<210> 165

<211> 195

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (195)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165

```

acagtttttt atanatateg acattgccgg cacttggtgt cagtttcata aagctgggtg      60
atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggctag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc      120
tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact      180
tcctctgaga tgagt      195

```

<210> 166

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

```

acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc      60
cgaggtcgga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgtcfaat cttgggcttg gcgccaccc      120
ttggagaagg gatatgctgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt      180
tttgagagcc agcctgagca aggggaggat gttcagcttc agctcctcct tcgtcagggtg      240
gatgccaacc tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctggtgtcc acntcaccta caacctgggc      300
gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt      360
nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc      383

```

<210> 167

<211> 247

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (247)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

```

acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat      60
tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggccc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc      120

```

tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac 180
 tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac 240
 tgangtc 247

<210> 168

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(273)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

acttctaagt ttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg ttactttcaa 60
 aatccctcan ccttgttctt cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg 120
 gctgacacct gagcctgnat ttactcatcc ccttgagaag ccttttcag taggggtggc 180
 aattcccaac ttcttgcca caagcttccc aggttttctc ccttggaata ctccagcttg 240
 agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca 273

<210> 169

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

acagccttgg cttcccaaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc 60
 agctcagacc aggtgcaaa gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acaggttcta 120
 ctactgtcaa atgacccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag 180
 ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac 240
 cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcactgctgg gcaccagctc 300
 acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcc aacttcatac atccaactgg 360
 aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc 420
 tcgaacactg a 431

<210> 170

<211> 266

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(266)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

acctgtgggc tggctgtta tgctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagttca gaggtggagc 60
 tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat ttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact 120
 ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat 180

gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171

<211> 1248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (1248)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171

```

ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca 60
ctgggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtccctg tgcattccgca gtgggtgctg 120
tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt gagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
cggcaccacag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300
gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
gcgggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggcggagggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccagggtgtc acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
actgagtgga tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aaccatgaa 720
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agccccctct 780
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggcccccagc cctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
cccagccctc cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccctccc tccctcagac 900
ccaggagtcc agccccctct cctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc 960
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctctcctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
ccaaccntc attcccaga cccagaggtc cagggtccag cccctcntcc ctcagaccca 1080
gcggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc ccttgtggc acgttgacct 1140
aaccttacca gttggttttt ctttttngt ccttttccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1248

```

<210> 172

<211> 159

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1) ... (159)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172

```

Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
  1              5              10              15
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
              20              25              30
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
              35              40              45
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
  50              55              60

```

Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
 85 90 95
 Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
 115 120 125
 Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
 130 135 140
 Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 145 150 155

<210> 173

<211> 1265

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1265)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

```

ggcagcccg c actcgagcc ctggcaggcg gcactgggtca tggaaaacga attgttctgc      60
tcgggcgctc tgggtgcacc gcagtgggtg ctgtcagccg cactactgtt ccagaactcc      120
tacaccatcg ggctgggccc gcacagtctt gaggccgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg      180
gtggaggcca gcctctccgt acggcaccca gactacaaca gaccttgct cgtcaacgac      240
ctcatgtctc tcaagttgga cgaatccgtg tccgagtctg acaccatccg gagcatcagc      300
attgtctcgc agtgccctac cgcggggaac tcttgccctg cttctggctg gggctctgctg      360
gcgaacgggtg agctcacggg tgtgtgtctg cctcttctca ggaggctctc tgcccagtcg      420
cgggggctga cccagagctc tgcgtcccag gcagaatgcc taccgtgctg cagtgcgtga      480
acgtgtcggg ggtgtctgag gaggtctgca gtaagctcta tgaccgctg taccacccca      540
gcattgtctg cgcggcgcca gggcaagacc agaaggactc ctgcaacggt gactctgggg      600
ggcccctgat ctgcaacggg tacttgaggg gccttgtgtc ttctcgaaaa gcccggtgtg      660
gccaaagtgg cgtgccaggt gtctacacca acctctgcaa attcaactgag tggatagaga      720
aaaccgtcca ggccagttaa ctctggggac tgggaaccca tgaaattgac ccccaaatac      780
atcctgcgga aggaattcag gaatatctgt tcccagcccc tctcctctca ggcccaggag      840
tccagggccc cagccccctc tccctcaaac caagggtaca gatccccagc cctcctctcc      900
tcagacccag gagtcagac cccccagccc ctctcctctc agacccagga gtccagcccc      960
tcctcentca gacccaggag tccagacccc ccagcccctc ctccctcaga cccaggggtt     1020
gaggccccca acccctctc ctctcagatc agagggtcaa gcccccaacc cctcgttccc     1080
cagacccaga ggttnaggtc ccagcccctc ttcctcaga cccagnngtc caatgccacc     1140
tagattttcc ctgnacacag tgcccccttg tggngangttg acccaacctt accagttggt     1200
ttttcatttt tngtcccttt cccctagatc cagaaataaa gttaaagaga ngngcaaaaa     1260
aaaaa                                           1265
  
```

<210> 174

<211> 1459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

```

ggtcagccgc acactgtttc cagaagttag tgcagagctc ctacaccatc gggctgggcc      60
tgcacagtct tgaggccgac caagagccag ggagccagat ggtggaggcc agcctctccg      120
tacggcaccc agagtacaac agacccttgc tcgctaacga cctcatgctc atcaagttag      180
acgaatccgt gtccgagtct gacaccatcc ggagcatcag cattgcttcg cagtgcctta      240
ccgcggggaa ctcttgcttc gtttctggct ggggtctgct ggcgaacggt gagctcacgg      300
gtgtgtgtct gccctcttca aggaggtcct ctgccagtc gcgggggctg acccagagct      360
ctgctcccca ggcagaatgc ctaccgtgct gcagtgcgtg aacgtgtcgg tgggtgtctga      420
ngaggctctg antaagctct atgaccgct gtaccacccc ancatgttct gcgccggcgg      480
agggcaagac cagaaggact cctgcaacgt gagagagggg aaaggggagg gcaggcgact      540
cagggaaggg tggagaaggg ggagacagag acacacaggg ccgcatggcg agatgcagag      600
atggagagac acacagggag acagtgacaa cttagagagag aaactgagag aaacagagaa      660
ataaacacag gaataaagag aagcaaagga agagagaaac agaaacagac atggggaggc      720
agaaacacac acacatagaa atgcagttga ccttccaaca gcatggggcc tgaggcggt      780
gacctccacc caatagaaaa tcctcttata acttttgact ccccaaaaac ctgactagaa      840
atagcctact gttgacgggg agccttacca ataacataaa tagtcgattt atgcatacgt      900
tttatgcatt catgatatac ctttgttga attttttgat atttctaaag tacacagttc      960
gtctgtgaat ttttttaaat tgttgcaact ctctaaaaat ttttctgat tgtttattga     1020
aaaaatccaa gtataagtgg acttgtgcat tcaaacaggg gttgttcaag ggtcaactgt     1080
gtaccacagag ggaaacagtg acacagattc atagaggtga aacacgaaga gaaacaggaa     1140
aatcaagac tctacaaaga ggctgggcat ggtggctcat gcctgtaac ccagcacttt     1200
gggaggcgag gcaggcagat cacttgaggt aaggagttca agaccagcct ggccaaaatg     1260
gtgaaatcct gtctgtacta aaaatacaaa agttagctgg atatggtggc aggcgcctgt     1320
aatcccagct acttgggagg ctgaggcagg agaattgctt gaatatggga ggcagaggtt     1380
gaagttagtt gagatcacac cactatactc cagctggggc aacagagtaa gactctgtct     1440
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa

```

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

```

gcgcagccct ggcaggcggc actggtcatg gaaaacgaat tgttctgctc gggcgtcctg      60
gtgcatccgc agtgggtgct gtcagccgca cactgtttcc agaactccta caccatcggg      120
ctgggcctgc acagtcttga ggccgaccaa gagccaggga gccagatggt ggaggccagc      180
ctctccgtac ggcacccaga gtacaacaga ctcttgctcg ctaacgacct catgtctatc      240
aagctggacg aatccgtgtc cgagtctgac accatccgga gcatcagcat tgcttcgcag      300
tgccctaccg cggggaaact ttgcctcgtt tctggctggg gtctgctggc gaacggcaga      360
atgcctaccg tgctgcaact cgtgaacgtg tcgggtggtg ctgaggangt ctgcagtaag      420
ctctatgacc cgctgtacca ccccagcatg ttctgcgccg gcggaggggc agaccagaag      480
gactcctgca acggtgactc tggggggccc ctgatctgca acgggtactt gcagggcctt      540
gtgtctttcg gaaaagcccc gtgtggccaa cttggcgtgc caggtgtcta caccaacctc      600
tgcaaattca ctgagtggat agagaaaacc gtccagncca gttaactctg gggactggga      660
acccatgaaa ttgaccccca aatacatcct gcggaangaa ttcaggaata tctgttccca      720
gcccctcttc cctcaggccc aggagtccag gcccagcc cctcctccct caaaccaagg      780
gtacagatcc ccagccctc ctccctcaga cccaggagtc cagaccccc agccctcnt      840
cctcagacc caggagtcca gcccctctc cntcagacgc aggagtccag acccccagc      900

```

```

centctntccg tcagacccag ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tntcctntca gagtcagagg      960
tccaagcccc caacccctcg tccccagac ccagaggtnc aggtcccagc cctcctccc      1020
tcagacccag cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntcctgta cacagtgcc ccttgtggca      1080
ngttgaccca accttaccag ttggtttttc attttttgtc cctttccctt agatccagaa      1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa      1167

```

<210> 176
 <211> 205
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

Met	Glu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Phe	Cys	Ser	Gly	Val	Leu	Val	His	Pro	Gln	Trp
1				5					10					15	
Val	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	His	Cys	Phe	Gln	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Gly	Leu
			20					25					30		
Gly	Leu	His	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gln	Met	Val
		35					40					45			
Glu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Arg	His	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Leu	Leu	Leu
	50				55						60				
Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Met	Leu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Ser
65					70				75					80	
Asp	Thr	Ile	Arg	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gln	Cys	Pro	Thr	Ala	Gly
			85					90					95		
Asn	Ser	Cys	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	Trp	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Gly	Arg	Met
		100					105						110		
Pro	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Cys	Val	Asn	Val	Ser	Val	Val	Ser	Glu	Xaa	Val
		115				120						125			
Cys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Leu	Tyr	His	Pro	Ser	Met	Phe	Cys	Ala
	130				135						140				
Gly	Gly	Gly	Gln	Asp	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ser	Cys	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly
145					150					155				160	
Pro	Leu	Ile	Cys	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Leu	Val	Ser	Phe	Gly	Lys
			165					170					175		
Ala	Pro	Cys	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Val	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Leu	Cys
		180					185						190		
Lys	Phe	Thr	Glu	Trp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln	Xaa	Ser			
	195					200						205			

<210> 177
 <211> 1119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

gcgcactcgc	agccctggca	ggcggcactg	gtcatggaaa	acgaattggt	ctgctcgggc		60
gtcctgggtgc	atccgcagtg	ggtgctgtca	gccgcacact	gtttccagaa	ctcctacacc		120
atcgggctgg	gcctgcacag	tcttgaggcc	gaccaagagc	cagggagcca	gatgggtggag		180
gccagcctct	ccgtacggca	cccagagtac	aacagaccct	tgctcgctaa	cgacctcatg		240
ctcatcaagt	tggacgaatc	cgtgtccgag	tctgacacca	tccggagcat	cagcattgct		300

```

tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcgagg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctgggggtct gctggcggaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caacctgggc agggttgtac catttcggca acitccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccggaa cactgtgata aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctgggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttttc ctggtttagt gaaaggtgag ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt cttagcatttc ttcatattag gtatgctgtc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tgggtcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1119

```

<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
 50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
100          105          110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
115          120          125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
130          135          140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
145          150          155          160
Pro Gly Thr Leu

```

<210> 179

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 179

```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct    60
ccagctgccc cgggccgggg gatgagaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct    120
gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc cgggcaagcg cttctgctga    180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggc cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa    240
aaaaaaaaaa                                     250

```

<210> 180

<211> 202

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 180

```

actagtcag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct accttaaca    60
tcaccagac cccgccctg cccgtgcccc acgtgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta    120
ctctgtact cggaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttgtt tataaatgcc    180
tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     202

```

<210> 181

<211> 558

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(558)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 181

```

tccytttgkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg    60
aatggttagg cagtgtagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct    120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa    180
ggtagtgtag tagtataagt atctaagtc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca    240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcaggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaa    300
ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa    360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw    420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt    480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc    540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                     558

```

<210> 182

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 182

```

acagggwttk grggatgcta agsecccrga rwtggtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc    60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtcgmtg gcacccctgg    120
cstcacacag astccgagt agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg    180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaaacta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca    240
ctaagggttaa actttccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca    300

```

tactmttcta agtctctctc cagctctact kkgagtcctm cytggggggtt gataggaant	360
ntctcttggc tttctcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttttaatttg tacgcatara	420
awtgstgara aaattaaaat gttctgggty mactttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa	479

<210> 183

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 183

agggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactgggtgcc	60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtgg cttcagtgtc	120
gggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctgg	180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtgcctgt ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat	240
tgtaaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc caggggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca	300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt	360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa	384

<210> 184

<211> 496

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (496)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 184

accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgttynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc	60
agggagatcg agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgacccgat gggacaacag acctgtctag	120
cccatectgc tcggtttctc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga	180
aacgcttcaa ggtgtcatg acccagcaac cgcgcctctg cctctgaggg tcccttaaac	240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttacccctc ggagactccg taaccaaact cttcggactg	300
tgagccctga tgcctttttg ccagccatac tctttggcat ccagtctctc gtggcgattg	360
attatgcttg tgtgaggcaa tcatgggtggc atcacccata aagggaacac atttgacttt	420
ttttctctcat attttaaatt actacmagaw tattwmagaw waaatgawtt gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa aaaaaa	496

<210> 185

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 185

gctggtagcc tatggcgkcg cccacggagg ggctcctgag gccacggrac agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt gcgcsgcgtc ttctaccgtc cctacctgca gatcttcggg cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat ggacgtggcc ctcatggagc acagcaactg ytcgtcggag cccggcttct	180
gggcacaccc tcttggggcc caggcgggca cctgcgtctc ccagtatgcc aactggctgg	240
tgggtgctgt cctcgtcatc ttctgtctcg tggccaacat cctgctggtc aacttgctca	300
ttgccatgtt cagttacaca ttcggaagac tacagggcaa cagcgatctc tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcgtt accgcctcat ccgg	384

<210> 186

<211> 577

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (577)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186

gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaaacctgt	gggctgggtc	tgtcttccgc	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagtg	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtaccag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mcgtgccgaa	garcaccgag	ccttgtgtgg	gggkkgaaagt	360
ctcaccacaga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctcctc	gtcmgttggt	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

<210> 187

<211> 534

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (534)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctgggtattaa	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggtg	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatattgag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatttga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwtg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgttctg	480
aggatctccc	agtttattta	ccacttgcac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttcttc	aggc	534

<210> 188

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (761)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggtg	gacctaat	ttgtgtgcgtg	60
tggtgtgtgcg	cgcattattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctctttggg	atctatattct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180


```

ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggg actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg      300
ggggacaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa      360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt      420
gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa      480
cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtgggc aaaatattga aatgatggaa      540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac      600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaataca ctttgaacta      660
ttttcttgrn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac      720
gaaaaataata acattgaaga aaaananaaa aaanaaaaaa a                          761

```

<210> 189

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189

```

tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatntt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca      60
caccgggggt atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca      120
aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc      180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcc aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggagtgt gcataaagaag      240
tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagacct ctcggtctct gacaggtnga tttcgaccag      300
gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtna atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccctttc      360
aaatttggtc ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaanttng gctnggtctt ggtacncttg      420
gttcggccca gctccnctgc caaaaantat tcaccnct ccnaattgct tgcngncccc      480
cc

```

<210> 190

<211> 471

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(471)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190

```

tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca acaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg      60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaccat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntcca      120
aatgtctggg caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag      180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt      240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt      300
tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaaccaa agaacttnat tggatgatcat gantnctcta      360
ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagttnaa ancacnngt acaaaaaanaa      420
tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatnttntt tatacactcc c                          471

```

<210> 191

<211> 402

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga aggtctgttc tastgtcggm ctgttcagcc accaactcta acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact cactgtctgt aagcttttta acccagacwg tatcttcata aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc agtcacatct tctaggacct ttttggattc agttagtata agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt taagacttca tctggtaaag tcttaagttt tgtagaaagg aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct aacaatgtcc tctccttgaa gtatttggct gaacaaccca cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat ccattttaaa tataacttaat agggcattgk tncactaggt taaattctgc	360
aagagtcacg tgtctgcaaa agttgcgtta gtatatctgc ca	402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt gaytaccgtg tgccaagtgc tgggtgattct yaacacacyt ccatcccgyt	180
cttttgtgga aaaactggca cttktctgga actagcarga catcacttac aaattcaccc	240
acgagacact tgaaagggtg aacaaagcga ytcttgcatg gctttttgtc cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa tactaacccg ctggtttgcc tccatcacat ttgtgatctg tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct gacagtactg aagaacttct tcttttgttt caaaagcarg tcttggtgcc	420
tgttggaatca ggttcccatt tcccagtcyg aatgttcaca tggcatattt wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc gatctgaggc tcagcaacag caaatcctgt tccggcattg gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta gccggccagc gccaaaggcag gcgcctgtgag cccaccagc agcagaagca	600
g	601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca nateccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact	60
ggtccccgtg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcytt	120
cccaacgcag gcagmagcgg gscgggtcaa tgaactccay tcgtggcttg gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag gaagaggctg accacctcgc ggtccaccag gatgccccgac tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa actcctcgat ggtcatgagc ggggaagcgaa tgaggcccag ggccttgccc	300

agaaccttcc	gcctgttctc	tggcgtcacc	tgcagctgct	gccgctgaca	ctcggcctcg	360
gaccagcgga	caaacggcrt	tgaacagccg	cacctcacgg	atgccagtg	tgctcgctc	420
caggammgsc	accagcgtgt	ccaggtcaat	gtcgggtgaag	ccctccgagg	gtrattggcg	480
ctgcagtggt	tttgtcgatg	ttctccaggc	acaggctggc	cagctgcggg	tcacgaaga	540
gtcgcgcctg	cgtgagcagc	atgaaggcgt	tgctggctcg	cagttcttct	tcaggaaactc	600
cacgcaat						608

<210> 194

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 194

gaacgggtgg	accttgccctc	gcattgtgct	tgctggcagg	gaataccttg	gcaagcagyt	60
ccagtcagag	cagccccaga	ccgctgccgc	ccgaagctaa	gcctgcctct	ggccttcccc	120
tccgcctcaa	tgcaagaacca	gtagtgggag	cactgtgttt	agagttaaga	gtgaacactg	180
tttgatttta	cttgggaatt	tcctctgtta	tatagctttt	cccaatgcta	atttccaaac	240
aacaacaaca	aaataacatg	tttgctgttt	aagttgtata	aaagtaggtg	attctgtatt	300
taaagaaaat	attactgtta	catatactgc	ttgcaatttc	tgtatttatt	gktnctstgg	360
aaataaatat	agttattaaa	ggttgtcant	cc			392

<210> 195

<211> 502

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(502)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 195

ccsttkgagg	ggtkaggkyc	cagttyccga	gtggaagaaa	caggccagga	gaagtgcgtg	60
ccgagctgag	gcagatgttc	ccacagtgac	cccagagacc	stgggstata	gtytctgacc	120
cctcncaagg	aaagaccacs	ttctggggac	atgggctgga	gggcaggacc	tagaggcacc	180
aagggaaggc	cccattccgg	ggstgttccc	cgaggaggaa	gggaaggggc	tctgtgtgcc	240
ccccasgagg	aagaggccct	gagtcctggg	atcacagacc	ccttcacgtg	tatccccaca	300
caaatgcaag	ctcaccaagg	tcccctctca	gtccccttcc	stacacctg	amcggccact	360
gscscacacc	cacccagagc	acgccacccg	ccatggggar	tgtgctcaag	gartcgcnng	420
gcarcgtgga	catctngtcc	cagaaggggg	cagaatctcc	aatagangga	ctgarcmstt	480
gctnanaaaa	aaaaanaaaa	aa				502

<210> 196

<211> 665

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgcgcag	agcggacttt	gtaattgttg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
wagctgtttk	gagttgatts	gcaccactgc	acccacaact	tcaatatgaa	aacyawttga	180
actwatttat	tatcttgtga	aaagtataac	aatgaaaatt	ttgttcatac	tgtattkac	240
aagtatgatg	aaaagcaawa	gataatatatt	cttttattat	gttaaattat	gattgccatt	300
attaatcggc	aaaatgtgga	gtgtatgttc	ttttcacagt	aatatatgcc	ttttgtaact	360
tcacttgggt	atctttattgt	aaatgarta	caaaattcct	aatttaagar	aatgggatgt	420
watatttatt	tcattaattt	ctttcctkgt	ttacgtwaat	tttgaaaaga	wtgcatgatt	480
tcttgacaga	aatcgatctt	gatgctgtgg	aagtagtttg	acccacatcc	ctatgagttt	540
ttcttagaat	gtataaaggt	tgtagcccat	cnaacttcaa	agaaaaaaat	gaccacatac	600
tttgcaatca	ggctgaaatg	tggcatgctn	ttctaattcc	aactttataa	actagcaaan	660
aagtg						665

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(492)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197

ttttnttttt	ttttttttgc	aggaaggatt	ccatttrattg	tggatgcatt	ttcacaatat	60
atgtttattg	gagcgatcca	ttatcagtga	aaagtatcaa	gtgtttataa	natttttagg	120
aaggcagatt	cacagaacat	gctngtcngc	ttgcagtttt	acctcgtna	gatnacagag	180
aattatagtc	naaccagtaa	acnaggaatt	tacttttcaa	aagattaaat	ccaaactgaa	240
caaaattcta	ccctgaaact	tactccatcc	aaatattgga	ataanagtca	gcagtgtatc	300
attctcttct	gaactttaga	ttttctagaa	aaatatgtaa	tagtgatcag	gaagagctct	360
tgttcaaaag	tacaacnaag	caatgttccc	ttaccatagg	ccttaattca	aactttgatc	420
catttcactc	ccatcacggg	agtcfaatgct	acctgggaca	cttgtatttt	gttcatnctg	480
ancntggctt	aa					492

<210> 198

<211> 478

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(478)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198

tttnttttgn	atttcantct	gtannaanta	ttttcattat	gtttattana	aaaatatnaa	60
tgtntccacn	acaaatcatn	ttacntnagt	aagaggccan	ctacattgta	caacatacac	120
tgagtatatt	ttgaaaagga	caagtttaaa	gtanacncat	attgccganc	atancacatt	180
tatacatggc	ttgattgata	tttagcacag	canaaaactga	gtgagttacc	agaaaanaaa	240
nataatgtgc	aatcngattt	aagatacaaa	acagatccta	tggtagacatan	catcntgtag	300
gagttgtggc	tttatgttta	ctgaaagtca	atgcagttcc	tgtacaaaga	gatggccgta	360
agcattctag	tacctctact	ccatgggttaa	gaatcgtaca	cttatgttta	catatgtnc	420

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agagggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199

agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc tgtcatctat tcgtactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga	180
agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctgggtcaag aatatactca tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga	300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggctttngg ctggggacca tcccattgaa ccttctctta	360
anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg	420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tcctgaactt gtcctctctgc	480
ga	482

<210> 200

<211> 270

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(270)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200

cgcccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggcgg tgcggacgaa gattctgcc a gcagttgggc	60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac agagcccggg gaangcggga ggctcgggg agcccctcgg gaaggcgggc	240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc	270

<210> 201

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201

ttttttttt ttttggaaac tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg taacagggtg gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc ttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca	180
tggagtgggt gcacctccc tgtagaacct gggtacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg	240

tctgtgaccg	tcattttctt	gacatcaatg	ttattagaag	tcaggatata	ttttagagag	300
tccactgtnt	ctggagggag	attaggggtt	cttgccaana	tccaancaaa	atccacntga	360
aaaagttgga	tgatncangt	acngaatacc	ganggcatan	ttctcatant	cgggtggcca	419

<210> 202

<211> 509

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (509)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 202

tttntttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	60
tggcacttaa	tccattttta	tttcaaaatg	tctacaaant	ttnaatncnc	cattatacng	120
gtnattttnc	aaaatctaaa	nnttattcaa	atntnagcca	aantccttac	ncaaatnnaa	180
tacnncnaaa	aatcaaaaat	atacntntct	ttcagcaaac	ttngttacat	aaattaaaaa	240
aatatatacg	gctgggtgtt	tcaaagtaca	attatcttaa	cactgcaaac	atnttttnaa	300
ggaactaaaa	taaaaaaaaa	cactnccgca	aaggttaaag	ggaacaacaa	attcntttta	360
caacancnnc	nattataaaa	atcatatctc	aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacng	420
ggatcttaac	ttttactnca	ctttgtttat	ttttttanaa	ccattgnttt	gggcccaca	480
caatggnaat	nccnccnnc	tggaactagt				509

<210> 203

<211> 583

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (583)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203

ttttttttt	tttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaattggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataatct	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgccataaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaaatc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccctattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagana	atggcacaca	aaacaaacat	tttatattca	tattttctacc	420
tacgttaata	aaatagcatt	ttgtgaagcc	agctcaaaag	aaggcttaga	tccttttatg	480
tccatttttag	tcactaaacg	atatcnaaag	tgccagaatg	caaaagggtt	gtgaacattt	540
attcaaaagc	taatataaga	tattttcacat	actcatcttt	ctg		583

<210> 204

<211> 589

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt tttttttttt ttttttntct tttttttttt ttganaatga ggatcgagtt	60
tttctactctc tagatagggc atgaagaaaa ctcactcttc cagctttaaa ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat gctatatcat attttaagtt aaactaatga gtcactggct tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat ctgttcattc ttctcattca tatagttata tcaagtacta ccttgcata	240
tgagaggttt ttcttctcta ttacacata tatttccatg tgaatttgta tcaaaccctt	300
attttcatgc aaactagaaa ataatgtntt cttttgcata agagaagaga acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa ctgctcaaat tgtttgttaa gnttatccat tataattagt tnggcaggag	420
ctaatecaaa tcacatttac ngacnagcaa taataaaact gaagtaccag ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta aaggaacatt tttagcctgg gtataattag ctaattcact ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagccca acacaatgg	589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

ttttntttt ttttttcagt aataatcaga acaatattta tttttatatt taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc cttacattta ataaaagttt gtttctcaaa gtgatcagag gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa caccaatatt aatttgagga aaatacacca aaatacatta agtaaattat	180
ttaagatcat agagcttgta agtgaaaaga taaaatttga cctcagaaac tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac tattagcaaa taaattacta tggacttctt gctttaattt tgtgatgaat	300
atgggggtgc actggtaaac caacacattc tgaaggatac attacttagt gatagattct	360
tatgtacttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctctttct tcaatctttt	420
aaggggcnga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc ttctatnngg	480
aaggattaga tatgtttctt ttgccaatat taaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga	540
aaccc	545

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

ttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggtcattt	60
catttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna	120
caatttataa atgtaagggt ccattattga gtanatatat tctccaaga gtggatgtgt	180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagttta attttattag tagatnatac	240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag	300
ttggtnagaa tgcatcanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt	360
tcggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cgggtggcaag	420
aactcttcga accgcttctt caaaggcngc tgccacattt gtggcntctn ttgcacttgt	480

ttcaaaa

487

<210> 207

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207

tgaattggct	aaaagactgc	atTTTTanaa	ctagcaactc	ttatttcttt	cctttaaaaa	60
tacatagcat	taaattccaa	atcctattta	aagacctgac	agcttgagaa	ggtcactact	120
gcatttatag	gaccttctgg	tggttctgct	gttacntttg	aantctgaca	atccttgana	180
atccttgcac	gcagaggagg	taaaaggtat	tggattttca	cagaggaana	acacagcgca	240
gaaatgaagg	ggccaggctt	actgagcttg	tccactggag	ggctcatggg	tgggacatgg	300
aaaagaaggc	agcctaggcc	ctggggagcc	ca			332

<210> 208

<211> 524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (524)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 208

agggcggtgt	gcgaggggcg	ttactgtttt	gtctcagtaa	caataaatac	aaaaagactg	60
gttggtgttc	ggcccccacc	aaccacgaag	ttgatttctc	ttgtgtgcag	agtgactgat	120
tttaaaggac	atggagcttg	tcacaatgtc	acaatgtcac	agtgtgaagg	gcacactcac	180
tcccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgcaga	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccgag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgtcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

<210> 209

<211> 159

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 209

gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gccatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgctccttg	60
tggccctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

<210> 210

<211> 256

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(256)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210
 actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60
 actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120
 tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180
 ttgcaggggtg naaatgggan ggctggtttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240
 ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211
 <211> 264
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(264)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180
 ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240
 aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(328)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212
 acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggct tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60
 ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
 gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccggcag 180
 ttnaatttca ttccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
 cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtgggtgg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
 ttttttttc cttttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccnagtgt agactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctccactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataanc catgttaana aacaaatatt tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt	250

<210> 214

<211> 444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(444)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214

accagaatc caatgctgaa tatttggtt cattattccc agattctttg attgtcaaag	60
gatttaattg tgtctcagc tgggcacttc agttaggacc taaggatgcc agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg cagcaacaat attcaagcgc gacaacaggt tattgaactt gcccgccagt	180
tgaatttcat tcccattgac ttgggatcct tatcatcagc canagagatt gaaaatttac	240
ccctacgact ctttactctc tggagagggc cagtgggtgt agctataagc ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc tttattcctt tgtcagagat gcgattcatt catatgctan aaaccaacag	360
agtgaacttt acaaaattcc tataganatt gtgaataaaa ccttacctat agttgccatt	420
actttgctct cctaataata cctc	444

<210> 215

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccaagtgt anactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctccactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataagc catgttgaga aacaaatatt tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt aagcagaggc tgtaggcaac atggaccata gcgaanaaaa aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt tttctacact gtaaccaggt ttccaaccaa ggtggaaatc tctatactt	360
ggtgcc	366

<210> 216

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(260)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat 120
 taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
 atcaaaaatt tcttnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
 aattcttctt tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
 <211> 262
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(262)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
 acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
 tcttgccat aattttctat ttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
 ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
 <211> 205
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
 accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tctgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
 cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc 120
 aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangtntna ngccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
 tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
 accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
 <211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc acaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta	60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtcctactg agt	93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca ggtgcgcaca aatatttgc gatattccct tcatcttgga ttccatgagg	60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc	120
ccccactac cttccctgac gtcceccana aatcacccaa cctctgt	167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcgtggt gcggaggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc	60
gttcttcacc tgcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa	120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa	180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gcttgtaggt tgcttttaca tatactgggc atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaaggt ggtattattg tattgataag t	351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat	60
tggttaattat ggtcaattta atwrtrttkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgatatt tatttgagga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg tcccmtcac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt tgatttcctg gaatgacaat tatattttta ctttggtggg ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaatattt cttttattgc acttgttttg	360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa	383

<210> 224

<211> 320
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224
cccctgaagg cttcttggtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
aaaagtttgt gacattgtag tagggagtgt gtaccctcta ctcccatca aaaaaaaaaat 120
ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180
gagaaaatac tactttctcr aaatggaagc ccttaaagggt gctttgatac tgaaggacac 240
aaatgtggcc gtccatcctc ctttaragtt gcatgacttg gacacggtaa ctgttgagc 300
tttaractcm gcattgtgac 320

<210> 225
<211> 1214
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 225
gaggactgca gcccgcactc gcagccctgg caggcggcac tggatcatgga aaacgaattg 60
ttctgctcgg gcgtcctggt gcaccccgag tgggtgctgt cagccgcaca ctgtttccag 120
aactcctaca ccatcgggct gggcctgcac agtcttgagg ccgaccaaga gccagggagc 180
cagatgggtg aggccagcct ctccgtacgg caccagagt acaacagacc cttgctcgct 240
aacgacctca tgcctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtctgacac catccggagc 300
atcagcattg cttcgcagtg cctaccgctg gggaaactctt gcctcgtttc tggctggggc 360
ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct 420
gaggagggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgtaccacc ccagcatgtt ctgcgccggc 480
ggagggcaag accagaagga ctctgcaac ggtgactctg gggggccctt gatctgcaac 540
gggtacttgc agggccttgt gtctttcgga aaagccccgt gtggccaagt tggcgtgcca 600
ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg caaatcact gagtggatag agaaaaccgt ccaggccagt 660
taactctggg gactgggaac ccatgaaatt gacccccaaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaatt 720
caggaatatc tgttcccagc cctctctccc tcaggccagc gagtccaggc cccagcccc 780
tctcctcaca aaccaagggt acagatcccc agccccctct cctcagacc caggagtcca 840
gacccccagc cccctcctcc ctccagacca ggagtccagc cctcctccc tcagaccag 900
gagtccagac cccccagccc ctctcctcc agacccaggg gtccaggccc ccaaccctc 960
ctccctcaga ctccagaggtc caagccccca accctcctt cccagaccc agaggtccag 1020
gtcccagccc ctctcctccc agacccagcg gtccaatgcc acctagactc tccctgtaca 1080
cagtgcctcc ttgtggcacg ttgacccaac cttaccagtt ggtttttcat tttttgtccc 1140
tttcccttag atccagaaat aaagtctaag agaagcgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1214

<210> 226
<211> 119
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 226
accagtatg tgcagggaga cggaacccca tgtgacagcc cactccacca gggttcccaa 60
agaacctggc ccagtcataa tcattcatcc tgacagtggc aataatcacg ataaccagt 119

<210> 227
<211> 818
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatgggggc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactggggt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt	cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc	ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgctccc	ttccaatcag	ccacttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttctt	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaaggggt	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggctcgt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttgagg	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcagtagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggtt	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 228

actggagaca	ctgttgaact	tgatcaagac	ccagaccacc	ccaggtctcc	ttcgtgggat	60
gtcatgacgt	ttgacatacc	tttggaacga	gcctcctcct	tggagatggg	aagaccgtgt	120
tctgtggcga	cctggcctct	cctggcctgt	ttcttaagat	gcggagtcac	atttcaatgg	180
taggaaaagt	ggcttcgtaa	aatagaagag	cagtcactgt	ggaactacca	aatggcgaga	240
tgtcgggtgc	acattggggg	gctttgggat	aaaagattta	tgagccaact	atttctgggc	300
accagattct	aggccagttt	gttccactga	agcttttccc	acagcagtc	acctctgcag	360
gctggcagct	gaatggcttg	ccggtggctc	tgtggcaaga	tcacactgag	atcgatgggt	420
gagaaggcta	ggatgcttgt	ctagtgttct	tagctgtcac	gttggctcct	tccaggttgg	480
ccagacgggt	ttggccactc	ccttctaaaa	cacaggcgcc	ctcctgggtga	cagtgaaccc	540
ccgtgggatg	ccttggccca	ttccagcagt	cccagttatg	catttcaagt	ttgggggttg	600
ttcttttctg	taatgttcct	ctgtgtgtgc	agctgtcttc	atttctggg	ctaagcagca	660
ttgggagatg	tggaccagag	atccactcct	taagaaccag	tggcgaaaga	cactttcttt	720
cttcaactctg	aagtagctgg	tggt				744

<210> 229

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

cgagtctggg	ttttgtctat	aaagtttgat	ccctcctttt	ctcatccaaa	tcagtgtgaac	60
cattacacat	cgaaataaaa	gaaaggtggc	agacttgccc	aacgccaggc	tgacatgtgc	120
tgcagggttg	ttgtttttta	attattattg	ttagaaacgt	cacccacagt	ccctgttaat	180
ttgtatgtga	cagccaactc	tgagaaggtc	ctatttttcc	acctgcagag	gatccagctc	240
cactaggctc	ctccttgccc	tcacactgga	gtctccgcca	gtgtgggtgc	ccactgacat	300

<210> 230

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 230

cagcagaaca	aatacaata	tgaagagtgc	aaagatctca	taaaatctat	gctgaggaat	60
gagcgacagt	tcaaggagga	gaagcttgca	gagcagctca	agcaagctga	ggagctcagg	120

caatataaag tcctggttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga cccagttaag ggagaagttg	180
cggaagggga gagatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcatc tccaggccct cctcactccg	240
gatgaaccgg acaagtccca ggggcaggac ctccaagaaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac	300
g	301

<210> 231
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231	
gcaagcacgc tggcaaatct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcatttttagc	60
caggaaactcc aagtccacat ccttggcaac tggggacttg cgcagggttag ccttgaggat	120
ggcaacacgg gactttctcat caggaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg	180
tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggtg ccgccaatga tgaacacatt	240
tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccattttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc	300
c	301

<210> 232
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 232	
agtaggtatt tcgtgagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagttctcc ttcaagtgtt	60
ggcgacagcg gggcttcctg attctggaat ataactttgt gttaaattaac agccacctat	120
agaagagtc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct gggttccgtc gtcctgtcca	180
cgtgctgtac caagtgtcgg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tcaactgaaa tctggctaata	240
gctctgtgt atcactttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact	300
g	301

<210> 233
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233	
atgactgact tcccagtaag gctctctaag gggtaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag	60
atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat ttccagaggg gaaaatgggg	120
cctagaagtt acagagcatc tagctggtgc gctggcacc cctggcctcac acagactccc	180
gagtagctgg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgcg	240
tacaaattaa catgagatga gtagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa	300
c	301

<210> 234
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 234	
aggctctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga	60
cattttattc atcatgatgc tttcttttgt ttcttctttt cgttttcttc ttttctttt	120
tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaaattct tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct	180
cgctcatga cagcaagttc aatgtttttg ccacctgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc	240
ttgatcacca gcttaatggc cagatcatct gcttcaatgg cttcgtcagt atagttcttc	300

t

301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235

tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg	60
aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg	120
tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata	180
atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca	240
ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca	283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236

aggctctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggc taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata	60
aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccttaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg	120
tcggagcagc atcattaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag	180
tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta	240
aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc	300
a	301

<210> 237
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 237

cagtggtagt ggtgggtggc gtggcggttg tcgtgggtgcc ttttttggtg cccgtcacaa	60
actcaatttt tgttcgctcc tttttggcct ttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg	120
ccttggttaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatactct	180
ttgggtagtt ggtgccaaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatcta	240
gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagttca tatccattcc ctcttttctc	300
t	301

<210> 238
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238

gggcaggttt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt	60
gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctcaaaaaac caacgggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca	120
ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggtctctcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc	180
acccccctgc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca	240
gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aatttcttta	300
t	301

<210> 239
 <211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239

ataagcagct aggggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagttc acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaacccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac	180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgcc a gcatacacag tatacaggtc cttcaggga	239

<210> 240

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240

ggtcctaattg aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcagggt ttacgggtgat actgtccttt	60
gggatctgcc ctccagtggg acccttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttcctt ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg	180
ctgccagggt tttaaaatca tgcttcattt tgaagcacac ggtaacttca cctcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc	300

<210> 241

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241

gaggtctgggt gctgagggtct ctgggctagg aagaggagtt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttggg ggaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctct gaggggaatgc aacaaggctg	120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaaactg gactcaactg gaaggaagtg ctgctgccag	180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct	240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga	300
g	301

<210> 242

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

ccgagggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cctttttcac tagaaccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta	240
taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaattgata accattttta gaattcaatc	300
a	301

<210> 243

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243

aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggtatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat	60
ggtagggccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg	120

tgacgtgcag tcggactctg tggcccaagg gtatggctct ctccggcatga tgaccagcgt 180
 gctggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagaggct gccacggga ctgtaacccg 240
 tcactaccgc atgttccaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatcccattg cttccatttt 300
 t 301

<210> 244
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 244
 gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60
 gtcattgcaat cccatttgca ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120
 ccagggacct tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tccccaagac acatcctaaa 180
 aggtgttcta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc ctttcttatt tatgtgaaca 240
 actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaa ctgtaaagtt caattgtgaa aatgaatata 300

<210> 245
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 245
 gtctgagtat ttaaaatggt attgaaatta tccccaacca atgttagaaa agaaagaggt 60
 tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120
 aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca ctagagtata gcagccctat 180
 gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgttttagca tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240
 agctaataaa atgaaagacc taatttctaa agcaattctt tataatttac aaagttttta 300
 g 301

<210> 246
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 246
 ggtctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60
 acctgggctt attttaaaga actatttgta gctcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120
 agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
 taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
 caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgttcctaac aagggtatgct ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
 c 301

<210> 247
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 247
 aggtcctttg gcagggtcga tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aaggttgttt cccccacgct 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
 ccttgatgat caagggtggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg ggttccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccttcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatcttctt gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
 acaggaagaa agtgggttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtccccgcc 120
 ccagggagac acagcagtga ctacagagctg gtcgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 ggctctgtgac aaggacttgc aggtctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacactttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctacgttatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcacccct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg ggcaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tggcaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga agggccggaa 240
 cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tccctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
 c 301

<210> 252
 <211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252

```
gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttctca    60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata    120
tcattccttt ttcactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa    180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag tacccaaagt    240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc    300
a                                                                    301
```

<210> 253

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253

```
ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc    60
caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcccttagct    120
tggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttgttt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg    180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt    240
tccatagtgc ccacagggtg ttcttcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag    300
g                                                                    301
```

<210> 254

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254

```
cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg    60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc    120
ccaaatctct tcattctacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa    180
gaaaaaataa aagctttgga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc    240
acttaaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc    300
t                                                                    301
```

<210> 255

<211> 302

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255

```
agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtct tttattataa    60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat    120
tggtgatttt ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataacct caagggcctg agtagggggg    180
aggaaaaagg actggaggtg gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta    240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac    300
aa                                                                    302
```

<210> 256

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256

gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct	60
aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc	120
acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcctctctat	180
aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatggg gggcaagtgt	240
gtggcctctc ggctgggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttn tcgtgttagt	300
t	301

<210> 257

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257

gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttactat cccctgaatt	60
tccccactta ttttgtctt tcactatcgc aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag	120
tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat	180
gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga	240
tcttaactct cacatcttta atcttatctc tttagactct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc	300
c	301

<210> 258

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258

cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcag cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc	60
aggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc	120
cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg	180
atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat	240
tgggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac	300
t	301

<210> 259

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

```

tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg      60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttggg cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa      120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtggggccag gaaggctctgt      180
tccdgctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cggccactgg gtcttggctt      240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgc tgagccattt gcatccttgg ctccaggtgg      300
c

```

```

<210> 260
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 260
tttttttctt ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatgg      60
aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tctctgggtt acaagttata attgaatgaa      120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaacia caggattaac      180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgatcc      240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca      300
c

```

```

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 261
aaatattcga gcaaattcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtgaa      60
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaaggtt      120
agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aagggttcaat      180
ggtagacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag      240
ggcatgatga tcatccaaag cccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc      300
a

```

```

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 262
gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc      120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tctctggggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga      180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtgcc      240
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat      300
c

```

```

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 263

t t t a g c t t g t	g g t a a t g a c	t c a c a a a a c t	g a t t t t a a a a	t c a a g t t a a t	g t g a a t t t t g	60
a a a a t t a c t a	c t t a a t c c t a	a t t c a c a a t a	a c a a t g g c a t	t a a g g t t t g a	c t t g a g t t g g	120
t t c t t a g t a t	t a t t t a t g g t	a a a t a g g c t c	t t a c c a c t t g	c a a a t a a c t g	g c c a c a t c a t	180
t a a t g a c t g a	c t t c c c a g t a	a g g c t c t c t a	a g g g g t a a g t	a n g a g g a t c c	a c a g g a t t t g	240
a g a t g c t a a g	g c c c c a g a g a	t c g t t t g a t c	c a a c c c t c t t	a t t t t c a g a g	g g g a a a a t g g	300
g						301

<210> 264

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264

a a a g a c g t t a	a a c c a c t c t a	c t a c c a c t t g	t g g a a c t c t c	a a a g g g t a a a	t g a c a a a s c c	60
a a t g a a t g a c	t c t a a a a a c a	a t a t t t a c a t	t t a a t g g t t t	g t a g a c a a t a	a a a a a c a a g	120
g t g g a t a g a t	c t a g a a t t g t	a a c a t t t t a a	g a a a a c c a t a	s c a t t t g a c a	g a t g a g a a a g	180
c t c a a t t a t a	g a t g c a a a g t	t a t a a c t a a a	c t a c t a t a g t	a g t a a a g a a a	t a c a t t t c a c	240
a c c c t t c a t a	t a a a t t c a c t	a t c t t g g c t t	g a g g c a c t c c	a t a a a a t g t a	t c a c g t g c a t	300
a						301

<210> 265

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 265

t g c c c a a g t t	a t g t g t a a g t	g t a t c c g c a c	c c a g a g g t a a	a a c t a c a c t g	t c a t c t t t g t	60
c t t c t t g t g a	c g c a g t a t t t	c t t c t c t g g g	g a g a a g c c g g	g a a g t c t t c t	c c t g g c t c t a	120
c a t a t t c t t g	g a a g t c t c t a	a t c a a c t t t t	g t t c c a t t t g	t t t c a t t t c t	t c a g g a g g g a	180
t t t t c a g t t t	g t c a a c a t g t	t c t c t a a c a a	c a c t t g c c c a	t t t c t g t a a a	g a a t c c a a a g	240
c a g t c c a a g g	c t t t g a c a t g	t c a a c a a c c a	g c a t a a c t a g	a g t a t c c t t c	a g a g a t a c g g	300
c						301

<210> 266

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 266

t a c c g t c t g c	c c t t c t c c c	a t c c a g g c c a	t c t g c g a a t c	t a c a t g g g t c	c t c c t a t t c g	60
a c a c c a g a t c	a c t c t t t c c t	c t a c c c a c a g	g c t t g c t a t g	a g c a a g a g a c	a c a a c c t c c t	120
c t c t t c t g t g	t t c c a g c t t c	t t t c c t g t t	c t t c c c a c c c	c t t a a g t t c t	a t t c c t g g g g	180
a t a g a g a c a c	c a a t a c c c a t	a a c c t c t c t c	c t a a g c c t c c	t t a t a a c c c a	g g g t g c a c a g	240
c a c a g a c t c c	t g a c a a c t g g	t a a g g c c a a t	g a a c t g g g a g	c t c a c a g c t g	g c t g t g c c t g	300
a						301

<210> 267

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 267

a a a g a g c a c a	g g c c a g c t c a	g c c t g c c c t g	g c c a t c t a g a	c t c a g c c t g g	c t c c a t g g g g	60
---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	----

```

gttttcagtg ctgagtcacat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ctttctgagg ctgaatcttc      120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggctt ggagtaaagc      180
ctcattctga ttctctcctt tcttttcttt caagttggct ttcttcacat ccctctgttc      240
aattcgcttc agcttgcttg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatt      300
t                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 268
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta      60
gatcttggga gagctggctt ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc      120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacggctc ttgttttagac tcttgggaata      180
tgctgggtgg ctcagtgaac ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca      240
cttccatttg ttctactttc taccatcatt aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact      300
a                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 269
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 269
taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat      60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact      120
atagtcacag accttaaata ttacattgtt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta      180
cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta      240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtgtt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc      300
t                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 270
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 270
cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgttt ataaaattaa ttaagcctta      60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga      120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtga tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa      180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtgtgca cgatatactg cactagataa      240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggctt aacagaaaac      300
a                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 271
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```


<400> 271

```

aaaagggtct cataagatta acaattttaaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt      60
tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gtccatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca      120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcttgatttc gctccaattc tctataaagt ggggtccaagg      180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt      240
tcctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt ggggttttata gaagcagtca      300
c

```

<210> 272

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 272

```

taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaattgc      60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga      120
tccaataatt cctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacccctcc tgcattccaca      180
gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttgttttc      240
ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag      300
g

```

<210> 273

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273

```

acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaan aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg      60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa      120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaaat ttaccatgtc dtatattcct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc      180
tlytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgac ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggg      240
gggacttnty tttacngagm accctgcccc sgccctctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc      300
t

```

<210> 274

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274

```

cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg      60
aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa      120
tgattctctt tggaaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca      180
tctagggtat gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc      240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggatcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaaagt      300

```

c

301

<210> 275
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275

tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg	60
gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggaat ttttgccacc aacagtaagc	120
tggcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtgag	180
tcaagagact ccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc	240
agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgccctat	300
a	301

<210> 276
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 276

tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtggtat tattactata ctgattatat	60
ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaat	120
taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc	180
caatacatctt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt	240
aaaactattc agtatgttcc ctttgcctca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat	300
g	301

<210> 277
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277

tttgttgatg tcagtatttt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag	60
atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaac ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg	120
gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgcccc aacctgctct	180
caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgccct angtgtgcag tgcgttctga	240
gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtccttccg ttcaatcttg	300
c	301

<210> 278
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
 taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60
 aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca 120
 cagtctctac tggtattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180
 aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatggt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacaggttt 240
 tatgtgttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300
 c 301

<210> 279
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
 aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60
 gttatatata ttgccaatat aagtaaata agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120
 ttgacctttt accttccagc caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattgggt 180
 atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240
 catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 280
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
 ggtactggag ttttctctcc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60
 tagaaagggt gtggaaccaa attgtgggtca atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120
 tgagaaaaaa acctaaagatt agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgctgg 180
 gtttgatata gtttaggggt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240
 cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300
 t 301

<210> 281
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
 aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatattc 60
 gccgagcaat ccaaatcctg aatgaagggt catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120
 atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180
 tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatatt gtgtgtcatg ttgcatttc 240

tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300
g 301

<210> 282
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
caggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
tccagaacct aaaaattaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120
agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaacct gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaacctatg taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
cagaagcaaa gccccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
a 301

<210> 283
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
atctgtatag ggcagacaaa ctttatarag ttagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgc ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggtgatat gcatctttta 240
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
g 301

<210> 284
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
caggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggctctt tatttacttt 60
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tggtgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
a 301

<210> 285
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
acatcccat gatcggatcc cccaccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
aatgatcatt agtgttttaa aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120

```

caggaaagca aatgctatctt acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
attaaatatg tctgacttct tttgaggta cacgactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagcccca tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 286
taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaa aaactttgct 60
tgtatattat tttgctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagattttt 120
atcaaaatgt gtcattgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattagga aaattccatt tttcccttg 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 287
tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgtggg 60
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatatg 120
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttagg gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
ccgtgggtat ctctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
gttgcattgc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 288
gtacaccta ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agcgcctttt aaagaagtag 60
agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcatctggg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
gatcttttaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tctttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatac 180
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga ttttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
tctgccttaa ttttggatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 289

```

60
120
180
240
300
301

```
<220>  
<221> misc_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

60
120
180
240
300
301

<400> 291

60
120
180
240
300
301

```
<220>  
<221> misc_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

60
20
80
40
00
01

<210> 293
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
 ggtaccaagt gctggtgccca gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaagtctc 60
 ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggccctagagc actgactgtt 120
 aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180
 gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
 ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
 g 301

<210> 294
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
 tgaccataaa caatatcac tagctatctt tttactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
 attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
 tttactata gtcacaganc ttaaataatc acattgttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180
 ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
 cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
 t 301

<210> 295
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
 gtactctttt tctccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
 cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgtgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
 ttgggtttgt aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccattctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggg 240
 tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcttg tttataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctct 305

<210> 296
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
 aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
 cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttctctg 120
 attaaataga attraataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
 tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
c 301

<210> 297

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat tttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgc ctgggctggc ctgagtgggc 240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc aactggcgg 300

<210> 298

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc cctcccgcg 60
ggcatctgag agacctggtg tccagtggt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggtgg tggccacctg gaaccacct 180
gtcctgtctg ttacatttc actaycagg tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccceta 240
caacagtgc ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcagggtggc ctcagcgagg 300
t 301

<210> 299

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc 60
tactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct cccaggtagc 120
tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
gagtttcgcc atgttggcc gctgggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgctgcct 240
cggcctccca aagtgtcga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatat 300
t 301

<210> 300

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300

attcagtttt atttgcgtgcc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga 60
 tatgtccac acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttctctatc agctgggtca 120
 gctgcattcc acaagggtct cagcctaata agtttacta cctgccagtc tcaaaactta 180
 gtaaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttgttac 240
 tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtcttgcct cttcacacca atccccgagcg catcccccat 300
 g 301

<210> 301

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301

ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtctgc 60
 agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagttggt 120
 gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga caccacaaac agtgggagct cacaaagacc 180
 ctacagagctg agacaccac aacagtggga gtcacaaaag accctcagag ctgagacacc 240
 cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt 300
 t 301

<210> 302

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

aggtacacat ttagcttctg gtaaatgact cacaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg 60
 tgaattttga aaattactac ttaattctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac 120
 ttgagttggt tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg 180
 ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca 240
 caggatttga gatgctaagg cccagagat cgtttgatcc aacctctcta ttttcagagg 300
 g 301

<210> 303

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303

aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat cttttttct ttccatatca actaagttgt 60
 atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac 120
 tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcagttaa aaatgggtgt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc 180
 agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgtcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc 240
 catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac 300
 c 301

<210> 304

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

acatggatgt tttttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta ttgtttgac attgcctaatt 60

```

tattagtttc agtttcagct taccacttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc      120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggtt tgtgccatta ctgggtgcagt      180
gacttttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga      240
ttttccctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct      300
c                                                                           301

```

<210> 305

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 305

```

gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag      60
caggggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggcg      120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggtattc tcatgcctag      180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa      240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag      300
a                                                                           301

```

<210> 306

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306

```

Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu
1           5

```

<210> 307

<211> 637

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 307

```

acaggggatg aagggaaggg gagaggatga ggaagccccc ctggggattt ggtttggtcc      60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa atagggggcac      120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt      180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctggggttat gaagatggtt gaacacccca      240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga      300
gcaggaggac gcttgcacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattggtgtg      360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacgggtggg caaactctga      420
tttccgtggg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagtga      480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccca sctgatagag gaagtagcca      540
ggtagggaggc tttcccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agattttgtg gcactcctgg      600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaactg aatcttgg                                     637

```

<210> 308

<211> 647

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(647)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

acgattttca ttatcatgta aatcgggtca ctcaaggggc caaccacagc tgggagccac	60
tgctcagggg aaggttcata tgggactttc tactgcccaa gggtctatac aggatataaa	120
ggngcctcac agtatagatc tggtagcaaa gaagaagaaa caaacactga tctctttctg	180
ccacccctct gaccctttgg aactcctctg accctttaga acaagcctac ctaatatctg	240
ctagagaaaa gaccaacaac ggcctcaaag gatctcttac catgaaggtc tcagctaatt	300
cttgggctaag atgtgggttc cacattaggt tctgaatatg gggggaaggg tcaatttgct	360
catctttgtgt gtggataaag tcaggatgcc cagggggccag agcagggggc tgcttgcttt	420
gggaacaatg gctgagcata taaccatagg ttatggggaa caaaacaaca tcaaagtcac	480
tgtatcaatt gccatgaaga cttgagggac ctgaatctac cgattcatct taaggcagca	540
ggaccagttt gagtggcaac aatgcagcag cagaatcaat ggaaacaaca gaatgattgc	600
aatgtccttt ttttctcct gcttctgact tgataaaagg ggaccgt	647

<210> 309
 <211> 460
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

actttatagt ttaggctgga cattggaana aaaaaaagc cagaacaaca tgtgatagat	60
aatatgattg gctgcacact tccagactga tgaatgatga acgtgatgga ctattgtatg	120
gagcacatct tcagcaagag ggggaaatac tcatcatttt tggccagcag ttgtttgatc	180
accaaacatc atgccagaat actcagcaaa ccttcttagc tcttgagaag tcaaagtccg	240
ggggaattta ttcttgcaa ttttaattgg actccttatg tgagagcagc ggctaccag	300
ctggggtggg ggagcgaacc cgtcactagt ggacatgcag tggcagagct cctggtaacc	360
acctagagga atacacaggc acatgtgtga tgccaagcgt gacacctgta gcactcaaat	420
ttgtcttggt tttgtcttc ggtgtgtaag attcttaagt	460

<210> 310
 <211> 539
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 310

acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg	60
ctaaaggttt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt	120
taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa	180
gtcagacagt aagatttggt ggaaatgggt tggtttggtg tatggtagat attttagcaa	240
taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgatc acttgctgaa	300
ttctcaagg taggcatgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac	360
ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc acactgtgac	420
atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaaggaag aacttatggc	480
atattttcac ccccaaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga	539

<210> 311
 <211> 526
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(526)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311
 caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc 60
 ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta 120
 catttacagc atttaaaatg tgttcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa 180
 attaaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg 240
 tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa 300
 aaaatgggga aactctgaag gggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc 360
 tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccctta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc 420
 acagcaagag cttctcatct aaacctttt cctttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa 480
 agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atccccaaag cacagt 526

<210> 312
 <211> 500
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(500)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312
 cctctctctc cccacccctt gactctagag aactgggttt tctcccagta ctccagcaat 60
 tcattttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct 120
 ccattttctc tccccctcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgtc atgagtgtaa 180
 gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg 240
 gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atccccctt 300
 tgcagatgtc tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct 360
 tgctaattg gtttcccttg taaaccanga tcttatttgg nctggatatag aatatcagct 420
 ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt 480
 tagtcttaat tatctattgg 500

<210> 313
 <211> 718
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(718)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313
 ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgagggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc 60
 tgatgataca gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat 120
 ctgctgaaat ggagataaatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa 180
 gtagtacat gtttttgcac atttccagcc cttttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac 240
 aaaaggaagc acagagatcc ctgggagaaa tgcccggccg ccattcttggg tcatcgatga 300
 gcctcgcctt gtgcctgntc ccgcttgtga gggaaggaca ttagaaaaatg aattgatgtg 360
 ttccttaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgttgtggat atttatttga acgggattac 420

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaat	480
cttgatgggt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca atcattttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaataac tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc ccttcttttt aannttantic caaantgt	718

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

gtttattttac attacagaaa aaacatcaag acaatgtata ctatttcaaa tatatccata	60
cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattgggtg agattaccac aaatgcaagg	120
caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggtg gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgattt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgc	300
tctggggcat ttccttgta tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt	358

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

taccacctcc ccgctggcac tgatgagccg catcaccatg gtcaccagca ccatgaaggc	60
ataggtgatg atgaggacat ggaatgggccc cccaaggatg gtctgtccaa agaagcgagt	120
gacccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag ccccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatata gtccttaggg gtcattgtag ctctctgaag	240
tagcttctgc tgttaagaggg tgttgtcccc ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tccctgggctt	300
gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatggtgaa gcagatgatg t	341

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

agactgggca agactcttac gccccacact gcaatttggt cttgttgccg tatccattta	60
tgtgggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact	120
cattcagggg gctctgggtg caatattagt t	151

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

agaactagtg gatcctaag aaatacctga aacatatatt ggcatttata aatggctcaa	60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaaccctgg ctcttgaggg tgcggccagc agatcccagg	120
ccagggtctt gttcttgcca cactgcttg a	151

<210> 318

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

```
actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtcttttcgga gggacctcct    60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg    120
tggggggcggg ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t                                151
```

<210> 319

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319

```
aactagtgga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta    60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg    120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a                                151
```

<210> 320

<211> 150

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320

```
aactagtgga tccactagtc cagtgtgggtg gaattccatt gtgttgggggt tctagatcgc    60
gagcggcgc cctttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt    120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat                                150
```

<210> 321

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321

```
agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatatt aggcttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt    60
taggggtggc ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg    120
tgctcttgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t                                151
```

<210> 322

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322

```
atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgccctc ctttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg    60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggtt ggagatgggt acagtccttct ggcattcggc    120
attgtgcagg gctcgttca nacttccagt t                                151
```

<210> 323

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg tktctttttt ctttattttt aatcctctta ckttgtaaat atattgccta	60
nagactcant tactaccag tttgtggtt twtgggagaa atgtaactgg acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa aaagacactt ancccatgtg g	151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg aatttcagct ttccatcatgc aaaaggattt tgtatccccg gcttacttga	60
agaagtgggc agctaaagga atccaggttg ttggttggaac tggtaatacc tttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta cgaatcccat cttggttcca gctatatcac tgacagcatg gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca cttctagact ttacagggtg gacgaaacgg gtccagaaac tgcagggggc	240
ctcatacagg gatatacaaaa taccctttgt gctaccagg ccttggggaa tcagggtgact	300
cacacaaatg caatagttgg tcaactgcatt ttacctgaa ccaaagctaa acccggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc accatggcat gccagagttc aacactgttg ctcttgaaaa ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac aagagccctt gccttgcctt agctgangca c	461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc catgttatgt ttctacacat tgctacctca gtgctcctgg aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct ccaagtagtc cacccttcat taactctttg aaactgtatc atctttgcca	120
agtaagagtg gtggcctatt tcagctgctt tgacaaaatg actggctcct gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg aatgtgctga agcaaaagtgc ccatgggtggc ggcgaagaag agaaagatgt	240
gttttgtttt ggactctctg tggctccctc caatgctgtg gggttccaac caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg cattgccaag tgccataacc atgagcacta cgctaccatg gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc aggctggttt gcaagaatga aatgaatgat	400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc agcccgcaat cgcagccctg gcaggcggca ctggctcatgg aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcattccga gtgggtgctg tcagccgcac actgtttcca	120
gaactcctac accatcgggc tgggcctgca cagtcttgag gccgaccaag agccaggag	180

```

ccagatggtg gaggccagcc tctccgtacg gcacccagag tacaacagac ccttgctcgc 240
taacgacctc atgctcatca agttggacga atccgtgtcc gagtctgaca ccatccggag 300
catcagcatt gcttcgcagt gccctaccgc ggggaactct tgccctgttt ctggctgggg 360
tctgctggcg aacggcagaa tgcctaccgt gctgcagtgc gtgaacgtgt cgggtggtgc 420
tgaggaggtc tgcagtaagc tctatgaccc gctgtaccac cccagcatgt tctgcgccgg 480
cggaggggcaa gaccagaagg actcctgcaa cgggtgactct ggggggcccc tgatctgcaa 540
cgggtacttg cagggccttg tgcctttcgg aaaagccccg tgtggccaag ttggcgtgcc 600
aggtgtctac accaaccctct gcaaatcac tgagtggata gagaaaaccg tccaggccag 660
ttaactctgg ggactgggaa cccatgaaat tgaccccaa atacatcctg cgggaaggaat 720
tcaggaatat ctgttcccag cccctcctcc ctcaggccca ggagtccagg cccccagccc 780
ctcctccctc aaaccaaggg tacagatccc cagccctccc tccctcagac ccaggagtcc 840
agacccccca gccctcctc cctcagaccc aggagtccag cccctcctcc ctcagaccca 900
ggagtccaga cccccagcc cctcctcctc cagacccagg ggtccaggcc cccaaccct 960
cctccctcag actcagaggt ccaagcccc aaccctcct tccccagacc cagaggtcca 1020
ggtcccagcc cctcctcctc cagacccagc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctcctgtac 1080
acagtgcctc cttgtggcac gttgaccaa ccttaccagt tggtttttca tttttgtcc 1140
cttccctcta gatccagaaa taaagtctaa gagaagcgca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
aaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 1215

```

<210> 327

<211> 220

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 327

```

Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1      5      10      15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
20     25     30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35     40     45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50     55     60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65     70     75     80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85     90     95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100    105    110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115    120    125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130    135    140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145    150    155    160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165    170    175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180    185    190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195    200    205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210    215    220

```

<210> 328

<211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 328
 cgctcgtctc tggtagctgc agccaaatca taaacggcga ggactgcagc ccgcactcgc 60
 agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattgaaa acgaattggt ctgctcgggc gtcctgggtgc 120
 atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttccagaa ctctacacc atcgggctgg 180
 gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag gcca 234

<210> 329
 <211> 77
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 329
 Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu
 20 25 30
 Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr
 35 40 45
 His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu
 50 55 60
 Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala
 65 70 75

<210> 330
 <211> 70
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 330
 cccaacacaa tggcccgatc ccattccctga ctccgccctc aggatcgctc gtctctggta 60
 gctgcagcca 70

<210> 331
 <211> 22
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 331
 Gln His Asn Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser
 20

<210> 332
 <211> 2507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 332
 tggcgccgct gcagccggca gagatggttg agctcatggt cccgctgttg ctccctcctc 60
 tgcccttctt tctgtatatg gctgcgcccc aaatcaggaa aatgctgtcc agtggggtgt 120

gtacatcaac	tgttcagctt	cctgggaaag	tagttgtggt	cacaggagct	aatacaggta	180
tcgggaagga	gacagccaaa	gagctggctc	agagaggagc	tcgagtatat	ttagcttgcc	240
gggatgtgga	aaagggggaa	ttggtggcca	aagagatcca	gaccacgaca	gggaaccagc	300
aggtgttggg	gcggaaactg	gacctgtctg	atactaagtc	tattcgagct	tttgctaagg	360
gcttcttagc	tgaggaaaag	cacctccacg	ttttgatcaa	caatgcagga	gtgatgatgt	420
gtccgtactc	gaagacagca	gatggctttg	agatgcacat	aggagtcaac	cacttgggtc	480
acttcctcct	aacctatctg	ctgctagaga	aactaaagga	atcagcccca	tcaaggatag	540
taaatgtgtc	ttccctcgca	catcacctgg	gaaggatcca	cttccataac	ctgcaggggc	600
agaaattcta	caatgcaggc	ctggcctact	gtcacagcaa	gctagccaac	atcctcttca	660
cccaggaact	ggcccggaga	ctaaaaggct	ctggcgttac	gacgtattct	gtacaccctg	720
gcacagtcca	atctgaactg	gttcggcact	catctttcat	gagatggatg	tggtggcttt	780
tctccttttt	catcaagact	cctcagcagg	gagcccagac	cagcctgcac	tgtgccttaa	840
cagaagggtct	tgagattcta	agtgggaatc	atttcagtga	ctgtcatgtg	gcatgggtct	900
ctgcccgaagc	tcgtaatgag	actatagcaa	ggcggctgtg	ggacgtcagt	tgtgacctgc	960
tgggcctccc	aatagactaa	caggcagtcg	cagttggacc	caagagaaga	ctgcagcaga	1020
ctacacagta	cttcttgtca	aaatgattct	ccttcaaggt	tttcaaaacc	tttagcacia	1080
agagagcaaaa	accttccagc	cttgccctgct	tggtgtccag	ttaaaactca	gtgtactgcc	1140
agattcgtct	aaatgtctgt	catgtccaga	tttactttgc	ttctgttact	gccagagtta	1200
ctagagatat	cataatagga	taagaagacc	ctcatatgac	ctgcacagct	cattttcctt	1260
ctgaaagaaa	ctactaccta	ggagaatcta	agctatagca	gggatgattt	atgcaaattt	1320
gaactagctt	ctttgttcac	aattcagttc	ctcccaacca	accagtcttc	acttcaagag	1380
ggccacactg	caacctcagc	ttaacatgaa	taacaaagac	tggctcagga	gcagggcttg	1440
cccaggcatg	gtggatcacc	ggaggctcag	agttcaagac	cagcctggcc	aacatggtga	1500
aacccacact	ctactaaaaa	ttgtgtatat	ctttgtgtgt	cttcctgttt	atgtgtgcca	1560
agggagtatt	ttcaciaaag	tcaaaacagc	cacaataatc	agagatggag	caaaccagtg	1620
ccatccagtc	tttatgcaaa	tgaaatgctg	caaagggag	cagattctgt	atatgttggg	1680
aactacccac	caagagcaca	tgggtagcag	ggaagaagta	aaaaaayaga	aggagaatac	1740
tggaaagataa	tgcacaaaat	gaagggacta	gttaaggatt	aactagccct	ttaaggatta	1800
actagttaag	gattaatagc	aaaagayatt	aaatatgcta	acatagctat	ggaggatttg	1860
agggcaagca	cccaggactg	atgaggtcct	aacaaaaacc	agtgtggcaa	aaaaaiaaaa	1920
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaatccta	aaaacaaaaca	aacaaaaaaa	acaattcttc	attcagaaaa	1980
attatcttag	ggactgatat	tggtaattat	ggtcaattta	ataatatttt	ggggcatttc	2040
cttacattgt	cttgacaaga	ttaaaatgtc	tgtgccaaaa	ttttgtattt	tatttggaga	2100
cttcttatca	aaagtaatgc	tgccaaaagga	agtctaagga	attagtagtg	ttcccatcac	2160
ttgtttggag	tgtgctattc	taaaagattt	tgatttccctg	gaatgacaat	tatattttaa	2220
ctttggtggg	ggaaagagtt	ataggaccac	agtccttact	tctgatactt	gtaaattaat	2280
cttttattgc	acttgttttg	accattaaagc	tatatgttta	gaaatgggtca	ttttacggaa	2340
aaattagaaa	aattctgata	atagtgcaga	ataaatgaat	taatgtttta	cttaatttat	2400
attgaactgt	caatgacaaa	taaaaattct	ttttgattat	ttttgttttt	catttaccag	2460
aataaaaacg	taagaattaa	aagtttgatt	acaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaa		2507

<210> 333

<211> 3030

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

gcaggcgact	tgcgagctgg	gagcgattta	aaacgctttg	gattcccccg	gcctgggtgg	60
ggagagcgag	ctgggtgccc	cctagattcc	ccgccccgc	acctcatgag	ccgacctctg	120
gctccatgga	gcccggcaat	tatgccacct	tggatggagc	caaggatata	gaaggcttgc	180
tgggagcggg	aggggggagg	aatctggctg	cccactcccc	tctgaccagc	caccacggg	240
cgcctacgt	gatgcctgct	gtcaactatg	cccccttggg	tctgccaggc	tcggcggagc	300
cgccaaagca	atgccacca	tgccctgggg	tgccccaggg	gacgtcccca	gctcccgtgc	360
cttatgggta	ctttggaggc	gggtactact	cctgccgagt	gtcccggagc	tcgctgaaac	420
cctgtcccca	ggcagccacc	ctggccgcgt	accccgaggg	gactcccacg	gccggggag	480

agtagccag	ycgcccact	gagtttgct	tctatccggg	atatccggga	acctaccagc	540
ctatggccag	ttacctggac	gtgtctgtgg	tgcagactct	gggtgctcct	ggagaaccgc	600
gacatgactc	cctgttgccct	gtggacagtt	accagtcttg	ggctctcgct	gggtgctgga	660
acagccagat	gtgttgccag	ggagaacaga	acccaccagg	tcccttttgg	aaggcagcat	720
ttgcagactc	cagcgggcag	cacctctctg	acgcctgctc	ctttcgctgc	ggccgcaaga	780
aacgcattcc	gtacagcaag	gggcagttgc	gggagctgga	gcgggagtat	gcggctaaca	840
agttcatcac	caaggacaag	aggcgcaaga	tctcgccagc	caccagcctc	tcggagcgcc	900
agattaccat	ctggtttcag	aaccgcccgg	tcaaagagaa	gaaggtttct	gccaaggtga	960
agaacagcgc	tacctcttaa	gagatctcct	tgcttgggtg	ggaggagcga	aagtgggggt	1020
gtcctgggga	gaccaggaac	ctgccaagcc	caggctgggg	ccaaggactc	tgctgagagg	1080
cccttagaga	caacacctt	cccaggccac	tggctgctgg	actgttcttc	aggagcggcc	1140
tgggtaccca	gtatgtgcag	ggagacggaa	ccccatgtga	cagccactc	caccagggtt	1200
cccaaagaac	ctggcccagt	cataatcatt	catcctgaca	gtggcaataa	tcacgataac	1260
cagtactagc	tgccatgac	gttagcctca	tattttctat	ctagagctct	gtagagcact	1320
ttagaaaccg	ctttcatgaa	ttgagctaata	tatgaataaa	tttggaaggc	gatccctttg	1380
cagggaaagct	ttctctcaga	cccccttcca	ttacacctct	cacctggta	acagcaggaa	1440
gactgaggag	aggggaacgg	gcagattcgt	tgtgtggctg	tgatgtccgt	ttagcatttt	1500
tcrcagctga	cagctgggta	ggtggacaat	tgtagaggct	gtctcttctc	ccctccttgc	1560
ccaccccata	gggtgtacct	actggtcttg	gaagcaccca	tccttaatac	gatgattttt	1620
ctgtcgtgtg	aaaatgaagc	cagcaggctg	cccttagtca	gtccttctct	ccagagaaaa	1680
agagatttga	gaaagtgcct	gggtaattca	ccattaatct	cctcccccaa	actctctgag	1740
tcttccctta	atatttctgg	tggttctgac	caaagcaggt	catggtttgt	tgagcatttg	1800
ggatcccagt	gaagtagatg	ttttagacct	tgcatactta	gcccttcccc	ggcacaaacg	1860
gagtgccaga	gtggtgccaa	ccctgttttc	ccagtccacg	tagacagatt	cacagtgcgg	1920
aattctggaa	gctggagaca	gacgggctct	ttgcagagcc	gggactctga	gagggacatg	1980
agggcctctg	cctctgtgtt	cattctctga	tgtcctgtac	ctgggctcag	tgcccgggtg	2040
gactcatctc	ctggccgcgc	agcaaagcca	gcgggttcgt	gctggtcctt	cctgcacctt	2100
aggctggggg	tggggggcct	gccggcgcat	tctccacgat	tgagcgcaca	ggcctgaagt	2160
ctggacaacc	cgcagaaccg	aagctccgag	cagcgggtcg	gtggcgagta	gtggggctcg	2220
tggcgagcag	ttgggtgggtg	gccgcggccg	ccactacctc	gaggacattt	ccctcccggg	2280
gccagctctc	ctagaaaccc	cgcggcgccc	gccgcagcca	agtgtttatg	gcccgcgggtc	2340
gggtgggac	ctagccctgt	ctcctctcct	gggaaggagt	gagggtggga	cgtgacttag	2400
acacctacaa	atctatttac	caaagaggag	cccgggactg	agggaaaagg	ccaaagagtg	2460
tgagtgcattg	cggactgggg	gttcaggggg	agaggacgag	gaggagggaag	atgaggtcga	2520
tttcttgatt	taaaaaatcg	tccaagcccc	gtgggtccagc	ttaaggctct	cggttacatg	2580
cgcgcctcag	agcaggctac	tttctgcctt	ccacgtctct	cttcaaggaa	gccccatgtg	2640
ggtagctttc	aatatcgag	gttcttactc	ctctgcctct	ataagctcaa	acccaccaac	2700
gactcgggcaa	gtaaaccccc	tccctcgccg	acttcggaac	tggcgagagt	tcagcgcaga	2760
tgggcctgtg	gggagggggc	aagatagatg	agggggagcg	gcatggtgcg	gggtgacccc	2820
ttggagagag	gaaaaagggc	acaagagggg	ctgccaccgc	cactaacgga	gatggccctg	2880
gtagagacct	ttgggggtct	ggaacctctg	gactcccat	gctctaactc	ccacactctg	2940
ctatcagaaa	cttaaaactg	aggattttct	ctgtttttca	ctcgcaataa	aytcagagca	3000
aacaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaactcgag				3030

<210> 334

<211> 2417

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 334

ggcgccgct	ctagagctag	tgggacccc	cgggctgcac	gaattcggca	cgagtgagtt	60
ggagttttac	ctgtattgtt	ttaatttcaa	caagcctgag	gactagccac	aaatgtaccc	120
agtttacaaa	tgaggaaaca	ggtgcaaaaa	ggtgtttacc	tgtcaaaagg	cgtatgtggc	180
agagccaaga	tttgagccca	gttatgtctg	atgaacttag	cctatgctct	ttaaacttct	240
saatgctgac	cattgaggat	atctaaactt	agatcaattg	cattttccct	ccaagactat	300

ttacttatca	atacaataat	accaccttta	ccaatctatt	gttttgatac	gagactcaaa	360
tatgccagat	atatgtaaaa	gcaacctaca	agctctctaa	tcatgctcac	ctaaaagatt	420
ccccggatct	aataggctca	aagaaacttc	ttctagaaat	ataaaagaga	aaattggatt	480
atgcaaaaat	tcattattaa	tttttttcat	ccatccttta	attcagcaaa	catttatctg	540
ttgttgactt	tatgcagtat	ggccttttaa	ggattggggg	acaggtgaag	aacgggggtgc	600
cagaatgcat	cctcctacta	atgagggtcag	tacacatttg	catttttaaaa	tgccctgtcc	660
agctgggcat	gggtggatcat	gcctgtaatc	tcaacatttg	aaggccaagg	caggaggatt	720
gcttcagccc	aggagttaa	gaccagcctg	ggcaacatag	aaagaccca	tctctcaatc	780
aatcaatcaa	tgccctgtct	ttgaaaataa	aactctttaa	gaaaggttta	atgggcaggg	840
tgtggtagct	catgcctata	atacagcact	ttggggagct	gaggcaggag	gataccttta	900
gcccagaagt	tcaagaccag	cctgggcaac	aagtgcacac	tcattctcaat	tttttaataa	960
aatgaatata	tacataagga	aagataaaaa	gaaaagttaa	atgaaagaat	acagtataaa	1020
acaaatctct	tggacctaaa	agtatttttg	ttcaagccaa	atattgtgaa	tcacctctct	1080
gtgttgagga	tacagaatat	ctaagcccag	gaaactgagc	agaaagtcca	tgtactaact	1140
aatcaacccg	aggcaaggca	aaaatgagac	taactaatca	atccgaggca	agggggcaaat	1200
tagacggaac	ctgactctgg	tctattaagc	gacaactttc	cctctgttgt	atttttcttt	1260
tattcaatgt	aaaaggataa	aaactctcta	aaactaaaaa	caatgtttgt	caggagttac	1320
aaacccatgac	caactaatta	tggggaatca	taaaatatga	ctgtatgaga	tcttgatggg	1380
ttacaaagtg	taaccactgt	taatcacttt	aaacattaat	gaacttaaaa	atgaatttac	1440
ggagattgga	atgtttcttt	cctgttgtat	tagttggctc	aggctgccat	aacaaaatac	1500
cacagactgg	gaggcttaag	taacagaaat	tcatttctca	cagtctctggg	ggctggaagt	1560
ccacgatcaa	ggtgcaggaa	aggcaggctt	cattctgagg	ccctctctct	ggctcacatg	1620
tggccaccct	cccactgcgt	gctcacatga	cctcttttgt	ctcctggaaa	gagggtgtgg	1680
gggacagagg	gaaagagaag	gagagggaaac	tctctgggtg	ctcgtctttc	aaggacccta	1740
acctgggcca	ctttggccca	ggcactgtgg	ggtggggggg	tgtggctgct	ctgctctgag	1800
tggccaagat	aaagcaacag	aaaaatgtcc	aaagctgtgc	agcaaagaca	agccaccgaa	1860
cagggatctg	ctcatcagtg	tggggacctc	caagtgggcc	accctggagg	caagccccc	1920
cagagcccat	gcaagggtggc	agcagcagaa	gaaggggaatt	gtccctgtcc	ttggcacatt	1980
cctcaccgac	ctggtgatgc	tggacactgc	gatgaatggg	aatgtggatg	agaatatgat	2040
ggactcccag	aaaaggagac	ccagctgtct	agggtggctg	aaatcattac	agccttcac	2100
ctggggagga	actgggggcc	tggttctggg	tcagagagca	gcccagtgag	ggtgagagct	2160
acagcctgtc	ctgccagctg	gatccccagt	cccggtcaac	cagtaataca	ggctgagcag	2220
atcaggcttc	ccggagctgg	tcttgggaag	ccagccctgg	ggtgagttgg	ctcctgtctg	2280
ggtactgaga	caatattgtc	ataaattcaa	tgcgcccttg	tatccctttt	tcttttttat	2340
ctgtctacat	ctataatcac	tatgcatact	agtctttgtt	agtgtttcta	ttcmacttaa	2400
tagagatatg	ttatact					2417

<210> 335

<211> 2984

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 335

atccctctct	ccccactctc	ctttccagaa	ggcacttggg	gtcttatctg	ttggactctg	60
aaaacacttc	aggcgccctt	ccaaggcttc	cccaaacc	taagcagccg	cagaagcgct	120
cccgagctgc	cttctccac	actcagggtga	tcgagttgga	gaggaagttc	agccatcaga	180
agtacctgtc	ggcccctgaa	cgggcccacc	tggccaagaa	cctcaagctc	acggagaccc	240
aagtgaagat	atggttccag	aacagacgct	ataagactaa	gcgaaagcag	ctctctctgg	300
agctgggaga	cttggagaag	cactcctctt	tgcgggccct	gaaagaggag	gccttctccc	360
gggcctccct	ggtctccgtg	tataacagct	atccttacta	cccatacctg	tactgcgtgg	420
gcagctggag	cccagctttt	tggtaatgcc	agctcagggtg	acaaccatta	tgatcaaaaa	480
ctgccttccc	cagggtgtct	ctatgaaaag	cacaaggggc	caaggctcagg	gagcaagagg	540
tgtgcacacc	aaagctattg	gagatttgcg	tggaaatctc	asattcttca	ctggtgagac	600
aatgaaacaa	cagagacagt	gaaagtttta	atacctaagt	cattccccc	gtgcatactg	660
taggtcattt	tttttgcttc	tggctacctg	tttgaagggg	agagagggaa	aatcaagtgg	720

```

tattttccag cactttgtat gattttggat gagctgtaca cccaaggatt ctgttctgca 780
actccatcct cctgtgtcac tgaatatcaa ctctgaaaga gcaaacctaa caggagaaaag 840
gacaaccagg atgaggatgt caccaactga attaaactta agtccagaag cctcctgttg 900
gccttggaat atggccaagg ctctctctgt ccctgtaaaa gagaggggca aatagagagt 960
ctccaagaga acgcccctcat gctcagcaca tatttgcata ggagggggag atgggtggga 1020
ggagatgaaa atatcagcct ttctttattcc tttttattcc ttttaaatg gtatgccaac 1080
ttaagtattt acagggtggc ccaaatagaa caagatgcac tcgctgtgat ttaagacaa 1140
gctgtataaa cagaactcca ctgcaagagg gggggccggg ccaggagaat ctccgcttgt 1200
ccaagacagg ggcctaagga ggggtctccac actgctgcta ggggctgttg ctttttttta 1260
ttagtagaaa gtggaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttgggctgga gaatttagaa 1320
tcagaagttt cctggagtgt tcaggctatc atatatactg tatcctgaaa ggcaacataa 1380
ttcttcttcc cctcctttta aaattttgtg ttcttttttg cagcaattac tcactaaagg 1440
gcttcatttt agtccagatt tttagtctgg ctgcacctaa cttatgcctc gcttatttag 1500
cccagagatct ggtctttttt tttttttttt tttttccgtc tccccaagc tttatctgtc 1560
ttgacttttt aaaaaagtgt gggggcagat tctgaattgg ctaaaagaca tgcattttta 1620
aaactagcaa ctcttatttc ttctctttaa aaatacatag cattaatccc caaatcctat 1680
ttaaagacct gacagcttga gaaggctact actgcattta taggaccttc tgggtgttct 1740
gctgttacgt ttgaagtctg acaatccttg agaatctttg catgcagagg aggttaagagg 1800
tattggattt tcacagagga agaacacagc gcagaatgaa gggccaggct tactgagctg 1860
tccagtggag ggctcatggg tgggacatgg aaaagaaggc agcctaggcc ctggggagcc 1920
cagtccactg agcaagcaag ggactgagtg agccttttgc aggaaaaggc taagaaaaag 1980
gaaaaccatt ctaaaacaca acaagaaact gtccaaatgc tttgggaact gtgtttattg 2040
cctataatgg gtcccaaaa tgggtaacct agacttcaga gagaatgagc agagagcaaa 2100
ggagaaatct ggctgtcctt ccattttcat tctgttatct caggtagact ggtagagggg 2160
agacattaga aaaaaatgaa acaacaaaac aattractaat gaggtacgtt gaggcctggg 2220
agtctcttga ctccactact taattccgtt tagtgagaaa cttttcaatt ttcttttatt 2280
agaagggcca gtttactgtt ggtggcaaaa ttgccaacat aagttaatag aaagtggcc 2340
aatttcaccc cattttctgt ggtttgggct ccacattgca atgttcaatg ccacgtgctg 2400
ctgacaccga cggagtact agccagcaca aaaggcaggg tagcctgaat tgcctttctc 2460
tctttacatt tcttttaaaa taagcattta gtgctcagtc cctactgagt actctttctc 2520
tcccctctc tgaatttaat tctttcaact tgcaatttgc aaggattaca catttcactg 2580
tgatgtatat tgtgttgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aagtgtcttt gtttaaaatt acttgggttg 2640
tgaatccatc ttgctttttc cccattggaa ctagtcatca acccatctct gaactggtag 2700
aaaaacatct gaagagctag tctatcagca tctgacaggt gaattggatg gttctcagaa 2760
ccatttcacc cagacagcct gtttctatcc tgtttaataa attagtttg gttctctaca 2820
tgcataacaa accctgtctc aatctgtcac ataaaagtct gtgacttgaa gtttagtcag 2880
caccctccac aaactttatt ttctatgtg ttttttgcaa catatgagtg ttttgaaaat 2940
aaagtaccca tgtctttatt agaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 2984

```

<210> 336

<211> 147

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

```

Pro Ser Phe Pro Thr Leu Leu Ser Arg Arg His Leu Gly Ser Tyr Leu
1          5          10          15
Leu Asp Ser Glu Asn Thr Ser Gly Ala Leu Pro Arg Leu Pro Gln Thr
20          25          30
Pro Lys Gln Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
35          40          45
Val Ile Glu Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
50          55          60
Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
65          70          75          80

```

Val Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln
 85 90 95
 Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Gly Asp Leu Glu Lys His Ser Ser Leu Pro Ala
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn
 115 120 125
 Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Val Gly Ser Trp Ser Pro
 130 135 140
 Ala Phe Trp
 145

<210> 337
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 337
 Ala Leu Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala
 1 5

<210> 338
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 338
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile
 1 5

<210> 339
 <211> 318
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 339
 Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Tyr Met Ala Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val
 20 25 30
 Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
 35 40 45
 Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
 50 55 60
 Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val
 85 90 95
 Arg Lys Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys
 100 105 110
 Gly Phe Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala
 115 120 125
 Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met
 130 135 140
 His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu

145 150 155 160
 Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg Ile Val Asn Val Ser
 165 170 175
 Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly
 180 185 190
 Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala
 195 200 205
 Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly
 210 215 220
 Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser Val His Pro Gly Thr Val Gln Ser Glu Leu Val
 225 230 235 240
 Arg His Ser Ser Phe Met Arg Trp Met Trp Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe Phe
 245 250 255
 Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu
 260 265 270
 Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His
 275 280 285
 Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg
 290 295 300
 Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp
 305 310 315

<210> 340

<211> 483

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 340

gccgagggtct gccttcacac ggaggacacg agactgcttc ctcaagggtct cctgcctgcc 60
 tggacactgg tgggaggcgc tgtttagttg gctgttttca gagggtctt tcggaggggac 120
 ctctgctgc aggtctggagt gtctttattc ctggcgggag accgcacatt ccactgctga 180
 gggtgtgggg gcggtttatc aggcagtgat aaacataaga tgctatttcc ttgactccgg 240
 ccttcaattt tctcttggc tgacgacgga gtccgtggtg tcccgatgta actgaccct 300
 gctccaaacg tgacatcact gatgctcttc tcgggggtgc tgatggcccg cttgggtcacg 360
 tgctcaattt cgccattcga ctcttgctcc aaactgtatg aagacacctg actgcacgtt 420
 tttctgggc ttccagaatt taaagtgaag ggcagcactc ctaagctccg actccgatgc 480
 ctg 483

<210> 341

<211> 344

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 341

ctgctgctga gtcacagatt tcattataaa tagcctccct aaggaaaata cactgaatgc 60
 tatttttact aaccattcta tttttataga aatagctgag agtttctaaa ccaactctct 120
 gctgcttac aagtattaaa tattttactt cttccataa agagtagctc aaaatatgca 180
 attaatataa taattttctga tgatggtttt atctgcagta atatgtatat catctattag 240
 aatttactta atgaaaaact gaagagaaca aaatttgtaa ccactagcac ttaagtactc 300
 ctgattctta acattgtctt taatgaccac aagacaacca acag 344

<210> 342

<211> 592

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 342

acagcaaaaa	agaaactgag	aagcccaaty	tgctttcttg	ttaacatcca	cttatccaac	60
caatgtggaa	acttcttata	cttggttcca	ttatgaagtt	ggacaattgc	tgctatcaca	120
cctggcaggt	aaaccaatgc	caagagagtg	atggaaacca	ttggcaagac	tttgttgatg	180
accaggattg	gaattttata	aaaatattgt	tgatgggaag	ttgctaaagg	gtgaattact	240
tccctcagaa	gagtgtaaag	aaaagtcaga	gatgctataa	tagcagctat	tttaattggc	300
aagtgccact	gtggaaagag	ttcctgtgtg	tgctgaagtt	ctgaagggca	gtcaaattca	360
tcagcatggg	ctgtttgggtg	caaatgcaaa	agcacaggtc	tttttagcat	gctgggtctct	420
cccgtgtcct	tatgcaaata	atcgtcttct	tctaaatttc	tcctaggctt	cattttccaa	480
agttcttctt	ggtttgtgat	gtcttttctg	ctttccatta	attctataaa	atagtatggc	540
ttcagccacc	cactcttcgc	cttagcttga	ccgtgagttc	cggctgccgc	tg	592

<210> 343

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343

ttcttgacct	cctcctcctt	caagctcaaa	caccacctcc	cttattcagg	accggcactt	60
cttaatgttt	gtggctttct	ctccagcctc	tcttaggagg	ggtaatggtg	gagttggcat	120
cttgtaactc	tcctttctcc	tttcttcccc	tttctctgcc	cgcctttccc	atcctgctgt	180
agacttcttg	attgtcagtc	tytgtcacat	ccagtgattg	ttttggtttc	tgttcccttt	240
ctgactgccc	aaggggtca	gaaccccagc	aatcccttcc	tttactacc	ttcttttttg	300
ggggtagttg	gaagggactg	aaattgtggg	gggaagstag	gaggcacatc	aataaagagg	360
aaaccaccaa	gctgaaaaaa	aa				382

<210> 344

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 344

ctgggcctga	agctgtaggg	taaatcagag	gcaggcttct	gagtgatgag	agtcctgaga	60
caataggcca	cataaacttg	gctggatgga	acctcacaat	aaggtgggtca	cctcttgttt	120
gttttagggg	atgccaagg	taaggccagc	tcagtatat	gaagagaagc	agaacaaaca	180
agtctttcag	agaaatggat	gcaatcagag	tgggatcccg	gtcacatcaa	ggtcacactc	240
caccttcag	tgctgaatg	gttgccagg	cagaaaaatc	caccccttac	gagtgcggt	300
tcgacctat	atcccccgcc	cgcgtccctt	tctccataaa	attcttctta	gtagctatta	360
ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	ccctcttatt	aatcatcacc	ctagccctaa	480
gtctggccta	tgagtgacta	caaaaaggat	tagactgagc	cgaataacaa	aaaaaa	536

<210> 345

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 345

accttttgag	gtctctctca	ccacctccac	agccaccgtc	accgtgggat	gtgctggatg	60
tgaatgaagc	ccccatcttt	gtgcctcctg	aaaagagagt	ggaagtgtcc	gaggactttg	120
gcgtgggcca	ggaaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaacaga	180
aaataacata	tcggattttg	agagacactg	ccaactggct	ggagattaat	ccggacactg	240
gtgccatttc	c					251

<210> 346
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346
 cgcgctctctg acactgtgat catgacaggg gttcaaacag aaagtgcctg ggccctcctt 60
 ctaagtcttg ttaccaaaaa aaggaaaaag aaaagatctt ctcagttaca aattctggga 120
 agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagagggtt tccctcccgc accaaaaaat 180
 agaaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccaggt agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240
 ggtctcattt cccaagggtgc cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

<210> 347
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(201)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347
 acacacataa tattataaaa tgccatctaa ttggaaggag ctttctatca ttgcaagtca 60
 taaatataac ttttaaaaana ntactancag cttttaccta ngctcctaaa tgcttgtaaa 120
 tctgagactg actggaccca cccagaccca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180
 tataaagaat ttttttttgc c 201

<210> 348
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348
 ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcataccttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60
 agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgcccctg ggcaggcaga 120
 aggagacact cccagcatgg aggaggggtt atcttttcat cctagggtcag gtctacaatg 180
 ggggaagggtt ttattataga actcccaaca gccacacctc ctctgccac ccaccgatg 240
 gcctgcctc c 251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349
 taaaaatcaa gccatttaat tgtatctttg aaggtaaaaca atatatggga gctggatcac 60
 aacccttgag gatgccagag ctatgggtcc agaacatggt gtggtattat caacagagtt 120
 cagaagggtc tgaactctac gtgttaccag agaacataat gcaattcatg cattccactt 180
 agcaattttg taaaatacca gaaacagacc ccaagagtct ttcaagatga ggaaaattca 240

actcctgggt t

251

<210> 350

<211> 908

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 350

ctggacactt	tgcgagggt	tttgctgggt	gctgctgctg	cccgtcatgc	tactcatcgt	60
agccccgccc	gtgaagctcg	ctgctttccc	tacctcctta	agtgactgcc	aaacgcccac	120
cggctggaat	tgtctcgggt	atgatgacag	agaaaatgat	ctcttcctct	gtgacaccaa	180
cacctgtaaa	tttgatgggg	aatgtttaag	aattggagac	actgtgactt	gcgtctgtca	240
gttcaagtgc	aacaatgact	atgtgcctgt	gtgtgggtcc	aatggggaga	gctaccagaa	300
tgagtgttac	ctgacgacag	ctgcatgcaa	acagcagagt	gagataactg	tgggtgtcaga	360
aggatcatgt	gccacagtcc	atgaaggctc	tggagaaaact	agtcaaaaagg	agacatccac	420
ctgtgatatt	tgccagtttg	gtgcagaatg	tgacgaagat	gccgaggatg	tctgggtgtg	480
gtgtaatat	gactgttctc	aaaccaactt	caatcccctc	tgcgcttctg	atgggaaatc	540
ttatgataat	gcatgccaaa	tcaaagaagc	atcgtgtcag	aaacaggaga	aaattgaagt	600
catgtctttg	ggtcgatgtc	aagataacac	aactacaact	actaagtctg	aagatgggca	660
ttatgcaaga	acagattatg	cagagaatgc	taacaaatta	gaagaaagtg	ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct	tgtccggaac	attacaatgg	cttctgcatg	catgggaagt	gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgacagtg	tgatgctggg	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggctct	gtacgatttc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgacag						908

<210> 351

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 351

ccagttat	ttt gcaagtggt	agagcctatt	taccataaat	aatactaaga	accaactcaa	60
gtcaaacctt	aatgccattg	ttattgtgaa	ttaggattaa	gtagtaattt	tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg	attttaaaat	cagwtttgyg	agtcatttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctgtt	tttctaaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaacactgt	240
atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgctc	tcaccatgct	ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaacctaa	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata	tttaggggaag	atgttgcttt	gcccacacac	gaagcaaagt	aa	472

<210> 352

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 352

ctcaaagcta	atctctcggg	aatcaaacca	gaaaagggca	aggatcttag	gcatgggtgga	60
tgtggataag	gccagggtcaa	tggctgcaag	catgcagaga	aagagggtaca	tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaaccca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaate	ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

<210> 353

<211> 436

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 353

tttttttttt tttttttttt ttttttaciaa caatgcagtc atttatttat tgagtatgtg	60
cacattatgg tattattact atactgatta tatttatcat gtgacttcta attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa gcaaaacagc agatatacaa aattaaagag acagaagata gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa cttatacatt gacaatccaa atccaatata tttaaacatt tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa tggaagccar atcaaatttg tgtaaaacta ttcagtatgt ttccttctgt	300
tcatgtctga raaggctctc ccttcaatgg ggatgacaaa ctccaaatgc cacacaaatg	360
ttacagaat actagattca cactggaacg ggggtaaaga agaaattatt ttctataaaa	420
gggtccttaa tgtagt	436

<210> 354

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 354

ccttttctag ttcaccagtt ttctgcaagg atgctgggta gggagtgtct gcaggaggag	60
caagtctgaa accaaatcta ggaaacatag gaaacgagcc aggcacaggg ctggtgggccc	120
atcagggacc acccttttggg ttgatatttt gcttaatctg catcttttga gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag aagctgttct ccaggtagat ttctctagct catgtacaaa aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt caggtgcctt gctaaaagcc agatgcgttc ggcacttcct tgggtctgagg	300
tttaattgcac acctacaggc actgggctca tgccttcaag tattttgtcc tcactttagg	360
gtgagtgaag gatcccat ataggagcac ttgggagaga tcatataaaa gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc agtaatgggg tagatgtgtg tgggtgtgtt tcattcctgc aagggtgctt	480
gttagggagt gtttccagga ggaacaagtc tgaaaccaat catgaaataa atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa aactaattca aaagagagat cgtgatatca gtgtggttga tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa ggctctaatt tgcccatatt tgaaataata attcagcttt ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa ggattgagaa tcatggtgtc taatgtataa aagacccagg aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg cataaatgta aaatgcatgt gacccaagaa ggccccaag tggcagacaa	780
cattgtaccc attttccctt ccaaaatgtg agcggcgggc ctgctgcttt caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg tcag	854

<210> 355

<211> 676

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355

gaaattaagt atgagctaaa ttccctgtta aaacctctag ggggtgacaga tctcttcaac	60
cagggtcaaag ctgatctttc tggaatgtca ccaaccaagg gcctatatatt atcaaaaagcc	120
atccacaagt catacctgga tgtcagcgaa gagggcacgg aggcagcagc agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg ctgtaaaaag cctaccaatg agagctcagt tcaaggcgaa ccaccccttc	240
ctgttcttta taaggcacac tcataccaac acgatcctat tctgtggcaa gcttgccctt	300
ccctaactcag atgggggtga gtaaggctca gagttgcaga tgagggtgcag agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc cagggccaaa aagctgttca cacctcacgc acctctgtgc ctcagtttgc	420
tcactctgcaa aataggtcta ggatttcttc caaccatttc atgagttgtg aagctaaggc	480
tttgttatc atggaaaaag gtagacttat gcagaaaagc tttctggctt tcttatctgt	540
gggtgtctcat ttgagtgtctg tccagtgcac tgatcaagtc aatgagtaaa attttaaggg	600
attagatttt cttgacttgt atgtatctgt gagatcttga ataagtgacc tgacatctct	660
gcttaaaagaa aaccag	676

<210> 356

<211> 574

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356

tttttttttt	tttttcagga	aaacattctc	ttactttatt	tgcattctcag	caaaggttct	60
catgtggcac	ctgactggca	tcaaaccaaa	gttcgtaggc	caacaaagat	gggccactca	120
caagcttccc	atthttagat	ctcagtgcct	atgagtatct	gacacctgtt	cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg	gaggcttaaa	tctgtctcag	gtgtgctaag	agtgccagcc	caaggkggtc	240
aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtgc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acaggggaagg	420
agatacaagc	tcgtttacat	gtgatagatc	taacaaaggc	atctaccgaa	gtctggtctg	480
gatagacggc	acagggagct	cttaggtcag	cgctgctggg	tggaggacat	tcctgagtc	540
agctttgcag	cctttgtgca	acagtacttt	ccca			574

<210> 357

<211> 393

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tcactgkact	60
taatatggkg	kcttggtcac	tataactaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaacccct	aaatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa	ttattccagt	tttttataaa	cttaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaara	240
araarataag	tggtatatgg	aaagaagggc	attcaagcac	actaaaraaa	cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

<210> 358

<211> 630

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

acagggtaaa	caggaggatc	cttgcctctc	cggagcttac	attctagcag	gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta	taggaaaatg	atgagtttat	gacaaaggaa	gtagatagtg	ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta	gggaagctaa	tccagcacag	ggaggtcaca	gagacatccc	taaggaagtg	180
gagtttaaac	tgagagaagc	aagtgcctaa	actgaaggat	gtgttgaaga	agaagggaga	240
gtagaacaat	ttgggcagag	ggaaccttat	agaccctaag	gtgggaaggt	tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc	tagaacagct	ggagccgttc	tccggtgtaa	agaggagtca	aagagataag	360
attaaagatg	tgaagattaa	gatcttggtg	gcattcaggg	attggcactt	ctacaagaaa	420
tcactgaagg	gagtaatgtg	acattacttt	tcacttcagg	atggccattc	taactccagg	480
gggtagactg	gactaggtaa	gactggaggc	aggtagacct	cttctaaggc	ctgcgatagt	540
gaaagacaaa	aataagtggg	gaaattcagg	ggatagtga	aatcagtagg	acttaatgag	600
caagccagag	gttcctccac	aacaaccagt				630

<210> 359

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

acagcattcc	aaaaatataca	tctagagact	aarrgtaaat	gctctatagt	gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa	atgctactaa	tatagaaaat	ttataatcag	aaaaataaat	attcaggag	120

```

ctcaccagaa gaataaagtg ctctgccagt tattaaagga ttactgctgg tgaattaaat 180
atggcattcc ccaagggaaa tagagagatt cttctggatt atgttcaata tttatttcac 240
aggattcaact gttttaggaa cagatataaa gcttcgccac ggaagagatg gacaaagcac 300
aaagacaaca tgatacctta ggaagcaaca ctaccctttc aggcataaaa tttggagaaa 360
tgcaacatta tgcttcatga ataatatgta gaaagaaggt ctgatgaaaa tgacatcctt 420
aatgtaagat aactttataa gaattctggg tcaaataaaa ttctttgaag aaaacatcca 480
aatgtcattg acttatcaaa tactatcttg gcatataacc tatgaaggca aaactaaaca 540
aacaaaaagc tcacaccaa caaaaccatc aacttatttt gtattctata acatacgaga 600
ctgtaaagat gtgacagtgt

```

620

<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

```

aaaaaaaaa agccagaaca acatgtgata gataatatga ttggctgcac acttccagac 60
tgatgaatga tgaacgtgat ggactattgt atggagcaca tcttcagcaa gagggggaaa 120
tactcatcat ttttgccag cagttgtttg atcaccaaac atcatgccag aatactcagc 180
aaaccttctt agctcttgag aagtcaaagt ccgggggaat ttattccttg caattttaat 240
tggaactcctt atgtgagagc agcggctacc cagctggggg gtgggagcga acccgctcact 300
agtggacatg cagtggcaga gctcctggta accacctaga ggaatacaca ggcacatgtg 360
tgatgccaag cgtgacacct gtgacactca aatttgtctt gtttttgtct ttcgggtgtg 420
agattcttag t

```

431

<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

```

aacttgattt ccgatcaaaa gaatcatcat ctttaccttg acttttcagg gaattactga 60
actttcttct cagaagatag ggcacagcca ttgccttggc ctcacttgaa gggctctgat 120
ttgggtctct tggctctctg ccaagtttcc cagccactcg agggagaaat atcgggaggt 180
ttgacttctt ccggggcttt cccgagggct tcaccgtgag ccctgcggcc ctcagggctg 240
caatcctgga ttcaatgtct gaaacctcgc tctctgcctg ctggacttct gaggccgtca 300
ctgccactct gtctccagc tctgacagct cctcatctgt ggtcctgttg t

```

351

<210> 362

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

```

acttcatcag gccataatgg gtgcctcccg tgagaatcca agcacctttg gactgcgcga 60
tgtagatgag ccggctgaag atcttgcgca tgcgcggctt cagggcgaag ttcttggcgc 120
ccccggctac agaaatgacc aggttgggtg ttttcagggt ccagtgtctg gtcagcagct 180
cgtaaaggat ttccgcgtcc gtgtcgcagg acagacgtat atacttccct ttcttcccca 240
gtgtctcaaa ctgaatatcc ccaaaggcgt cggtaggaaa ttcttgggtg tgtttcttgt 300
agttccattt ctcacttttg ttgatctggg tgcttccat gtgctggctc tgggcatagc 360
cacacttgca cacattctcc ctgataagca cgatgggtgt gacaggaagg aaggatttca 420
ttgagcctgc ttatggaaac tggatttgtt agcttaataa gac

```

463

<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(653)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

acccccgagt ncctgnctgg catactgnga acgaccaacg acacacccaa gctcggcctc	60
ctcttgngga ttctgggtga catcttcatg aatggcaacc gtgccagwga ggctgtcctc	120
tgggaggcac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt cctgggggtga gacatcctct ccttgagat	180
ctaacgaaac ttctcaccta tgagttgtaa agcagaaata cctgnactac agacgagtgc	240
ccaacagcaa cccccggaa gtatgagttc ctctrgggcc tccgttccta ccatgagasc	300
tagcaagatg naagtgtga gantcattgc agaggttcag aaaagagacc cntcgtgact	360
ggctctgcaca gtctcatggag gctgcagatg aggccttggg tgctctggat gctgctgcag	420
ctgaggccga agccccgggt gaagcaagaa cccgcattgg aattggagat gaggtgtgt	480
ntgggccctg gagctgggat gacattgagt ttgagctgct gacctgggat gaggaaggag	540
atcttgagga tcctnggtcc agaattccat ttacctctct ggcagatac caccagaatg	600
cccgctccag attccctcag accttgcgcg gtccattat tggctcstggg ggt	653

<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

actagaggaa agacgttaaa ccactctact accacttgtg gaactctcaa agggtaaatg	60
acaaagccaa tgaatgactc taaaaacaat atttacatct aatggtttgt agacaataaa	120
aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa catcttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga	180
tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata	240
catctcacac ccttcatata aattcactat ctctggcttg ggcactccat aaaatgtatc	300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac	360
aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g	401

<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

ccagtgtcat atttgggctt aaaatttcaa gaagggcact tcaaattggct ttgcatttgc	60
atgtttcagt gctagagcgt aggaatagac cctggcgtcc actgtgagat gttcttcagc	120
taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggct attcttgggt aaagaaatga ctccacaaa	180
ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttcg gcatcatctc cgtaaatggt	240
gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga	300
acattcggca atgtccctt tgtagccagt ttcttcttcg agctcccga gagcag	356

<210> 366

<211> 1851

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 366

tcataccat tgccagcagc ggcaccgtta gtcaggtttt ctgggaatcc cacatgagta	60
--	----

```

cttccgtgtt cttcattctt .cttcaatagc cataaatctt ctagtctctgg ctggctgttt 120
tcacttcctt taagcctttg tgactcttcc tctgatgtca gctttaagtc ttgttctgga 180
ttgctgtttt cagaagagat ttttaacatc tgtttttctt tgtagtcaga aagtaactgg 240
caaattacat gatgatgact agaaacagca tactctctgg ccgtctttcc agatcttgag 300
aagatacatc aacattttgc tcaagtagag ggctgactat acttgctgat ccacaacata 360
cagcaagtat gagagcagtt cttccatata taccagcgc atttaaatc gctttttctt 420
tgattaaaaa tttcaccact tgctgtttt gctcatgtat accaagtagc agtgggtgga 480
ggccatgctt gttttttgat tcgatatcag caccgtataa gagcagtgtt ttggccatta 540
atztatcttc attgtagaca gcatagtgtg gagtgggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat 600
ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta acgcacattc atcttctctgg cattgtacgg 660
cctttgtcag agctgtcttc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagttgacat cgtctgtcca 720
gcacgagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagagggc cagatgtaga gcagtcctct 780
tttgcttgct cctcttgctt acatccgtgt ccttgagcat gacgatgaga tctttctggt 840
ggactttacc ccaccaggca gctctgtgga gcttgctcag atcttctcca tggacgtggt 900
acctgggac caggaaggcg ctgtcatcgt agtctcccca agcgaccacg ttgctcttgc 960
cgctccccctg cagcagggga agcagtgga gacaccattg cacctcttgc tcccaagcgt 1020
cttcacagag gagtgttgt ggtctccaga agtgcccacg ttgctcttgc cgctccccct 1080
gtccatccag ggaggaagaa atgcaggaaa tgaaagatgc atgcacgatg gtatactctt 1140
cagccatcaa acttctggac agcaggtcac tccagcaag gtggagaaag ctgtccaccc 1200
acagaggatg agatccagaa accacaatat ccattcacaa acaaacactt ttcagccaga 1260
cacaggactt gaaatcatgt catctgcggc aacatggtgg aacctacca atcacacatc 1320
aagagatgaa gacactgcag tatatctgca caacgtaata ctcttcatcc ataacaaaat 1380
aatataatct tctctggag ccatatggat gaactatgaa ggaagaactc cccgaagaag 1440
ccagtcgcag agaagccaca ctgaagctct gtctcagcc atcagcgcca cggacaggag 1500
tgtgtttctt cccagtgat gcagcctcaa gttatcccga agctgcgca gcacacggtg 1560
gtctctgaga aacaccccag ctcttccggg ctaacacagg caagtcaata aatgtgataa 1620
tcacataaac agaattaaaa gcaaagtcac ataagcatct caacagacac agaaaaggca 1680
tttgacaaaa tccagcatcc ttgtatttat tgttgcagtc ctacagaggaa atgcttctaa 1740
cttttcccca tttagtatta tgttggctgt gggcttgtca taggtggttt ttattacttt 1800
aaggtatgtc ccttctatgc ctgttttgct gaggggttta attctcgtgc c 1851

```

<210> 367

<211> 668

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367

```

cttgagcttc caaataygga agactggccc ttacacasgt caatgttaaa atgaatgcat 60
ttcagtattt tgaagataaa attttagat ctataccttg ttttttgatt cgatatcagc 120
acctataag agcagtgctt tggccattaa tttatcttcc attttagaca gcttagtgya 180
gagtgggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta 240
acgcacattc atcttctctgg cattgtacgg cctgtcagta tttagaccaa aaacaaatta 300
catatcttag gaattcaaaa taacattcca cagctttcac caactagtta tatttaagg 360
agaaaactca tttttatgcc atgtattgaa atcaaacca cctcatgctg atatagtgg 420
ctactgcata cctttatcag agctgtcttc tttttgttgt caaggacatc aagttgacat 480
cgtctgtcca gcaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagagggc cagatgtaga 540
gcagtcctat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 600
gcaatgattc atgtaactgc aaacactgaa tagcctgcta ttactctgcc ttcaaaaaaa 660
aaaaaaa

```

668

<210> 368

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

gggtcgccca	gggggsgcgt	gggctttcct	cgggtgggtg	tgggttttcc	ctgggtgggg	60
tgggtcgggc	trgaatcccc	tgctgggggt	ggcaggtttt	ggctggggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tggtaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
gacgaytctg	ctatgaagac	actcaggaac	aagatgggca	agtgggtgctg	ccactgcttc	540
ccctgctgca	gggggagcrg	caagagcaag	gtgggcgctt	ggggagacta	cgatgacagt	600
gccttcatgg	agcccaggta	ccacgtccgt	ggagaagatc	tggacaagct	ccacagagct	660
gcctgggtggg	gtaaagtccc	cagaaaggat	ctcatcgtca	tgctcaggga	cactgacgtg	720
aacaagaagg	acaagcaaaa	gaggactgct	ctacatctgg	cctctgccaa	tgggaattca	780
gaagtagtaa	aactcstgct	ggacagacga	tgtcaactta	atgtccttga	caacaaaaag	840
aggacagctc	tgayaaaggc	cgtacaatgc	caggaagatg	aatgtgcgct	aatgttgctg	900
gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactaygct	960
rtctayaatg	aagataaaatt	aatggccaaa	gcactgctct	tatayggtgc	tgatatcgaa	1020
tcaaaaaaca	aggtatagat	ctactaattt	tatcttcaaa	atactgaaat	gcattcattt	1080
taacattgac	gtgtgtaagg	gccagtcttc	cgtatttggg	agctcaagca	taacttgaat	1140
gaaaatattt	tgaatgacc	taattatctm	agactttatt	ttaaatattg	ttattttcaa	1200
agaagcatta	gagggtagac	tttttttttt	ttaaatgcac	ttctggtaaa	tacttttgtt	1260
gaaaacactg	aatttgtaaa	aggtataact	tactattttt	caatttttcc	ctcctaggat	1320
ttttttcccc	taatgaatgt	aagatggcaa	aatttgcctt	gaaatagggt	ttacatgaaa	1380
actccaagaa	aagttaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aatagagatc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagttcc	1440
taaaaaacag	taatagatac	gaggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaagggtt	aagatatattc	1500
tgatctcgtg	cc					1512

<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

gggtcgccca	gggggsgcgt	gggctttcct	cgggtgggtg	tgggttttcc	ctgggtgggg	60
tgggtcgggc	trgaatcccc	tgctgggggt	ggcaggtttt	ggctggggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tggtaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
gacgaytctg	ctatgaagac	actcaggaac	aagatgggca	agtgggtgctg	ccactgcttc	540
ccctgctgca	gggggagcrg	caagagcaag	gtgggcgctt	ggggagacta	cgatgacagy	600
gccttcatgg	akcccaggta	ccacgtccrt	ggagaagatc	tggacaagct	ccacagagct	660
gcctgggtggg	gtaaagtccc	cagaaaggat	ctcatcgtca	tgctcaggga	cackgaygtg	720
aacaagargg	acaagcaaaa	gaggactgct	ctacatctgg	cctctgccaa	tgggaattca	780
gaagtagtaa	aactcstgct	ggacagacga	tgtcaactta	atgtccttga	caacaaaaag	840
aggacagctc	tgayaaaggc	cgtacaatgc	caggaagatg	aatgtgcgct	aatgttgctg	900
gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactaygct	960
rtctayaatg	aagataaaatt	aatggccaaa	gcactgctct	tatayggtgc	tgatatcgaa	1020
tcaaaaaaca	agcatggcct	cacaccactg	ytacttggtr	tacatgagca	aaaacagcaa	1080
gtsgtgaaat	ttttaatyaa	gaaaaaaagc	aattttaaatt	gcrctggata	gatatggaag	1140
ractgctctc	atacttgctg	tatgttgctg	atcagcaagt	atagtcagcc	ytctacttga	1200
gcaaaatrtt	gatgtatctt	ctcaagatct	ggaaagacgg	ccagagagta	tgctgtttct	1260

agtcacatc	atgtaatttg	ccagttactt	tctgactaca	aagaaaaaca	gatgttaaaa	1320
atctcttctg	aaaacagcaa	tccagaacaa	gacttaaagc	tgacatcaga	ggaagagtca	1380
caaaggctta	aaggaagtga	aaacagccag	ccagaggcat	ggaaactttt	aaatttaaac	1440
ttttggctta	atgttttttt	tttttgctt	aataatatta	gatagtccca	aatgaaatwa	1500
cctatgagac	taggctttga	gaatcaatag	attctttttt	taagaatctt	ttggctagga	1560
gcgggtgtctc	acgcctgtaa	ttccagcacc	ttgagaggct	gagggtggga	gatcacgaga	1620
tcaggagatc	gagaccatcc	tggctaacac	ggtgaaaccc	catctctact	aaaaatacaa	1680
aaacttagct	gggtgtggtg	gcgggtgcct	gtagtccag	ctactcagga	rgctgaggca	1740
ggagaatggc	atgaacccgg	gagggtggag	ttgcagtga	ccgagatccg	ccactacact	1800
ccagcctggg	tgacagagca	agactctgtc	tcaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaa	1853

<210> 370

<211> 2184

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370

ggcacgagaa	ttaaaaccct	cagcaaaaaca	ggcatagaag	ggacatacct	taaagtaata	60
aaaaccacct	atgacaagcc	cacagccaac	ataatactaa	atggggaaaa	gttagaagca	120
tttctctga	gaactgcaac	aataaataca	aggatgctgg	attttgtcaa	atgccttttc	180
tgtgtctgtt	gagatgctta	tgtgactttg	cttttaattc	tgtttatgtg	attatcacat	240
ttattgactt	gcctgtgtta	gaccggaaga	gctggggtgt	ttctcaggag	ccaccgtgtg	300
ctgcggcagc	ttcgggataa	cttgaggctg	catcactggg	gaagaaacac	aytctgttcc	360
gtggcgctga	tggctgagga	cagagcttca	gtgtggcttc	tctgcgactg	gtttcttcgg	420
ggagtctctc	cttcatagtt	catccatatg	gctccagagg	aaaattatac	tattttgtta	480
tggatgaaga	gtattacgtt	gtgcagatat	actgcagtgt	cttcatctct	tgatgtgtga	540
ttgggtagggt	tccaccatgt	tgccgcagat	gacatgattt	cagtacctgt	gtctggctga	600
aaagtgtttg	tttgtgaatg	gatattgtgg	tttctggatc	tcacctctctg	tgggtggaca	660
gctttctcca	ccttgcctga	agtgacctgc	tttcttcttc	tgccagaag	tttgatggct	720
ccatcgtgca	tgcatctttc	atttctctga	tttcttcttc	cctggatgga	cagggggagc	780
ggcaagagca	acgtgggcac	ttctggagac	cacaacgact	cctctgtgaa	gacgcttggg	840
agcaagaggt	gcaagtgggtg	ctgccactgc	ttccctctgt	gcaggggagc	ggcaagagca	900
acgtggctgc	ttggggagac	tacgatgaca	gcgccttcat	ggatcccagg	taccacgtcc	960
atggagaaga	tctggacaag	ctccacagag	ctgcctgggtg	gggtaaaagtc	cccagaaagg	1020
atctcatcgt	catgtctcagg	gacacggatg	tgaacaagag	ggacaagcaa	aagaggactg	1080
ctctacatct	ggcctctgcc	aatgggaatt	cagaagtagt	aaaactcgtg	ctggacagac	1140
gatgtcaact	taatgtcctt	gacaacaaaa	agaggacagc	tctgacaaaag	gccgtacaat	1200
gccaggaaga	tgaatgtgcg	ttaatgttgc	tggaaacatgg	cactgatcca	aatattccag	1260
atgagtattg	aaataccact	ctacactatg	ctgtctacaa	tgaagataaa	ttaatggcca	1320
aagcactgct	cttatacggg	gctgatatcg	aatcaaaaaa	caagcatggc	ctcacaccac	1380
tgctacttgg	tatacatgag	caaaaacagc	aagtggtgaa	atttttaatc	aagaaaaaag	1440
cgaattttaa	tgcgctggat	agatatggaa	gaactgctct	catacttgct	gtatgttgtg	1500
gatcagcaag	tatagtcagc	cctctacttg	agcaaaatgt	tgatgtatct	tctcaagatc	1560
tggaaaagacg	gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttaact	1620
ttctgactac	aaagaaaaac	agatgtttaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	1680
agacttaaaag	ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaaaggctt	aaaggaaagt	aaaacagcca	1740
gccagaggca	tggaaacttt	taaattttaa	cttttggttt	aatgtttttt	ttttttgctt	1800
taataatatt	agatagtccc	aaatgaaatw	acctatgaga	ctaggctttg	agaatcaata	1860
gattcttttt	ttaagaatct	tttggctagg	agcgggtgtct	cacgcctgta	attccagcac	1920
cttgagaggc	tgagggtggg	agatcacgag	atcaggagat	cagagaccatc	ctggctaaca	1980
cgggtgaaacc	ccatctctac	taaaaatata	aaaacttagc	tgggtgtggt	ggcgggtgccc	2040
tgtagtccca	gctactcagg	argctgaggc	aggagaatgg	catgaacccg	ggagggtggag	2100
gttgagtgga	gccgagatcc	gccactacac	tccagcctgg	gtgacagagc	aagactctgt	2160
ctcaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa				2184

<210> 371
<211> 1855
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1855)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371
tgcacgcac ggccagtgct tgtgccacgt acactgacgc cccctgagat gtgcacgccg 60
cacgcgcacg ttgcacgcgc ggcagcggct tggctggctt gtaacggctt gcacgcgcac 120
gccgcccccg cataaccgtc agactggcct gtaacggctt gcaggcgcac gccgcacgcg 180
cgtaacggct tggctgccct gtaacggctt gcacgtgcat gctgcacgcg cgttaacggc 240
ttggctggca tgtagccgct tggcttggct ttgcatttct tgctkggctk ggcgttgkty 300
tcttggattg acgcttccct cttggatkga cgtttccctc ttggatkga gtttcytyty 360
tcgcttccct ttgctggact tgacctttty tctgctgggt ttggcattcc tttggggtgg 420
gctgggtgtt tcttccgggg gggktkgccc ttcctggggg gggcgtgggk cgcctccagg 480
gggcgtgggc tttccccggg tgggtgtggg ttttccctgg gtggggtggg ctgtgctggg 540
atccccctgc tggggttggc agggattgac tttttctctc aaacagattg gaaacccgga 600
gtaacntgct agttggtgaa actggttggg agacgcgac tgctggtact actgtttctc 660
ctggctgtta aaagcagatg gtggctgagg ttgattcaat gccggctgct tcttctgtga 720
agaagccatt tggctctcagg agcaagatgg gcaagtgggt cgcactgct tccccctgctg 780
cagggggagc ggcaagagca acgtgggcac tcttgagac cacaacgact cctctgtgaa 840
gacgcttggg agcaagagg gcaagtgggt ctgccactg cttccccctgc tgcaggggag 900
cggcaagagc aacgtggkcg cttggggaga ctacgatgac agcgccttca tggakeccag 960
gtaccacgct crtggagaag atctggacaa gctccacaga gctgcctggg ggggtaaagt 1020
ccccagaaag gatctcatcg tcatgctcag ggacactgay gtgaacaaga rggacaagca 1080
aaagaggact gctctacatc tggcctctgc caatgggaat tcagaagtag taaaactcgt 1140
gctggacaga cgatgtcaac ttaatgtcct tgacaacaaa aagaggacag ctctgacaaa 1200
ggccgtacaa tgccaggaag atgaatgtgc gttaatgttg ctggaacatg gcaactgacc 1260
aaatattcca gatgagtatg gaaataccac tctacactat gctgtctaca atgaagataa 1320
attaatggcc aaagcactgc tcttatacgg tgctgatatc gaatcaaaaa acaaggtata 1380
gatctactaa ttttatcttc aaaatactga aatgcattca ttttaacatt gacgtgtgta 1440
agggccagtc ttcggtattt ggaagctcaa gcataacttg aatgaaaata ttttgaaatg 1500
acctaatat ctaagacttt attttaataa ttgttatttt caaagaagca ttagagggtta 1560
cagttttttt tttttaaatg cacttctggg aaatactttt gttgaaaaca ctgaatttgt 1620
aaaaggtaat acttactatt tttcaatttt tccctcctag gatttttttc cctaattgaa 1680
tgtaagatgg caaaatttgc cctgaaatag gttttacatg aaaactccaa gaaaagttaa 1740
acatgtttca gtgaatagag atcctgctcc tttggcaagt tctaaaaaaa cagtaataga 1800
tacgaggtga tgcgcctgct agtggcaagg tttaagatat ttctgatctc gtgcc 1855

<210> 372
<211> 1059
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 372
gcaacgtggg cacttctgga gaccacaacg actcctctgt gaagacgctt gggagcaaga 60
gggtgcaagt gtgctgcccc ctgcttcccc tgctgcaggg gagcggcaag agcaacgtgg 120
gcgcttgrgg agactmcgat gacagygcct tcatggagcc caggtaccac gtccgtggag 180
aagatctgga caagctccac agagctgccc tgggtgggta aagtccccag aaaggatctc 240
atcgtcatgc tcagggacac tgaygtgaac aagarggaca agcaaaagag gactgctcta 300
catctggcct ctgccaatgg gaattcagaa gtagtaaaac tctgctgga cagacgatgt 360

caacttaatg	tccttgacaa	caaaaagagg	acagctctga	yaaaggccgt	acaatgccag	420
gaagatgaat	gtgcgttaat	gttgcctggaa	catggcactg	atccaaatat	tccagatgag	480
tatggaaata	ccactctrca	ctaygctrtc	tayaatgaag	ataaattaat	ggccaaagca	540
ctgctcttat	ayggtgctga	tatcgaatca	aaaaacaagg	tatagatcta	ctaattttat	600
cttcaaaaata	ctgaaatgca	ttcattttta	cattgacgtg	tgttaagggcc	agtcttccgt	660
atttggaagc	tcaagcataa	cttgaatgaa	aataatttga	aatgacctaa	ttatctaaga	720
ctttattttta	aataattgta	ttttcaaaga	agcattagag	ggtagagttt	ttttttttta	780
aatgcacttc	tggtaaatac	ttttgttgaa	aacactgaat	ttgtaaaagg	taatacttac	840
tatttttcaa	tttttccctc	ctaggatttt	tttcccctaa	tgaatgtaag	atggcaaaat	900
ttgccctgaa	ataggtttta	catgaaaact	ccaagaaaag	ttaaacaatg	ttcagtgaat	960
agagatcctg	ctcctttggc	aagttcctaa	aaaacagtaa	tagatacgag	gtgatgcgcc	1020
tgtcagtggc	aaggtttaag	atatttctga	tctcgtgccc			1059

<210> 373

<211> 1155

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

atgggtggtg	aggttgatcc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atttggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagtg	gtgctgccgt	tgcttcccc	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	gggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaagg	ggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccaggatcc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctgggtgggt	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaar	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcc	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatgggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttgggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaatct	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgcctgat	gttgtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatatrgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaaa	tgtctcaaga	1140
accagaaata	aataa					1155

<210> 374

<211> 2000

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 374

atgggtggtg	aggttgatcc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atttggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagtg	gtgctgccgt	tgcttcccc	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	gggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaagg	ggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccaggatcc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctgggtgggt	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540

tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgtaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	tccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatgggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttgggtgta	840
catgagcaaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaatct	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaaaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggatgtagag	agggtgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260
aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	cactgctggc	1320
aatgggtgata	atggattaat	tcctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380
cctgacaacg	aaagtgaaga	gtatcacaga	atttgcgaat	tagtttctga	ctacaaagaa	1440
aaacagatgc	caaaatactc	ttctgaaaac	agcaaccag	aacaagactt	aaagctgaca	1500
tcagagggaag	agtcacaaaag	gcttgagggc	agtgaataatg	gccagccaga	gctagaaaat	1560
tttatggcta	tcgaagaaat	gaagaagcac	ggaagtactc	atgtcggatt	cccagaaaac	1620
ctgactaatg	gtgccactgc	tggcaatggg	gatgatggat	taattcctcc	aaggaagagc	1680
agaacacctg	aaagccagca	atttcttgac	actgagaatg	aagagtatca	cagtgcagaa	1740
caaaatgata	ctcagaagca	attttgtgaa	gaacagaaca	ctggaatatt	acacgatgag	1800
attctgattc	atgaagaaaa	gcagatagaa	gtggttgaaa	aaatgaattc	tgagctttct	1860
cttagttgta	agaaagaaaa	agacatcttg	catgaaaata	gtacgttgcg	ggaagaaatt	1920
gccatgctaa	gactggagct	agacacaatg	aaacatcaga	gccagctaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1980
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa					2000

<210> 375

<211> 2040

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

atgggtgggtg	agggtgattc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atttgggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagtg	gtgctgccgt	tgcttcccc	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaaggt	gggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcattggag	cccaggtacc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctgggtgggt	aaagtcccc	gaaaggatct	catcgctatg	480
ctcaggagca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgtaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	tccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatgggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttgggtgta	840
catgagcaaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaatct	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaaaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggatgtagag	agggtgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260
aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	cactgctggc	1320
aatgggtgata	atggattaat	tcctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380

```

cctgacaacg aaagtgaaga gtatcacaga atttgcaaat tagtttctga ctacaaagaa 1440
aaacagatgc caaaatactc ttctgaaaac agcaacccag aacaagactt aaagctgaca 1500
tcagaggaag agtcacaaag gcttgagggc agtgaaaatg gccagccaga gaaaagatct 1560
caagaaccag aaataaataa ggatggtgat agagagctag aaaattttat ggctatcgaa 1620
gaaatgaaga agcacggaag tactcatgtc ggattcccag aaaacctgac taatggtgcc 1680
actgctggca atggtgatga tggattaatt cctccaagga agagcagaac acctgaaagc 1740
cagcaatttc ctgacactga gaatgaagag tatcacagtg acgaacaaaa tgatactcag 1800
aagcaatttt gtgaagaaca gaacactgga atattacacg atgagattct gattcatgaa 1860
gaaaagcaga tagaagtggg tgaaaaaatg aattctgagc tttctcttag ttgtaagaaa 1920
gaaaagaca tcttgcatga aaatagtacg ttgcgggaag aaattgccat gctaagactg 1980
gagctagaca caatgaaaca tcagagccag ctaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2040

```

<210> 376

<211> 329

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 376

```

Met Asp Ile Val Val Ser Gly Ser His Pro Leu Trp Val Asp Ser Phe
1           5           10           15
Leu His Leu Ala Gly Ser Asp Leu Leu Ser Arg Ser Leu Met Ala Glu
20          25          30
Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
35          40          45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
50          55          60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
65          70          75          80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
85          90          95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100         105         110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115         120         125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130         135         140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
145         150         155         160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
165         170         175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
180         185         190
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
195         200         205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
210         215         220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
225         230         235         240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
245         250         255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
260         265         270
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
275         280         285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

```

290 295 300
 Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met
 325

<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(148)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 377
 Met Thr Xaa Pro Ser Trp Ser Pro Gly Thr Thr Ser Val Glu Lys Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Trp Thr Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Pro Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys
 20 25 30
 Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Xaa Asp Lys
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
 50 55 60
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser
 130 135 140
 Lys Asn Lys Val
 145

<210> 378
 <211> 1719
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 378
 Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn

Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
 530 535 540
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
 565 570 575
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
 580 585 590
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
 610 615 620
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
 645 650 655
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
 660 665 670
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
 675 680 685
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
 690 695 700
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
 725 730 735
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
 740 745 750
 Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys
 755 760 765
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser
 770 775 780
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
 785 790 795 800
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly
 805 810 815
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
 820 825 830
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
 835 840 845
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
 900 905 910
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

	965		970		975
Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His					
	980		985		990
Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser					
	995		1000		1005
Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu					
	1010		1015		1020
Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His					
	1025		1030		1035
Gln Ser Gln Leu Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met					
	1045		1050		1055
Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met					
	1060		1065		1070
Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys					
	1075		1080		1085
Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr					
	1090		1095		1100
Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys					
	1105		1110		1115
Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp					
	1125		1130		1135
Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His					
	1140		1145		1150
Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp					
	1155		1160		1165
Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg					
	1170		1175		1180
Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val					
	1185		1190		1195
Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys					
	1205		1210		1215
Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly					
	1220		1225		1230
Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn					
	1235		1240		1245
Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys					
	1250		1255		1260
Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro					
	1265		1270		1275
Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr					
	1285		1290		1295
Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp					
	1300		1305		1310
Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Gly Val					
	1315		1320		1325
His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala					
	1330		1335		1340
Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala					
	1345		1350		1355
Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn					
	1365		1370		1375
Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr					
	1380		1385		1390
Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr					
	1395		1400		1405

Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu
 1410 1415 1420
 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly
 1425 1430 1435 144
 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn
 1445 1450 1455
 Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser
 1460 1465 1470
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 1490 1495 1500
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
 1505 1510 1515 152
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
 1525 1530 1535
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
 1540 1545 1550
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
 1555 1560 1565
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
 1570 1575 1580
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
 1585 1590 1595 160
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
 1605 1610 1615
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
 1620 1625 1630
 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
 1635 1640 1645
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
 1650 1655 1660
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
 1665 1670 1675 168
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
 1685 1690 1695
 Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr
 1700 1705 1710
 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 1715

<210> 379

<211> 656

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 379

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60

Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu

500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
 515 520 525
 Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
 530 535 540
 Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
 565 570 575
 His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
 580 585 590
 Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
 595 600 605
 Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
 610 615 620
 Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
 625 630 635 640
 Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 645 650 655

<210> 380

<211> 671

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 380

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu
 500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp
 515 520 525
 Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys
 530 535 540
 His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala
 545 550 555 560
 Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg
 565 570 575
 Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His
 580 585 590
 Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn
 595 600 605
 Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile
 610 615 620
 Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala
 645 650 655
 Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 660 665 670

<210> 381
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381
 ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttcctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa 60
 ggtaacatgc tccccctaag ggtatcccaa cccagggggc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg 120
 ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggaggt gggggcaggt gaaggacca ggactcacac 180
 atcctgggccc tccaaggcag aggagagggg cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa 240
 caagcagtca g 251

<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382
 ctctctgcag ccccatgct ggtgaggggc acgggcagga acagtggacc caacatggaa 60
 atgctggagg gtgtcaggaa gtgatcggc tctggggcag ggaggagggg tggggagtgt 120
 cactgggagg ggacatcctg cagaaggtag gagtgcagaa acaccgctg caggggaggg 180
 gagagccctg cggcacctgg gggagcagag ggagcagcac ctgccaggc ctgggaggag 240
 gggcctggag ggcgtgagga ggagcaggg ggctgcatgg ctggagtggg ggatcagggg 300
 cagggcgcgga gatggcctca cacaggaag agagggcccc tctgcaggg cctcacctgg 360
 gccacaggag gacactgctt tctctctgag gagtgcaggag ctgtgatggg tgctggacag 420
 aagaaggaca gggcctggct caggtgtcca gaggctgtcg ctggcttccc ttggggatca 480
 gactgcaggg agggagggcg gcagggttgt ggggggagtg acgatgagga tgacctgggg 540
 gtggctccag gccttgcccc tgctggggc ctcaccagc ctccctcaca gtctcctggc 600
 cctcagtcct tccccccac tccatcctcc atctggcctc agtgggtcat tctgatcact 660
 gaactgacca taccagccc tgcccacggc cctccatggc tccccaatgc cctggagagg 720
 ggacatctag tcagagagta gtccctgaaga ggtggcctct gcgatgtgcc tgtggggggg 780
 gcatectgca gatggtcccc gccctcatcc tgctgacctg tctgcaggga ctgtcctcct 840
 ggaccttgcc ccttgctgag gagctggacc ctgaagtcct ctccccatag gccaaagactg 900
 gagccttggt cctctgttg gactccctgc ccatattctt gtgggagtgg gttctggaga 960
 catttctgtc tgttctctgag agctgggaat tgctctcagt catctgcctg cgcgggtctg 1020
 agagatggag ttgcctaggc agttattggg gccaatctt ctactgtgt ctctcctcct 1080
 ttaccttag ggtgattctg ggggtccact tgtctgtaat ggtgtgcttc aaggtatcac 1140
 atcatggggc cctgagccat gtgccctgcc tgaaaagcct gctgtgtaca ccaaggtggg 1200
 gcattaccgg aagtggatca aggacacat cgcagccaac cctgagtgcc cctgtccca 1260
 cccctacctc tagtaaatct aagtccacct cacgttctgg catcacttg cctttctgga 1320
 tgctggacac ctgaagcttg gaactcacct ggccgaagct cgagcctcct gactcctact 1380
 gacctgtgct tcttggtgtg gagtccaggg ctgctaggaa aaggaatggg cagacacagg 1440
 tgtatgccaa tgtttctgaa atgggtataa tttcgtcctc tccttcggaa cactggctgt 1500
 ctctgaagac ttctcgtca gtctcagtga ggacacacac aaagacgtgg gtgacctgt 1560
 tgtttgtggg gtgcagagat gggaggggtg gggcccaccc tggaagagtg gacagtgaca 1620
 caaggtggac actctctaca gatcactgag gataagctgg agccacaatg catgaggcac 1680
 acacacagca aggttgacgc tgtaaacata gccacgctg tcctgggggc actgggaagc 1740
 ctagataagg ccgtgagcag aaagaagggg aggatcctcc tatgttgttg aaggaggagc 1800
 tagggggaga aactgaaagc tgattaatta caggaggttt gtgcaggtcc cccaaaccac 1860
 cgtcagattt gatgatttcc tagcaggact tacagaaata aagagctatc atgctgtggg 1920
 ttattatggg ttgttacatt gataggatac atactgaaat cagcaaacaa aacagatgta 1980
 tagattagag tgtggagaaa acagaggaaa acttgacgtt acgaagactg gcaacttggc 2040
 tttactaagt ttccagactg gcagggaagtc aaacctatta ggctgaggac cttgtggagt 2100
 gtagctgac cagctgatag aggaactagc cagggtggggg cctttccctt tggatggggg 2160

```

gcatatccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
caaggatgta tgataatat tacaaagtaa ttccaactga ggaagctcac ctgatacctta 2280
gtgtccaggg tttttactgg ggggtctgtg gacgagtatg gagtacttga ataattgacc 2340
tgaagtcctc agacctgagg ttccctagag ttcaaacaga tacagcatgg tccagagtcc 2400
cagatgtaca aaaacagggg ttcatacaca atcccatctt tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
ggcccaaggc cccaagtata tcaaggcact tgggcagaaac atgccaagga atcaaagtgc 2520
atctcccagg agttattcaa gggtagagccc tttacttggg atgtacaggc tttgagcagt 2580
gcagggctgc tgagtcaacc ttttattgta caggggatga gggaaaggga gaggatgagg 2640
aagccccctt ggggatttgg tttggtcttg tgatcaggtg gtctatgggg ctatccctac 2700
aaagaagaat ccagaaatag gggcacattg aggaatgata ctgagcccaa agagcattca 2760
atcattgttt tatttgcctt cttttcacac cattggtgag ggagggatta ccaccttggg 2820
gttatgaaga tggttgaaca cccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
tagccataga gattcacagc ccagagcagg aggacgctgc acaccatgca ggatgacatg 2940
gggggatgcgc tcgggattgg tgtgaagaag caaggactgt tagaggcagg ctttatagta 3000
acaagacggt ggggcaaact ctgatttccg tgggggaatg tcatggtctt gctttactaa 3060
gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga accttgtgga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaagta gccagggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtgtt 3279

```

<210> 383

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

```

Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
      5              10              15

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
      20              25              30

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
      35              40              45

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
      50              55              60

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
      65              70              75              80

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
      85              90              95

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
      100             105             110

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
      115             120             125

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
      130             135             140

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
      145             150

```

<210> 384
 <211> 557
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
 ggatcctcta gagcgccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60
 aaagatgtgt ttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg ttccaacca 120
 ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggg 180
 tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
 acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
 ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
 tccccaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
 ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaagt 480
 tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
 <211> 337
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
 ttcccaggtg atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatggggct gatcccttta 60
 gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgaccca gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
 tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatca cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
 aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
 tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctgggt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
 ctttgccac caattcccc tttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
 gggcccgtca ccggcccagg cccgcctcg cgagtcctcc tccccgggtg cctgcccga 60
 gcccgctcgg ccagaggggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
 gcgaccttg cccgaaggct ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcggcggc 180
 gcggactttg cccggtgtgt ggggcggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
 atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387
 gggccgagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttcct tcctcggate atcaaggctg 60
 cccctcctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
 tgaaccagga ccgcttctg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180
 ccacggatgg ggaaggggca ggaggagacc cagccaagt ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240
 gaggggggct gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggct gtccctctg 300


```

gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttccctgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
ctracccacc cccaagttc aagaccaa atccagctg ccccttcgt gtttcctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctgagcctgg ttagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

```

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

```

aggataattt ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgagggttaaa ccagtttgca tccccctaat gtggaaaaag taagaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgccctctct acagcttctg agaatttgtt tatttcaact gccaaagtga 180
ggacccccctc cccaacatgc cccagccac ccctaagcat ggcccttgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttgtg gacctacca gagaccagga gggtttggt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact cataactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atctttcttc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tgggtgggtt ttttcttgt 520

```

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

```

cgttgcccc a gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgctcccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ccttctctg ccttcagcaa gggcggtgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365

```

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

```

tgctctcca tcttgcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacggnnt ctcatgggtg tggaaacatct ctgcttgagg ttccaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221

```

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(325)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
 tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
 ctctcgccgc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctacca caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
 tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
 naanttn gat ntccanagcc ctaccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
 cactgccag gaatcctaca gccagtacc tgtcccgacg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
 gagacctcg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
 <211> 277
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(277)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
 atattgttta actccttctt ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaag gttcacatct 60
 agtctcactt nggcnagnn ctctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtnghaa 120
 antaccanga accgncatgn cttaanaacn ncctggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
 tgcagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggagg 240
 ctgaggatac agcgcccggt cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
 <211> 566
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
 actagtccag tgtgggtggaa ttcgcgcccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
 gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga tttaaattcag cctaaacgtt 120
 ttgcccggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gaggttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
 gagaaggctc agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatatca ggactgggta cttgggttaag 240
 gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttgagg 300
 ggggtggttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcatcctgta aacattttat 360
 cattttatga tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tatttatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
 ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttggt tttgctagtt tgtgttggtg aaaaaaaaaa 480
 cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
 ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

```

gaacatacat gtcccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaatng gaccgggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacagccna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccggttgg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtagcaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt
384

```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

```

ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcattcttg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcaggtct ttcagttacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggg 360
gcagcctggt gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac
399

```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

```

tggagtntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctcacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata ttttccttaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gtttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt
403

```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

actagtncag tgggtggaa ttcgcgccg cgtcgacctt naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctcttggttg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgcgccctg ggtggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgaggtgg actcatcatg 180
ctccgggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

<210> 399

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(298)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399

acggaggtgg aggaagcgnc cctgggacg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60
gggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcattggc ctggtcatgg accgcattgg ctccgtggag cgcattgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcattggc ccgctgggcc tcgaccacat ggctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcattggg 298

<210> 400

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

acatcaacta cttcctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcatccctt ttcctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa ttccctctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaaggt 120
caaagaacca cagccttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt tttccacgt ttaaggggccc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240
tgagaggggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatcccg 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttggcccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
cttccagtg atctcctacc atgggcccc ctcttggttg caagccctc ccaggccctg 480
tccccagccc ctctgcccc agccccccc cttgccttgg tgcctagccc tccatttggg 540
agcaggtt 548

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401
actgtttcca tggtatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gtccttgga acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ccttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg gccctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgtcc atgggtggcg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggg tctgc 355

<210> 402
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(407)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag caggtgttgc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaaggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctccctgc agagagtccc tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaatcc aggcaccaa 60
tctaagcaa gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaaggga gactctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcatgaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404
<211> 225
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
aagtgtgaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagtgc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctctgtgttc catagtgtgt aagtgtatca gatgtgttg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405
<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaatt ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120
tcatcccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctaggc 180
ttcccagtg ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtg 240
ctggtgcggg tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatccac ccct 334

<210> 406
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
tttcatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
gtacaacatt gcacccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctccaggaagc aagagttaat 180
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

ggaaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt ttccctgtca 360
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atggggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(183)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
tnccttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tattttactcc ttcttggtta cccatgtact 180
ntt 183

<210> 409

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409

cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
gtggtttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180
gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca ggcctcctt gctggggggg 240
ggcctatgc 250

<210> 410

<211> 306

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(306)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410

ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gaggcagcatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgcttg ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
aagggtgttg aatgggtgaaa accgcttctt tctttattgc ccttcttatt ttatgtgaac 240
nactgggttg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
agagatattt cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatgtt acctgacatt tctacaacac ccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgcccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt ctgcccagg aaatactacg 120
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tcaactgggtg cattgaattc caaactacc cangcaatta ccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag ttcttagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tcctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcctgggtct gagggctcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414

```
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttccttttg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggaggtgt attgaagtcc tcca      234
```

<210> 415

<211> 217

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(217)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415

```
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cacttttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggg tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc      217
```

<210> 416

<211> 213

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(213)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416

```
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggnctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccctc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtggttaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag      213
```

<210> 417

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417

```
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaadc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt      303
```

<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418
tttttggcgg tgggtggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcaccat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnggtca ggctggtctc aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatattg 60
acccttgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgcctcc gatcttgctg 120
cttgtttcct ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagttggt gcactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggt gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctcactcgct cccgcaaattg gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacggg 389

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttggtttt gctttttttt tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgcctatg acaaacctgg caagcccc 408

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggctc tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac acttgcatgc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacagggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcatgtc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352
```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcggggcg tccaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcgggcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggtc agccgtgac 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggtc 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
gttctcttcg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337
```

<210> 423

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(310)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggctct ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtcc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacagggtg anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcagtctc cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
tccgagttta 310
```

<210> 424

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(370)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424

```

gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atagggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
cactgacaga acaggtcttt ttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
ccttcttgaa gattctttgg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
cacgaagggt gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
tccgtcgacg
370

```

<210> 425

<211> 216

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(216)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425

```

aattgctatn ntatttttg ccaactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaata 60
taacaacnca acatcaaggn aaananaaca ggaatggntg acintgcata aatnggccga 120
anattatcca ttatnttaag gggtgacttc aggnatcagc acacagacaa acatgccag 180
gaggnntntca ggaccgctcg atgntnttg agggagg
216

```

<210> 426

<211> 596

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426

```

cttccagtgga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggtc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gccccaaggg tggctggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatggtag 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgta 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggctgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
gggtgatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgactgcc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattgggt tactgcctga 540
gtcccgctgg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596

```

<210> 427

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(107)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427

```

gaagaattca agttagggtt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60

```

cccgaggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng

107

<210> 428

<211> 38

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(38)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428

gaacttcena anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt

38

<210> 429

<211> 544

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429

ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
 attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
 atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatacat cggttttcag 180
 tttggatggc ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240
 gccttccact tcagttacac ctactcacc atcctctcct gttgggtctg tgctgcttca 300
 agatactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcttc ctgtccatcc 360
 tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagccac 420
 gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag tttttatatt ttgctttgac 480
 acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggtg gtaggagaga 540
 ttat 544

<210> 430

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430

cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtggg aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
 gaacactgac acccatcttc caccocgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
 gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgccn 180
 ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgagggg gttccaggag 240
 attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
 caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtygt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
 tgtcagtga tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
 cattctcttc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
 ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431

```
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata ttccagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattatth gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtccctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgttagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaagggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392
```

<210> 432

<211> 387

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(387)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

```
ggtatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcgna gtccagccac tngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca ttcccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387
```

<210> 433

<211> 281

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(281)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433

```
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggg gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atgcgcgtgg ctattctctn ttgntattac accagngagg ntctctgtnt gccactgggt 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281
```

<210> 434

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434

```
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc cctcctcttg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
tggtgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtaga tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacccat ttcacccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgcctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtcctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag taccatgtc 480
ttta 484
```

<210> 435

<211> 424

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435

```
gcgcccgtca gagcaggta ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca gggtcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaaccct cctcctcgcc gacttcgga ctggcgagag ttcagcgag 180
atgggctgtt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcatgggtc ggggtgacc 240
cttgagagaga ggaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg cactaacgg agatggcct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaaacctt ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaacctt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac 424
```

<210> 436

<211> 667

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(667)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436

```
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagtctctg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacaggggt 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cggtcacagt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatate tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttggtc agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaagg 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag 667
```

<210> 437

<211> 693

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437

```
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc aactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtaactcct ctattttcac cctcttgc tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttgggggggac agccagcacc tttagctttc 420
atttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggg gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc                                     693
```

<210> 438

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438

```
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac ctctgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta ttccatacct aatgaggagg ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctgggtg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccag ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gcttagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360
```

<210> 439

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

```
gttcctnnta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgactttggg gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtccattga cactttccc actgaccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca gggttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatcttagtag t                                     431
```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

```
agagataaag cttagggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttacccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tccctggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaac acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcatctga tgagaacaag cta 523
```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

```
gttcctccta actcctgcc a gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccatatga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcattggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attccttgaat gagtccata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatcttagtag 430
```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

```
ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaagctat 180
atgttttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362
```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(624)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443

```
ttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
```

```
cccaaacac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaatgaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaagggtt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624
```

<210> 444

<211> 425

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(425)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444

```
gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgttg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagagggttg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcatactgt gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425
```

<210> 445

<211> 414

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(414)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445

```
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaactgct tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcatgtggc agattatttg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggctgtgtt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaagact aggcctctcc tcttgatttt tgaagcagtg 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tgcacgcggc cgcgaattta gtag 414
```

<210> 446

<211> 631

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(631)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446

```

acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggctcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtgggtggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatgtt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttggg ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccttg catttggtgtg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatattga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g                                     631

```

<210> 447

<211> 585

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(585)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

```

ccttgggaaa antntcacia tataaaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagtcttctga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacagggctg 300
ccagggttct catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttct ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggcta gtacacttcg gtcta                                     585

```

<210> 448

<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(93)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448

```

tgctcgtggg tcattctgan ncccgaactg accntgccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag                                     93

```

<210> 449

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(706)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449

```

ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga caggggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggc cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtcctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggcg cgtcccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
gttgggaagg gcgacgggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc caggggttttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcattgcacg 420
cgtacgtaag cttggatcct ctagagcggc cgcctactac tactaaattc gcggcgcgct 480
cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
aacagggtga acctgggagg tggagggtgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
gcatggatga cagagtgaaa ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

```

<210> 450

<211> 493

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450

```

gagacggagt gtcactctgt tggccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatacct atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccaata tcaactgcatg 180
agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
caagtcaggc agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
agagacatc tcagagagtt aaaaagttag ttctatccat gaggtgatc cagagctctc 360
tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggt cgacgcggcc 480
gcgaatttag tag 493

```

<210> 451

<211> 501

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(501)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451

```

gggcgcgtcc cattcgccat tcaggctgcg caactgttgg gaagggcgat cgggtgcgggc 60
ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120
aacgccaggg ttttcccagt cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcggc cgcgtcgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300
tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360
gcnccacagc actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggagggtggg 420
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcnctgcn cccagcatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480

```

tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

501

<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacggtttc accnttacaa cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c

51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60
 acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaaccat 120
 ttcacccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
 taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
 cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
 taccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcgaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcattaata 60
 taagccacgc cagctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120
 agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
 cttcctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctctc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggtc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60
 cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120
 gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcttttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180
 caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtctc tttctctct a 231

<210> 456

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456

```
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaacct gtctgtttac tgtaaccttt 120
tgcactcaaa ttcctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaag t 231
```

<210> 457

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(231)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457

```
cgagggtaccc aggggtctga aaatctctnn ttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcatca 60
gcattcctta atatgatctt gctataatta gattttcttc cattagagtt catacagttt 120
tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231
```

<210> 458

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458

```
agggtctggtt cccccactt ccactccctt ctactctctc taggactggg ctgggcccaag 60
agaagagggg tggttaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccacctctc ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggtcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231
```

<210> 459

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459

```
ggtaccgagg ctgctgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60
ccttcgagaa acctgtggtg gccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agacagagca 120
gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231
```

<210> 460

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

gcagggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccgggtgac atggggaggg 60
cctatcaccc tattcttggg ggctgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaa 120
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtccaccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231

<210> 461

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

cgaggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcggcct agggaggggtc 60
gcgtgtgctc cagaagagtg tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgctg tgtgtcctgg 120
gtggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaattggg tcagcagaac caagccgtg ggtgaataag 180
agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

aggtaccctc attgtagcca tgggaaaatt gatgttcagt ggggatcagt gaattaaatg 60
gggtcatgca agtataaaaa ttaaaaaaaa aagacttcat gcccaatctc atatgatgtg 120
gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttccagag tcttacattt 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231

<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

tactccagcc tgggtgacaga gcgagaccct atcaccgccc cccaccccac caaaaaaaaa 60
actgagtaga cagggtgtcct cttggcatgg taagtcttaa gtccccctcc agatctgtga 120
catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cgggtgtccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
tggggaggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcggg atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231

<210> 464

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

gtactctaag attttatcta agttgccttt tctgggtggg aaagttaac cttagtgact 60
aaggacatca catatgaaga atgtttaagt tggaggtggc aacgtgaatt gcaaacaggg 120
cctgtctcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
gggtccagcg caccagctag atgtctgtga acttctaggc cccattttcc c 231

<210> 465

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

```

catgttggtg tagctgtggt aatgctggct gcatctcaga cagggttaac ttcagctcct 60
gtggcaaatt agcaacaaat tctgacatca tatttatggt ttctgtatct ttgttgatga 120
aggatggcac aatttttgct tgtgttcata atatactcag attagtccag ctccatcaga 180
taaactggag acatgcagga cattagggta gtgttgrtagc tctggtaatg a 231

```

<210> 466

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466

```

caggtaacctc ttccattgg atactgtgct agcaagcatg ctctccgggg tttttttaat 60
ggccttcgaa cagaacttgc cacataccca ggtataatag tttctaactat ttgccagga 120
cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctagctggag aagtcacaaa gactataggc 180
aataatggag accagtccca caagatgaca accagtcgtt ggtgcggtt g 231

```

<210> 467

<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

```

gtacaccctg gcacagtcca atctgaactg gttcggcact catctttcat gagatggatg 60
tggcggtctt tctccttttt catcaagact cctcagcagg gagccagac cagcctgcac 120
tgtgccttaa cagaaggctt tgagattcta agtgggaatc atttcagtga ctgtcatgtg 180
gcatgggtct ctgccaagc tcgtaatgag actatagcae ggcggctgtg ggacgtcagt 240
tgtgacctgc tgggcctccc aatagactaa caggcagtgc cagt.tggacc caagagaaga 300
ctgcagcaga c 311

```

<210> 468

<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 468

```

cattgtgttg ggagaaaaac agaggggaga tttgtgtggc tgcagccgag ggagaccagg 60
aagatctgca tgggtgggaag gacctgatga tacagagttt gataggagac aattaaaggc 120
tggaaaggcac tggatgcctg atgatgaagt ggactttcaa actggggcac tactgaaacg 180
atgggatggc cagagacaca ggagatgagt tggagcaagc tcaataacaa agtggttcaa 240
cgaggacttg gaattgcatg gagctggagc tgaagtttag cccaattgtt tactagttag 300
gtgaatgtgg atgattggat gatcatttct catctctgag cctcaggttc cccatccata 360
aaatgggata cacagtatga tctataaagt gggatatagt atgatctact tcaactgggtt 420
atttgaagga tgaattgaga taatttattt caggtgccta gaacaatgcc cagattagta 480
catttgggtg aactgagaaa tggcataaca ccaaatttaa tatatgtcag atgttactat 540
gattatcatt caatctcata gttttgtcat ggcccaattt atcctcactt gtgcctcaac 600
aaattgaact gttaacaaag gaatctctgg tcttgggtta tggctgagca ccactgagca 660
tttccattcc agttggcttc ttgggtttgc tagctgcatc actagtcatc ttaaataaat 720
gaagttttta catttctcca gtgatttttt tatctcacct ttgaagatac tatgttatgt 780
gattaaataa agaacttgag aagaacaggt ttcattaaac ataaaaatcaa tgtagacgca 840
aattttctgg atgggcaata cttatgttca caggaaatgc tttaaaatat gcagaagata 900
attaaatggc aatggacaaa gtgaaaaact tagacttttt tttttttttt ggaagtatct 960
ggatgttcct tagtcaacta aaggagaact gaaaaatagc agtgagttcc acataatcca 1020
acctgtgaga ttaaggctct ttgtggggaa ggacaaagat ctgtaaattt acagtttcct 1080
tccaaagcca acgtcgaatt ttgaaacata tcaaagctct tcttcaagac aaataatcta 1140
tagtacatct ttctcatggg atgcacttat gaaaaatggg ggctgtcaac atctagtcaac 1200

```



```

tttagctctc aaaatgggtc attttaagag aaagttttag aatctcatat ttattcctgt 1260
ggaaggacag cattgtggct tggactttat aaggctctta ttcaactaaa taggtgagaa 1320
ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat ctgctgaaat ggagataatt 1380
aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa gtagtgacat gtttttgcac 1440
atttccagcc cctttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac aaaaggaagc acagagatcc 1500
ctggggagaaa tggccggccg ccatcttggg tcatcgatga gcctcgccct gtgcctggtc 1560
ccgcttgtga ggggaaggaca ttagaaaatg aattgatgtg ttccttaaag gatgggcagg 1620
aaaacagatc ctggttggtga tatttatttg aacgggatta cagatttgaa atgaagtcac 1680
aaagtgagca ttaccaatga gaggaaaaca gacgagaaaa tcttgatggc ttcacaagac 1740
atgcaacaaa caaaatggaa tactgtgatg acatgaggca gccaaagctgg ggaggagata 1800
accagggggc agagggtcag gattctggcc ctgctgccta aactgtgcgt tcataaccaa 1860
atcatttcat atttctaacc ctcaaaaaca agctgttgta atatctgac tctacgggtc 1920
cttctggggc caacattctc catatatcca gccacactca tttttaatat ttagttccca 1980
gatctgtact gtgaccttct tacactgtag aataacatta ctcattttgt tcaaagacc 2040
ttcgtgttgc tgcctaatat gtagctgact gtttttcccta aggagtgttc tggcccagg 2100
gatctgtgaa caggctggga agcatctcaa gatcttcca gggttatact tactagcaca 2160
cagcatgac attacggagt gaattatcta atcaacatca tctcagtggt ctttgcccat 2220
actgaaattc atttcccact tttgtgcccc ttctcaagac ctcaaaatgt cattccatta 2280
atatcacagg attaactttt ttttttaacc tggagaat caatgttaca tgcagctatg 2340
ggaatttaac tacatatatt gttttccagt gcaaagatga ctaagtcctt tatccctccc 2400
ctttgtttga tttttttccc agtataaagt taaaatgctt agccttgta tgaggctgta 2460
tacagccaca gcctctcccc atccctccag ccttatctgt catcaccatc aaccctccc 2520
atgcacctaa acaaaatcta acttgtaatt ccttgaaatc gtcaggcata cattattcct 2580
tctgcctgag aagctcttcc ttgtctctta aatctagaat gatgtaaagt ttgaaataag 2640
ttgactatct tacttcatgc aaagaaggga cacatatgag attcatcatc acatgagaca 2700
gcaaatacta aaagtgtaat ttgattataa gagtttagat aaatatatga aatgcaagag 2760
ccacagaggg aatgtttatg gggcacgttt gtaagcctgg gatgtgaagc aaaggcagg 2820
aacctcatag tatcttatat aatatacttc atttctctat ctctatcaca atatccaaca 2880
agcttttcac agaattcatg cagtgcacaa ccccaaaggc aacctttatc catttcatgg 2940
tgagtgcgct ttagaatttt ggcaaatcat actggtcact tatctcaact ttgagatgtg 3000
tttgccttg tagttaattg aaagaaatag ggcactcttg tgagccactt taggggtcac 3060
tcctggcaat aaagaattta caaagagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 3112

```

<210> 469

<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

```

agctctttgt aaattcttta ttgccaggag tgaaccctaa agtggctcac aagagtgtcc 60
tatttctttc aattaactac aaggacaaac acatctcaaa gttgagataa gtgaccagta 120
tgatttgcca aaattctaaa gcgcactcac catgaaatgg ataaagggtta cctttgggga 180
tttgactgctc atgaattctg tgaaaaagctt gttggatatt gtgatagaga tagagaaatg 240
aagtatatta tataagatac tatgaggttc cctgcctttg cttcacatcc caggcttaca 300
aacgtgtccc ataaacattc cctctgtggc tcttgcatct catatattta tctaaactct 360
tataatcaaa tacactttta gtatttgctg tctcatgtga tgatgaatct catatgtgtc 420
ccttcttttg atgaagtaag atagtcaact tattcaaaac tttacatcat tctagattta 480
agagacaagg aagagcttct caggcagaag gaataatgta tgacctgacat gttcaaggaa 540
ttacaagtta gattttgttt aggtgcatgg gaggggttga tgggtgatgac agataaggct 600
ggaggggatgg ggagaggctg tggctgtata cagcctcagt acaaggctaa gcatttttaac 660
tttatactgg aaaaaaaaac aaacaaaggg gagggataaa ggacttagtc atctttgcac 720
tggaatacaa aatatgtaac taaattccca tagctgcatg taacattgaa tcttccagg 780
ttcaaaaaaa agttaatcct gtgatattaa tggaatgaca ttttgaggtc ttgagaatgg 840
gcacaaaagt gggaaatgaa tttcagtatg ggcaagaca ctgaggatga tgttgattag 900
ataattcact ccgtaatgat catgctgtgt gctagtaagt ataaccctgg aaagatcttg 960

```

```

agatgcttcc cagcctgttc acagatcccc tggggccagaa cactccttag gaaaaacagt 1020
cagctacata ttaggcagca acacgaaggg tctttgaaca aaatgagtaa tgttattcta 1080
cagtgtagaa aggtcacagt acagatctgg gaactaaata ttaaaaatga gtgtggctgg 1140
atatatggag aatgttgggc ccagaaggaa ccgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg 1200
ttttgagggg tagaaatatg aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttagg gcagcagggc 1260
cagaatcctg accctctgcc ccgtgggtat ctctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgtcat 1320
cacagtattc cattttgttt gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt 1380
tttctctca ttggtaatgc tcactttgtg acttcatttc aaatctgtaa tcccgttcaa 1440
ataaatatcc acaacaggat ctgttttctt gcccatcctt taaggaacac atcaattcat 1500
tttctaattg ccttccctca caagcgggac caggcacagg gcgaggctca tcgatgacct 1560
aagatggcgg ccgggcattt ctcccaggga tctctgtgct tctttttgtg ctctctgtgt 1620
gtgtggatat ttaaaggggc tggaaatgtg caaaaacatg tcactactta gacattatat 1680
tgtcatcttg ctgtttctag tgatgttaat tatctccatt tcagcagatg tgtggcctca 1740
gatggtaaag tcagcagcct ttcttatttc tcacctggaa atacatacga ccatttgagg 1800
agacaaatgg caaggtgtca gcataccctg aacttgagtt gagagctaca cacaatatta 1860
ttgggtttccg agcatcacia acacctcttc tgtttcttca ctgggcacag aattttaata 1920
cttatttcag tgggctgttg gcaggaacaa atgaagcaat ctacataaag tcactagtgc 1980
agtgcctgac acacaccatt ctcttgaggt cccctctaga gatccacag gtcatatgac 2040
ttcttgggga gcagtggctc acacctgtaa tcccagcact ttgggaggct gaggcaggtg 2100
ggtcacctga ggtcaggagt tcaagaccag cctggccaat atgggtgaaac cccatctcta 2160
ctaaaaatag aaaaattagc tgggcgtgct ggtgcatgcc tgtaatccca gcccacacac 2220
aatggaatt
2229

```

<210> 470

<211> 2426

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

```

gtaaattctt tattgccagg agtgaaccct aaagtggctc acaagagtgc cctatttctt 60
tcaattaaact acaaggacaa acacatctca aagttgagat aagtgaccag tatgatttgc 120
caaaattctta aagcgcactc accatgaaat ggataaagggt tacctttggg gatttgcact 180
gcatgaattc tgtgaaaagc ttgttgata tgatgagaa gatagagaaa tgaagtatat 240
tatataagat actatgaggt tccctgcctt tgcttcacat cccaggctta caaacgtgcc 300
ccataaacat tccctctgtg gctcttgcct ttcatatatt tatctaaact cttataatca 360
aattacactt ttagtatttg ctgtctcatg tgatgatgaa tctcatatgt gtcccttctt 420
tgcatgaagt aagatagtca acttattcaa aactttacat cattctagat ttaagagaca 480
aggaagagct tctcaggcag aaggaataat gtatgcctga catgttcaag gaattacaag 540
ttagattttg ttaggtgca tgggaggggt tgatggtgat gacagataag gctggaggga 600
tggggagagg ctgtggctgt atacagcctc agtacaaggc taagcatttt aactttatac 660
tggaaaaaaa atcaaacaaa ggggagggat aaaggactta gtcatctttg cactggaaaa 720
caaaatatgt aattaaattc ccatagctgc atgtaacatt gaattcttcc aggttaaaaa 780
aaaaagttaa tcctgtgata ttaatggaat gacattttga ggtcttgaga atgggcacaa 840
aagtgggaaa tgaatttcag tatgggcaaa gacactgagg atgatgttga ttagataatt 900
cactccgtaa tgatcatgct gtgtgctagt aagtataacc ctggaaagat cttgagatgc 960
tcccagcct gtccacagat cccctgggac agaacactcc ttaggaaaaa cagtcagcta 1020
catattaggg agcaacacga aggtctttg aacaaaatga gtaatgttat tctacagtgt 1080
agaaagggtca cagtacagat ctgggaacta aatattaaaa atgagtgtgg ctggatatat 1140
ggagaatgtt gggcccagaa ggaaccgtag agatcagata ttacaacagc tttgttttga 1200
gggttagaaa tatgaaatga tttggttatg aacgcacagt ttaggcagca gggccagaat 1260
cctgaccttc tgccccgtgg ttatctcttc cccagcttgg ctgcctcatg tcatcacagt 1320
attccatttt gtttgttgca tgtcttgtga agccatcaag attttctcgt ctgttttctt 1380
ctcatttgga atgtccactt tgtgacttca tttcaaactc gtaatcccgt tcaaataaat 1440
atccacaaca ggatctgttt tcctgcccac cctttaagga acacatcaat tcattttcta 1500
atgtccttcc ctcaacagc ggaccaggca cagggcaggt ctcatcgatg acccaagatg 1560

```

```

cgggccgggc attttctcca gggatctctg tgcttccctt tgtgttccct gtgtgtgtgg 1620
atattttaaag gggctggaaa tgtgcaaaaa catgtcacta cttagacatt atattgtcat 1680
cttgctgttt ctagtgatgt taattatctc catttcagca gatgtgtggc ctcagatggg 1740
aaagtcagca gcctttctta tttctcacct ggaaatacat acgaccattt gaggagacaa 1800
a:ggcaaggt gtcagcatat cctgaacttg agttgagagc tacacacaat attattgggt 1860
tccgagcatc acaaacaccc tctctgtttc ttcactgggc acagaatttt aatacttatt 1920
tcagtgggct gttggcagga acaaatgaag caatctacat aaagtcacta gtgcagtgcc 1980
tgacacacac cattctcttg aggtcccttc tagagatccc acaggtcata tgacttcttg 2040
gggagcagtg gctcacacct gtaatcccag cactttggga ggctgaggca ggtgggtcac 2100
ctgaggtcag gatttcaaga ccagcctggc caatatggtg aaaccccatc tctactaaaa 2160
atacaaaaat tagctgggcg tgctggtgca tgctgtaat ccagctact tgggaggtcg 2220
aggcaggaga attgctggaa catgggagc ggaggttgca gtgagctgta attgtgccat 2280
tgactctgaa cctgggcgac agagtggaa tctgtttcca aaaaacaaac aaacaaaaaa 2340
ggcatagtca gatacaacgt ggggtgggatg tgtaaataga agcaggatat aaagggcatg 2400
gggtgacggg tttgccaac acaatg
2426

```

<210> 471

<211> 812

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 471

```

gaacaaaatg agtaatgtta ttctacagt tagaaaaggc acagtacaga tctgggaact 60
aaatattaaa aatgagtgtg gctggatata tggagaatgt tgggccaga aggaaccgta 120
gagatcagat attacaacag ctttgttttg agggtagaa atatgaaatg atttggttat 180
gaacgcacag ttaggcagc agggccagaa tctgacct ctgcccgtg gttatctcct 240
ccccagcttg gctgcctcat gtcacacag tattccattt tggttggtgc atgtcttg 300
aagccatcaa gattttctcg tctgttttcc tctcattggg aatgctcact ttgtgacttc 360
atttcaaate tgtaatccc ttcaataaaa tatccacaac aggatctgtt tctctgccc 420
tcttttaagg aacacatcaa ttcattttct aatgtccttc cctcacaagc gggaccaggc 480
acagggcgag gctcatcgat gacccaagat ggcggccggg catttctccc agggatctct 540
gtgttccctt ttgtgcttcc tgtgtgtgtg gatattttaa ggggctggaa atgtgcaaaa 600
acatgtcact acttagacat tatattgtca tcttgctgtt tctagtgatg ttaattatct 660
ccatttcagc agatgtgtgg cctcagatgg taaagtcagc agcctttctt atttctcacc 720
tctgtatcat caggctcttc ccaccatgca gatcttctcg gtctccctcg gctgcagcca 780
cacaaatctc ccctctgttt ttctgatgcc ag
812

```

<210> 472

<211> 515

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(515)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 472

```

acggagactt attttctgat attgtctgca tatgtatgtt ttttaagagtc tggaaatagt 60
cttatgactt tctatcatg cttattaata aataatacag cccagagaag atgaaaatgg 120
gttccagaat tattggctct tgcagcccgg tgaatctcag caagaggaa caccaactga 180
caatcaggat attgaacctg gacaagagag agaaggaaca cctccgatcg aagaacgtaa 240
agtagaagggt gattgccagg aatggatctt ggaagagact cggagtggagc gtggagatgg 300
ctctgatgta aaagagaaga ctccaccta tcttaagcat gctaagacta aagaagcagg 360
agatgggcag ccataagtta aaaagaagac aagctgaagc tacacacatg gctgatgtca 420

```

cattgaaaat gtgactgaaa atttgaaaat tctctcaata aagtttgagt tttctctgaa 480
gaaaaaaaaa naaaaaaaaa aaanaaaaan aaaaa 515